

Charge of the light brigade

THE



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Cash battles come out into the open

By Philip Webster, Chief Political Correspondent

The Cabinet battle over public spending burst into the open yesterday as the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr Nigel Lawson, and the Conservative Party chairman, Mr Norman Tebbit, delivered forthright calls for further reductions in taxation.

In a Commons debate on the economy and unemployment, Mr Lawson described the reduction of the burden of taxation as a moral duty and said: "This is no time for a change of policy."

Addressing the annual Conservative women's conference in London, Mr Tebbit repeated that the Government's aim was to achieve zero inflation and said: "Taxation should be cut further."

With the Prime Minister, Mr Lawson and Mr Tebbit are the Cabinet's most prominent advocates of tax-cutting and opponents of the growing hand of ministers who have been calling for more spending on housing, health and education to reverse the slide in the Government's popularity.

Their message is likely to be reinforced by Mrs Margaret Thatcher in her speech to the women's conference today.

Yesterday in the Commons she told a Conservative back-bencher that additional expenditure had to be matched by economies elsewhere, a remark Mr Lawson said was directed to some of her colleagues.

But it was the tone of Mr Lawson's speech which most struck Conservative MPs, particularly those who have been calling for higher public spending.

It was clear from his speech that Mr Lawson is determined not to allow the Secretary of State for Education and Science, Mr Kenneth Baker, automatically to have the extra £1 billion or more that he is seeking in the imminent spending discussions.

It was noted that he had specifically mentioned education when talking about the need to achieve better value for money out of the sums of money spent by local and central government.

He said the latest figures showed that taxpayers and ratepayers in Britain spent

The Chancellor yesterday: "If we fail to control public expenditure it will not be a question of how much the burden of taxation on ordinary families can be reduced. It will be a question of how much it is to go up."

about 20 per cent more a pupil than they did in Japan and 50 per cent more than in France.

"Yet this is manifestly not reflected in what parents rightly care about, standards and values and the child's preparation for the real world of tomorrow," he said.

The Chancellor added: "We need to continue the process of reducing the burden of taxation not just as a social service but as a moral duty and an essential means of

improving our national economic performance."

Mr Lawson accepted the need for a "keen sense of priorities" with public spending, reflecting the Treasury's line that if there are to be big increases on some items that can take place only within the planned totals of spending.

He said: "If increased public expenditure were the remedy for all our ills the voters might be tempted to support those who have always maintained this to be so. It is not so, as bitter experience should have taught us."

The Chancellor said that people on middle incomes were still paying too much tax. But he added that no one should take tax cuts for granted.

He repeated his optimistic assessment of the prospects for industry, but both he and Mr Tebbit said that excessive wage demands could damage the chances of grasping the opportunities ahead.

"Mr Lawson said it was a 'moment of opportunity' for industry. Inflation had come down sharply, the pattern of exchange rates was more favourable and world markets were about to expand again as the benefits of the oil price falls flowed through."

But he added: "Whether that opportunity is successfully grasped or largely dissipated will depend on management's determination to control their labour costs — the Achilles' heel of the economy."



Brave Derby outlook

The sky's the limit for Dancing Brave, the Derby favourite, as he limbers up with his stable lad, Brian Graham, on the Epsom Downs in readiness for today's £239,260 classic. Greiville Starkey, his big-race jockey, wears a confident smile as he looks forward to seeking a second Derby success on Khaled Abdulla's unbeaten colt, who has been the subject of heavy support during the last few days.

Guy Harwood, Dancing Brave's trainer, also has another unbeaten contender in

Alex Milford, who will be ridden by the Texan Cash Assmussen, champion jockey in France last season. Second favourite in the betting is Shahrestani, owned by the Aga Khan, trained by Michael Stoute and ridden by Walter Swinburn, who were associated with the ill-fated 1981 winner, Shergar.

The one withdrawal yesterday from the 17-strong field was Bakharoff, who has been re-routed to Sunday's French Derby. (Photographs: Harry Kerr)

Preview, A to Z guide Page 36.



Hippies face new court bans

By Craig Seton

Land owners on the Longford Estates near Salisbury, Wiltshire, were given permission in the High Court yesterday to seek an order keeping the hippy convoy off their land.

The 26 trustees and tenants of the estate are seeking to evict a breakaway group of about 12 travellers who settled on land known as Great Vews near the village of Odstock, Wiltshire, on Monday.

Their fear is that if the Forestry Commission successfully evicts the main body of the 300-strong convoy from the Stoney Cross Plain beauty spot, near Southampton, Hampshire, they may try to join the group already on their land.

At a brief private hearing, Mr Justice Alford granted them leave for an emergency hearing of their application at 2pm today to have the travellers evicted.

At another brief private hearing, Mr Justice Alford cleared the way for the Forestry Commission to seek the eviction of the hippy convoy from Stoney Cross Plain. He gave the Commission leave to seek possession of the site on a restored wartime aerodrome where the convoy set up a new "village" on Sunday.

Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, told MPs in the Commons that there were strong arguments against making simple trespass a criminal offence. But he announced that the Home Office was holding talks with the police, the National Farmers' Union and the Country Landowners Association to discuss whether the law needed to be further strengthened and, if so,

Continued on page 20, col 8

Breach of Salt 2 denied by envoy

By Nicholas Ashford, Diplomatic Correspondent

Mr Leonid Zamyatin, the new Soviet Ambassador to Britain, yesterday denied American charges that Moscow had violated the Salt 2 agreement, urged Britain to take the initiative in reactivating talks on a comprehensive nuclear test ban treaty, and indicated that Moscow was prepared to reach agreements on a number of arms control issues, including one that would eliminate medium-range missiles from Europe, at the next Reagan-Gorbachev summit.

Addressing a press conference at the Soviet Embassy yesterday — the second since his arrival in London little more than a month ago — Mr Zamyatin attempted to exorcise the divisions which have developed between the US and its Nato partners over Salt 2 by lambasting President Reagan, whom he accused of "opening the floodgates for an uncontrolled arms race."

He also sought to build on the goodwill engendered by the visit to the Soviet Union by a Parliamentary delegation led by Lord Whiteclaw, which returned to Britain on Monday, by paying tribute to Anglo-Soviet co-operation and placing heavy emphasis on the influence Britain has with the US.

The central part of the press conference was a detailed rebuttal of American charges that the Soviet Union was violating the Salt 2 accord — the reason President Reagan gave for his decision to pull out of the arms limitation accord later this year.

He said that, in accordance with Salt limits, the Soviet Union had reduced its total of strategic nuclear missiles and heavy bombers first to 2,400 and then to 2,200.

He denied US claims that the true size of the Soviet strategic arsenal had risen to 2,520.

He also denied that Moscow was violating a treaty provision banning the coding of messages emitted during missile testing which allow the other side to verify if the accord is being adhered to.

He blamed Washington for keeping the dispute over coding — known officially as encrypting telemetry — "artificially unresolved" by refusing to take up a Soviet proposal to set out what information should be coded.

Mr Zamyatin rejected American assertions that the construction of a big new radar station at Krushchovsk in Siberia was a violation of the 1972 Anti-Ballistic Missile treaty.

He said its purpose was to track objects in outer space. He accused the US of breaching the treaty by developing a new phased-array radar station in Greenland.

Mr Zamyatin frequently referred to the Soviet Union's unilateral moratorium on nuclear testing and urged Britain to help reconvene the unratified comprehensive test ban talks which the Americans broke off in 1982.

Despite Soviet anger over Salt 2, Mr Zamyatin gave the impression that a Reagan-Gorbachev summit was still likely later this year.

WASHINGTON — Scientists from the Soviet Union and the United States have agreed to set up monitoring stations in both countries to show that compliance with a proposed comprehensive nuclear test ban treaty could be verified, a private US environmental group said yesterday (Reuters reports).

Virgin declares summer fare war

By Alan Hamilton

A summer air fares war across the North Atlantic appeared to have been declared yesterday with the announcement by Mr Richard Branson that his Virgin Atlantic airline was seeking approval for a £56 single fare from London to New York. If granted, it will be in real terms the cheapest scheduled fare ever offered between Britain and the United States.

Mr Branson made his announcement in response to his rival American-owned People Express airline, which made it known on Monday that it had sought clearance from the Civil Aviation Authority for a £66 transatlantic single fare. The authority is expected to give its decision next week; if the fares are granted, other airlines are likely to follow suit.

Both Virgin and People Express intend to offer the cheap seats to the first 30 seats sold on any flight.

The price-cutting is being seen as a marketing exercise on one of the world's most intensely competitive routes, rather than a response to falling oil prices. Last year a record 6.9 million passengers travelled from British airports to North American destinations, an increase of 400,000 on 1984. This year a weak dollar has made the United States an attractive holiday destination for Britons, but traffic in the opposite direction has been hit by American fears of terrorism.

Virgin Atlantic and People Express are already in direct competition; last year both offered a £99 single fare between Gatwick and Newark, New Jersey.

Mr Branson said yesterday: "We believe in a simple low fare, high-quality product for all without the gimmicks of a few tickets used as a shop-window display. Still, if People Express are going to play silly games, then we don't believe in being undercut."

Mr Timothy Burke, People Express manager for the UK and Belgium, said yesterday: "There is no question that, day in and day out, we are the lowest price carrier across the Atlantic. Our £66 application applies to the one minor area where we were not the cheapest, and that is the 21-day advance booking fare."

Continued page 2, col 4.

Paper blaze gang sought

By Michael Horsnell and Gavin Bell

Detectives investigating a £7 million arson attack at a News International newspaper warehouse in south-east London were today hunting at least three men whom they believe may have doused the building with petrol before igniting it with firebombs.

Mr Bruce Matthews, the group's managing director, said he believed the culprits were involved with printers in dispute with the company and announced that News International was offering a £50,000 reward for information leading directly to their arrest and conviction.

As firemen continued to fight the blaze yesterday, Mr Matthews received the latest in a series of death threats from an anonymous caller who told his secretary: "That was a well organized job last night, wasn't it? Tell him he'll be the next to burn."

Several executives of the company have been escorted by bodyguards for the past two months after receiving similar threats.

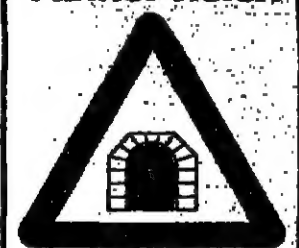
The 100 sq m L-shaped number 18 shed at Conroy's Wharf, Deptford, which had contained 10,000 tonnes of newspaper, was still burning fiercely at its centre 24 hours after the blaze erupted. The corrugated tin roof collapsed into the modern building after steel support girders had buckled in the inferno.

Scientists from the police fire investigation unit are examining the theory that one man may have forced his way into the shed shortly before the attack and poured petrol over the huge rolls of tightly packed paper.

A source close to the investigation said that rolls of newspaper were as difficult to ignite as solid blocks of wood, but once a surface sheet was alight it released combustible gases that rapidly spread the fire. "It had to have been a methodical job," he said.

Descriptions of the gang have been given by two women witnesses to detectives at Greenwich police station and photo-fit pictures are expected to be issued. Lists of printers who were dismissed by News International in January after going on strike are expected to be examined, but police have not ruled out the possibility

Tomorrow The Channel Tunnel vision



Will the Channel Tunnel provide a bridgehead to Europe or prove an unrelenting drain on the taxpayer?

Portfolio Gold

● The £4,000 prize in The Times Portfolio Gold competition was won outright yesterday by Mr Adrian Robinson of Acton, West London.

● There is £4,000 to be won again today.

Portfolio list, page 26; rules and how to play, information service, page 20.

Nasa blamed

The Rogers Commission has reportedly concluded that the explosion of the shuttle Challenger was caused by years of failure and negligence by senior Nasa officials. Page 20

Student attack

A law lecturer who was assaulted by five students as part of a rag week "prank" has criticized a polytechnic's attitude to what he termed organized violence. Page 3

Sanctions plea

South Africa urged the Commonwealth Eminent Persons Group to make another visit before deciding whether to recommend economic sanctions, but the group is unlikely to agree. Page 8

On This Day

The Derby of 1896 was the first of three to be won by the Prince of Wales and only the third royal win since the race was founded in 1780. Page 15

Home News	2-5	Leaders	15
Overseas	7-11	Letters	15
Arts	19	Law Report	27
Birds, deaths	19	Parliament	4
Marriages	18	Property	32,33
Business	21-26	Sale Room	18
Chess	18	Science	18
Court	18	Sport	34-38
Crosswords	12-28	TV & Radio	39
Diary	44	Weather	39

NHS chief quits 'untenable job'

By Nicholas Timmins, Social Services Correspondent

The Government's drive to introduce general management throughout the National Health Service received a severe setback yesterday when Mr Victor Paige, chairman of the NHS management board, resigned his £70,000-a-year post, with half his three-year contract to run.

He made it clear that different priorities between himself and Mr Norman Fowler, Secretary of State for Social Services, had made the job untenable, and that progress in introducing the sweeping changes needed has been too slow.

In his letter of resignation, Mr Paige said: "Ministers and the chairman of the management board can approach the same issue with different perspectives, priorities, objectives and restraints. The conclusions are not always compatible. Also there are always others in the action, or trying to be."

"Within my remit that makes for difficulties in working to the management standards and style to which I am committed. I have brought this to your notice on several occasions."

Mr Paige said that his resignation should not bring comfort to anyone in the NHS opposed to the introduction of the new general managers. "The issues it relates to are about the nature and urgency of decision, not management concept. My commitment to the introduction of general management remains undiminished. It is vital for the NHS."

He listed as key issues that had to be addressed "improving employee commitment and motivation, more devolution to health authorities within clearly defined standards of accountability and monitoring, the implementation of more effective financial management and planning, and creating a high awareness of the importance of consumer and quality care."

The precise cause of Mr Paige's decision to go is unclear.

Post chief hopeful of avoiding strike action

By Robin Young

Sir Ron Dearing, the Post Office chairman, and Mr Alan Tiffin, general secretary of the Union of Communication Workers, spent all yesterday in search of a solution to the postal dispute.

Sir Ron said that he was more hopeful that a national strike could be avoided.

The eight hours of talks followed discussions on Monday.

The union was continuing with its balloting of 20,000 members in 11 sorting offices where new work roles which triggered the dispute in Leeds

are due to be introduced within the next few weeks.

During the day postal workers in Yorkshire, where the unofficial strike action is principally centred, became involved in a confusing stop-start pattern. Newly affected centres included Chesterfield and Worksop, while overtime bans were brought into operation in Scarborough, Bridlington and Whitby. The strike continued in Leeds.

The Post Office said last night that 20 centres were now on strike and more than one-and-a-half-million addresses were not receiving mail.

561 escape in 50ft Jumbo air miss

By Our Foreign Staff

A British Airways jet carrying 375 people narrowly avoided colliding with a Scandinavian plane near Iceland on Monday, when air traffic controllers in Reykjavik put both aircraft on the same course.

The incident occurred over the North Atlantic flight path, when the BA Boeing 747, flying from London to Seattle and Vancouver, spotted an SAS DC8 50 feet below it and 200 feet to the right.

The BA Jumbo jet and the SAS airliner, carrying 186 passengers and crew, were cruising at an altitude of 33,000 feet.

"It is not clear whether it was a human or technical error," said a spokesman for SAS in Copenhagen.

BA said its flight continued as scheduled and the pilot registered an "air miss" when he arrived at his destination.

The Civil Aviation Authority said near collisions were very rare.

Dame Anna Neagle dies aged 81

By Robin Young

Dame Anna Neagle, the actress, died yesterday in the Surrey nursing home to which she went for rest after her last stage role, as the Fairy Godmother in the London Palladium's Christmas pantomime, *Cinderella*. She was 81.

In a few days' time she was due to have celebrated her sixty-second year in show business, having started as a dancer in the revues of the 1920s.

Dame Anna had been the star of more hit West End stage musicals, plays and films than many people are privileged to see, let alone perform in.

She also introduced the bossa nova dance to Great Britain and for years set the nation an example of physical fitness by taking a cold bath every day and following a rigorous regime of exercises.

Starting with Des O'Connor and Paul Nicholas, she gave two shows a day for three months in *Cinderella*, but, although she seemed radiant on stage, the effort left her physically exhausted and her doctors ordered her to rest.

A friend said yesterday: "Then it seems she just gave up. She just faded away and it seemed to happen in the last 24 hours. She had not been ill apart from the physical exhaustion diagnosed by her doctors."

Dame Anna had vowed that she would never retire while people were willing to employ her. On her eightieth birthday she said: "I have been overwhelmed by the generosity and love of the public, and if they still want to see me on stage, then I will be there."

Mrs Odette Hallowes, the French resistance heroine whom Dame Anna portrayed in one of her most dramatic roles, said yesterday: "Her life has gone but her star will shine brightly for a long time to come."

"I knew her for more than 35 years and she was the sister I would love to have had. I admired her graciousness, modesty, courage and loyalty, and I am very proud to have been her friend."

Mr Louis Benjamin, president of Stoll Moss Theatres, the owner of the London Palladium and producer of the pantomime that was Dame Anna's last show, said: "We have lost part of the great British theatre. Entertainment has suffered a great loss. People of her calibre are very rare, and the loss is irreparable."

Obituary, page 18

Tough task for Scots

Scotland play their first game in the World Cup finals today, against Denmark at Neza, a suburb of Mexico City, in Group E, generally regarded as the toughest of the six preliminary pools.

The Scots, who have never fulfilled their footballing potential in previous World

Cups, must finish in the top two of their group, which also includes Uruguay and West Germany, to ensure reaching the second round.

Alex Ferguson, the Scotland manager, is still considering what playing formation his team will use.

David Miller, Page 40

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the quality scotch

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Lecturer in 'rag' attack condemns polytechnic for organized violence

By Lucy Hodges, Education Correspondent

A law lecturer who was attacked by five students as part of a rag week prank at North East London Polytechnic has criticized the college's attitude to what she termed organized violence.

Miss Pamela Symes, aged 37, a former research fellow at Lucy Cavendish College, Cambridge, said she is in constant pain and had not worked since the assault last term.

Her injuries, including severe back whiplash, for which she is receiving twice-weekly physiotherapy, and a damaged nerve in her arm, which causes pins and needles in the arm and fingers, have forced her to cancel a book contract.

A London University law professor, who is acquainted with the case but wished to remain anonymous, said: "In any other context this would be seen as a vicious attack, a mugging. I personally feel that the polytechnic has behaved quite appallingly."

Mr Robert Rhodes James, Conservative MP for Cambridge, said yesterday that he was shocked by the case and would be taking it up with Mr Kenneth Baker, Secretary of State for Education and Science.

It was revealed this week that four students still at the polytechnic were given a formal warning and the student union was fined £200 for the attack. The fifth person involved was a former law student.

The students, wearing balaclavas and combat gear, were allegedly commissioned by other students to carry out the rag week attack as members of a so-called "hit squad".

Miss Symes, who is married with four children, said that the attack took place after the

students burst into a lecture theatre on March 20. "My arms were grabbed and I was struck violently in the face and everything went black. They thrust a substance into my eyes, and while I was struggling with that, four of them were simultaneously hitting me. I was pushed to the back of the room and then dragged forward again."

"It was all very quick and frightening, and when the attack was over a fifth person with a camera took a flash photograph of me. It only took about 12 seconds but in that space of time they managed to inflict quite a lot of damage."

She said that the reaction of her students indicated the attack was premeditated. She had called out twice for help before a student led her to the cloakroom, where she had helped her to clean up and pointed out red marks on her face and the back of her neck.

Miss Symes said that she had returned to the lecture hall in a state of shock and asked those who had prior knowledge of the attack to speak up. "Nobody admitted anything but clearly a number of them were expecting the 'hit' to take place."

Other staff members were horrified by the attack and the law department had withdrawn its labour for a week. Miss Symes was seen by a doctor the same night but the injuries did not begin to show properly until the next day, when she suffered swelling and severe pain. Five days later she had a full examination by a physiotherapist.

His report said that she had been repeatedly slapped about the face and hit in the abdomen, breasts and kidneys. Miss Symes said: "I could hardly move. There was pain

the length of my spine, my left arm was extremely sore and there was constant streaming from my left eye, with a continual headache."

She was later referred to a hospital neurosurgeon.

Miss Symes said she did not know why she had been singled out for the attack. She described it as a criminal assault which should have been treated as such.

"I am very concerned at the extent of organized violence which exists within the polytechnic and has been condoned by the authorities. I understand this is not the first year of 'hit squad' activities."

There have been numerous attacks on students and lecturers in this and other years.

"Students are not above the criminal law. There should not be one law for youths in Brixton and another for students in an institution of higher education," she said.

She added that the polytechnic had taken two months to deal with the students involved in the attack, that summary proceedings were brought rather than disciplinary proceedings before a committee, and that she was not called to give evidence.

The students had remained at large on the campus and were able to take their examinations. Miss Symes said that the polytechnic put pressure on her not to go to the police, but she had eventually done so. They had allowed the college to pursue the affair itself.

Miss Symes's husband, Dr Hew Strachan, dean of Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, has written to North East London Polytechnic to protest at the way in which the affair was handled. "I would hope that at Cambridge all this



Miss Pamela Symes, a law lecturer, who was attacked by students in a rag week stunt (Photograph: Dod Miller).

would have been resolved with considerably greater expedition. I also think that, given the gravity of the offence, the assaults could have expected much stiffer punishment."

Mr Peter Toyns, deputy rector of the polytechnic, said yesterday that the incident had been treated seriously and with all urgency. "But it was an event that took place in rag week. It was a rag week stunt that may have gone wrong. We have done all we could to identify the students and punish them."

Satellite TV boost to bookies' image

By Bill Johnstone
Technology Correspondent

Thousands of high street bookmakers are preparing to introduce a £50 million satellite television service which will give punters live coverage of a large range of sporting events on which they can gamble. It is part of the bookmakers' attempts to make betting shops more attractive.

The final details are being refined by Satellite Racing Development — a consortium composed of Mecca, William Hill, Coral and Ladbrokes — and British Telecom, which will be responsible for developing, installing and operating the network.

The service will begin under trial in the autumn and be fully operational by the end of the year.

The recent relaxation in law has allowed television sets and other amenities, such as soft drinks, to be made available in betting shops.

The consortium plan will require permission from the Racecourse Association. Others will compete for the right to offer a service to the bookies.

Each shop will have a satellite antenna — a dish about 1.3 m in diameter — pointing towards a satellite. The television pictures from each event will be fed to a London studio then beamed via satellite to the high street shops to be displayed on colour television sets. Other information, such as betting prices, will be transmitted by telephone to a central computer based at the same London headquarters. That information will be flashed by satellite to the shops and displayed on videotext sets.

Within 18 months about 8,000 of Britain's betting shops are expected to be on the new network.

Police framed man for Tory bomb, QC says

Police officers framed a man for the Brighton bombing in an attempt to retrieve their credibility, it was alleged at the Central Criminal Court yesterday.

Mr Richard Ferguson, QC, a defence counsel, said that the police selected his client, Patrick Magee, aged 35, to be "the villain of the piece".

He accused them of checking that Mr Magee had no cast-iron alibi then planting his fingerprints on a registration card at the Grand Hotel, Brighton, where a bomb exploded in October 1984 killing five people attending the Conservative Party conference.

Mr Ferguson, making his closing speech on the nineteenth day of Mr Magee's trial, said that the allegation was not one he made lightly.

"Certainly it is an allegation which might invoke little favour were it made in an ordinary case. But this is no ordinary case. You had an entire police force under pressure."

"You can imagine the future which followed this bomb: Whose fault was it, what about the security?"

"You may think the only way the police could redeem

themselves was to find someone as a defendant and to charge him or her with the bombing."

"There was no other way they could retrieve their credibility. That, we say, is what happened and Magee was the likely suspect."

Mr Ferguson told the jury: "The question is whether you are sure that Patrick Magee was the Brighton bomber, not just for today but for the future, and whether you have the courage and integrity to prevent his name going down in history as the Brighton bomber."

Mr Magee is accused of planting the device in room 629 at the Grand Hotel a month before it went off, causing the explosion and killing the five people who died.

He and four others are charged with plotting to cause explosions in London and other towns last summer.

The other defendants are Gerard McDonnell, aged 34, Peter Sherry, aged 30, Martina Anderson, aged 23, and Ella O'Dwyer, aged 26. All plead not guilty.

The trial continues today.

Boy found dying 'had many dog-bite marks'

A boy's love of animals may have led to his death, an inquest at Loughborough, Leicestershire, was told.

David Clarke, aged seven, who was found dying in a snow-covered field near his home in Wymerwood Road, Holton, last February, had "severe and numerous" dog-bite marks. Sitting next to him was a boxer puppy.

North Leicestershire Coroner, said that there was a great deal which was still unexplained and for that reason he would record an open verdict.

Dr Dennis Bouche, a consultant pathologist, said that casts taken of the boxer's jaw and those of two other boxers showed clearly that two of the dogs had bitten the boy.

Death was due to exposure in sub-zero temperatures.

Home prices rise by 5%

By Richard Lander

Falling mortgage rates, rising real incomes and the advent of the traditional spring buying season pushed house prices up by a full 5 per cent in the past three months, the fastest increase for almost six years, the Halifax Building Society said yesterday.

The Halifax House Price Index also showed that the average house now costs £37,800, 11 per cent more than a year ago. That far outstrips the Retail Price Index which rose 3 per cent in the year to April.

House inflation was even

higher in the more prosperous South, with prices in Greater London rising 20 per cent in the past year and dwellings in the South-east becoming 16.1 per cent more expensive.

Although the Halifax started its index only in 1983, the Building Societies Association said that the 5 per cent quarterly rise was the greatest since the autumn of 1979, when a 6.7 per cent increase was registered.

Yesterday's figures were released two days after the main building societies cut their mortgage rates from 12 to 11

per cent, reducing monthly repayments on a £25,000 mortgage taken out over 25 years by £11.89 a month.

Stiff competition in recent months between building societies and banks to attract new mortgage customers has also led to incentives such as lower interest rates for the first year being offered.

The Halifax and the association expect the house price surge to survive the spring moving period and are forecasting an overall 10-11 per cent increase in house inflation for 1986.

Brave policeman to go back to his old beat

George Hammond, the police constable who survived after being stabbed with a 12-inch butcher's knife, has won his battle to return to work.

Next Monday he will rejoin his colleagues at East Dulwich police station.

He was stabbed 17 months ago by a thief aged 17 at a sweet shop and was given 300 pints of blood, a kidney transplant and a new heart valve.

PC Hammond admitted yesterday that he often thought he would never be able to return, but added: "I need to get back to work, although it is probably a bit soon. My legs and my stomach still aren't quite right."

"The surgeon said my stomach is like Clapham Junction and there is a lot missing, but the doctors are quite happy about me going back to work."

PC Hammond, aged 49, was in Central London yesterday to help to promote Radio London's Bloodline campaign to attract new blood donors.

He presented the campaign's 5,000th donor, Angela Lloyd, aged 21, of Uxbridge, west London, with a commemorative goblet.

"People should give blood," he said. "You never know when you might need it yourself."

Police Constable George Hammond yesterday with (left) Angela Lloyd, a blood donor, and WPC Judy Holder (Photograph: Ros Drinkwater).

Attack on tobacco warnings

By Nicholas Thomas
Social Services Correspondent

A Bill to place health warnings on the front and back of cigarette packets and in prominent positions on all other tobacco products has been tabled in Parliament by Mr Archie Kirkwood, the Liberal health spokesman.

The Bill has the support of the British Medical Association which is backing five separate attempts to tighten legislation on tobacco health warnings, advertising and promotion.

Mr Kirkwood said yesterday that the warnings should state bluntly that cigarettes cause lung cancer, heart disease and bronchitis, not simply that they "can" cause such diseases as described in the six health warnings recently agreed upon by the Department of Health and the tobacco industry.

He said that with 100,000 premature deaths and 50 million working days lost each year through smoking, and 40 per cent of people aged 16 smoking against just over 30 per cent of adults, "people have to be given the information they require to enable them to make an objective choice about smoking."

Health warnings on packets were now so familiar their value was diminished, he said.



Patricia Neal

The Oscar-winning film star, at the height of her career, was struck by a serious stroke and is now restored to a fully active life as an actress and in community work. She flew from America to launch the National Stroke Campaign this week.



Barbara Woodhouse

The dog trainer and TV personality, with characteristic determination, set about rehabilitating herself after the stroke she suffered in 1984. She is working enthusiastically for the National Stroke Campaign and is appealing particularly for support from dog lovers.



Cliff Morgan

The great Welsh Rugby International fought back to a notable career in TV and radio after suffering a stroke in 1972. He has featured in a most moving film about stroke and is one of the Campaign's most active supporters.

STROKES

STROKES

WITHOUT WARNING

IT'S COMMON

100,000 people in the United Kingdom suffer a stroke every year

IT'S KILLING

One death in six is due to stroke or its consequences

IT'S DISABLING

There are more than 150,000 disabled stroke survivors in Britain

IT'S NEGLECTED

About half of all strokes can be prevented. Only 0.5% of the money spent on cancer research and 2.5% of that spent on heart research is devoted to stroke research

IT'S TREATABLE

The right treatment in the right place at the right time can greatly improve the quality of life for stroke sufferers. Money is urgently needed for research into the prevention and treatment of stroke, for the establishment of specialist units for the rehabilitation of stroke patients and for the rapid expansion of CHSA's Volunteer Stroke Scheme and the national network of Stroke Clubs. Just about everyone knows somebody who has had a stroke or someone who is disabled from a stroke.

HELP US TO HELP THEM

National Stroke Campaign

of The Chest, Heart & Stroke Association
Tavistock House North, Tavistock Square, London WC1H 9JE. Telephone: 01-387 3012

Registered Charity No 211015

To The Chest, Heart & Stroke Association, Tavistock House North, Tavistock Square, London WC1H 9JE

AT A STROKE you can help — make a donation, legacy or covenant

☐ I should like to give £
as my donation to National Stroke Campaign.
I enclose a cheque/Access/Barclaycard No.
☐ Please send me covenant details and information about the campaign.

☐ I should like to remember the National Stroke Campaign in my will. Please send me an approved form of wording.
☐ I should like to organise a local fund raising event for the National Stroke Campaign. Please send me suggestions and support material.
☐ Tick this box if a receipt is not required.

Name _____ Signed _____

Address _____

R.S.V.P.
Remember Stroke Victims Please

PARLIAMENT JUNE 3 1986

Hippy convoy

Chancellor's warning

Tin crisis

Government willing to consider change in law on trespass

CONVOY

If the law on trespass was inadequate the Government would consider amending it, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said during Commons questions when asked about the hippy "peace convoy" which on Monday was camped on common land in the New Forest.

She said she shared the distaste expressed with the whole matter. There was loud laughter when she told MPs that a social security officer was attached to the peace convoy to prevent fraudulent benefit claims.

She was replying to Mr James Spicer (West Dorset, C) who had asked her to join with him in praising the Dorset police for the firm but fair way they had handled the so-called peace convoy at the weekend.

Most people are puzzled (he added) that such trespass and such disruption on our highways can be allowed to continue. Mr Andrew MacKay (East Berkshire, C) while I am delighted that she will look at the question of trespass and the law, is she satisfied that the law is being obeyed to the extent that benefits are being properly paid to these hippies?

Is she satisfied their children are being properly educated under the law and satisfied health legislation is being properly enacted in respect of them? Mrs Thatcher: Police powers on vehicles and registrations is wholly a matter for the police. On the benefits they are receiving, so that there should be no possibility of fraud or that they appear at one benefit office having got benefit at another, there is a social security officer attached to them to see that duplication does not occur. (Laughter)

Yes, I had exactly the same reaction as MPs when I read that, but then I was told there was a tendency for them to apply to one office, go on to another and also to apply, and the social security thought it important to take action to avoid that.

If the Prime Minister's assurance about a possible change in the law was repeated later by Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, when he answered a private question about the hippy "peace convoy".

Changes to the law - on top of those recently made, and others proposed for the near future - were needed (he said) the Government would not hesitate to make them.

The Lord Chancellor (Lord Hailsham of St Marylebone) was urgently considering how the civil law might be streamlined to allow more speedy recovery of land under such

circumstances. The convoy was anything but peaceful.

It resembles (he went on) a band of medieval brigands, with no respect for the law and the rights of others.

Mr Hurd told MPs that the Public Order Bill now before Parliament would further strengthen police powers over threatening behaviour and disorderly conduct when committed on private land.

However, there were strong arguments against making simple trespass a criminal offence. No one wanted to criminalize rambles walking across a field, or genuine gypsies.

The Government was discussing with the police, the National Farmers' Union and the Country Landowners' Association whether further strengthening of the law was required and, if it was, what form it should take.

No one should underestimate the difficulties of policing the convoy. The convoy was not entitled to special treatment or exemptions simply because its members wished to contract out of their responsibilities as citizens.

Mr Patrick McNair-Wilson (New Forest, C) said this large



McNair-Wilson: Why can they not be got off the road?

unusually and anarchic group, which had been in existence in one form or another for many years, travelled with their own legal advisers in vehicles, many of which were untaxed, untested and uninsured.

Why could not action be taken to get them off the road? Passing the problem from his constituents to someone else was no answer.

What was going to be done to break up this group into a manageable size? Mr Hurd agreed that it was not enough to speed the so-called peace convoy on its way without regard to their law-breaking activities.

However, the law as it stood meant that the police had no power to prevent the further movement of these vehicles. Mr Paddy Ashdown (Yeovil, L) wanted to know why the Government had failed to respond to the request by Somerset County Council, a year ago, as

to where responsibility for the matter rested.

The Government's indecision had left the police with a law that was unenforceable or inadequate and farmers with a major threat to their livelihood (Conservative protest).

Would Mr Hurd grasp the need to provide the police with the resources they needed to enforce the law? (Loud Conservative protest).

Would he strengthen the law on trespass in relation to mass trespass with vehicles?

The Government should provide facilities for the convoy so that their freedom did not impinge on the freedom of others.

Mr Hurd said if any additional powers were required, the Government would not hesitate to introduce them.

Mr Hurd said he was not sure an independent inquiry would do good. In seeking a solution it was essential to have a cooling-off period. He called for an independent inquiry to report, in days not months, on what had happened. The travellers must not battle their way to Stonehenge this year because that would lead to more trouble.

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Salt 2 should be observed

ARMS CONTROL

It was important that the Salt 2 agreement continue to be observed by both the Soviet Union and the United States, Mrs Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said in the Commons. President Reagan was in fact observing Salt 2, she added, and leaving the door open for the Soviet Union to comply, too.

She was replying to Mr Roy Hattersley, Deputy Leader of the Opposition, who said she was humiliating Britain by always dancing to the President's tune. Thatcher dismissed as utter nonsense.

Mr Hattersley asked: What pressure does the Prime Minister propose to exert on President Reagan to persuade him not to abandon the Salt 2 agreement and thus jeopardise the prospects of an autumn summit?

Mrs Thatcher: We regard it as important that the Salt 2 agreement continue to be observed by both sides. When President Reagan gave warning that unless the Soviet Union complied with Salt 2 he would make different arrangements from November, at the same time he

disrupted two possible submarine agreements with Salt 2. We wish it still to be regarded on both sides and hope it will continue to be so.

Mr Hattersley: Will she answer the question? (Conservative shouts of: She did!) Does she believe that the President would abandon Salt 2, or that what I think she calls the Russian case to answer is itself a justification for abrogation?

Mrs Thatcher: He will never say anything about the Soviet Union - (Labour protest) - never, never, never. I make it clear I hope Salt 2 will continue to be observed on both sides. First, Mr Hattersley has just observed Salt 2 by dismantling and breaking up two possible submarine agreements with Salt 2. I hope both sides will continue to observe it.

Mr Hattersley: The House and the country know perfectly well why she will not give a straight answer to that question. Why does she humiliate herself and this country by always dancing to President Reagan's tune? Does she not think, in the matter of world peace, she has a duty to speak for this country rather than wish to be told what to say by the President of the United States?

Mrs Thatcher: He is talking utter nonsense. I hope Salt 2 will continue to be observed. The US at present is observing Salt 2 by dismantling two possible submarine agreements. It is leaving the door open for the Soviet Union to come to compliance with Salt 2 and I hope it will. There is a clear opportunity for the Soviet Union to respond positively.

Dr David Owen, Leader of the SDP: How can President Reagan expect Mr Gorbachev to visit him in Washington in December if in November he has increased the number of cruise missiles on the B-52 aircraft? Surely the Prime Minister ought to state her conviction and say abandonment of Salt 2 would be a disaster and something her Government would not support?

Mrs Thatcher: I hope he will tread very lightly and say that if there is an agreement it has to be complied with on both sides. The United States is complying with it. It has given a number of details to which it thinks the Soviet Union is not complying with.

The Soviet Union reply has not dealt with these non-compliance points. I hope he at least will agree both sides must comply with an agreement.

Mr Frank Dobson (Holborn and

St Pancras, Lab): What credence can the Prime Minister place in the reasons that President Reagan has given for withdrawing from the Salt treaty when he has personally aided her over the accuracy of F111 bombers in the raid on Libya?

Mrs Thatcher: I totally and utterly reject his assertion. When the President made the announcement he simultaneously acted in accordance with Salt 2 by dismantling and breaking up two possible submarine agreements. One could have no better evidence than that.

Mr Anthony Nelson (Chichester, C): There will be widespread public support for her restatement of the annual obligations under the Salt treaty. What she says there that treaties highly cost and might be lightly entered into?

Mrs Thatcher: Treaties should not be lightly entered into. This one was not lightly entered into. It was never ratified by the United States because in the meantime the Soviet Union went into Afghanistan, a country they still occupy. Nevertheless, the United States continue to observe it and I believe it is axiomatic that both sides should continue to observe it.

Lord Young of Gifford: In accordance with the judgment we have to apply the same test on these goods imported between one member state and another as goods on sale within the United Kingdom. I will draw this to the attention of the House.

Lord Denning: The Customs and Excise was right in condemning these articles as obscene and indecent and the courts here were right and justified on the grounds of the Treaty of Rome by reasons of public morality.

In these circumstances we are not entitled to go by the Treaty of Rome itself and to ignore the wrong decisions of the European Court, or cannot we tell our courts to look at our own laws?

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In these circumstances we are not entitled to go by the Treaty of Rome itself and to ignore the wrong decisions of the European Court, or cannot we tell our courts to look at our own laws?

Search for more circuit court judges fails to meet Hailsham target

By Frances Gibb, Legal Affairs Correspondent

The Lord Chancellor's trail of the legal profession to increase the number of circuit judges is still short of its target, two years after he announced the move to ease the heavy workload of crown courts and reduce delays.

Lord Hailsham of St Marylebone, told the Commons Home Affairs Select Committee in April 1984 that he wanted to increase the number of circuit judges, which totalled 349, by 10 per cent.

But so far only 7 per cent have been recruited, bringing the total to 373.

Lord Hailsham is concerned that the pool of candidates is not as big as he would like, with a shortage of those of the right age and experience.

However, the rise in the number of barristers and solicitors is beginning to be felt now, and recruitment to the circuit bench is expected to increase steadily so that the target should be reached within this financial year.

Last week Mr Peter Scott, QC, vice-chairman of the Bar, expressed concern about appointments to the circuit bench. The attractions of the job were now far less than they used to be, he said.

The job had not the "social cachet" it used to have; it could mean a significant financial drop for QCs, and for those judges sent out on circuit it could mean their family life was disrupted.

A circuit judge earns £40,000, which will be in-

creased to £41,500 from next month.

High Court and Court of Appeal judges (for whom, along with the lower judicial ranks of recorders and registrars, there is no recruitment problem) earn £60,000 and £66,000 respectively. Those salaries will rise in July to £62,100 and £68,400.

Mr Scott said that the disincentives to joining the circuit bench made it even more important that the kind of person it wanted to attract was identified as early as possible.

Mr Scott wants to see considered the idea of a judicial appointments board separate from the Lord Chancellor. "Now is a good time to explore alternatives,"

American actress aids stroke campaign

By Thomson Prentice Science Correspondent

The courageous recovery from a stroke by actress Patricia Neal was offered as an incentive yesterday in a £2 million campaign to help other sufferers.

In Britain, about 125,000 people a year are affected by stroke, of whom 70,000 die. The illness is the commonest of all fatal diseases after heart disease and cancer.

Miss Neal, who suffered a stroke at the height of her Hollywood career 21 years ago, was badly disabled and unable to speak, but recovered gradually with the help of British doctors and therapists.

Yesterday, she returned to London to launch the National Stroke Campaign, on behalf of the Chest, Heart and Stroke Association.

"A stroke is like a power failure at home. Everything is there but nothing works," she told campaign organizers. "I was helped back to life and after six months with a volunteer team, I was 80 per cent recovered."

Miss Neal was invited to launch the campaign by Miss Valerie Eaton Griffith, who did most to help her recovery. Miss Griffith founded the association's Volunteer Stroke Scheme and is deputy organizer of the campaign.



Miss Neal with Sir Eric Cheadle, chairman of the stroke campaign, yesterday (Photograph: Peter Trievnor).

Habgood in child poverty appeal

The Child Poverty Action Group (CPAG) launched a £300,000 appeal yesterday for new premises in London.

Dr John Habgood, the Archbishop of York who is patron of the group's twenty-first anniversary appeal committee, said that the number of families dependent on welfare benefits and living on or below the poverty line was increasing throughout Britain.

"Yet, at a time when expertise and experience have never been so crucial, the CPAG is faced with the need to move from its premises with a peppercorn rent to buy or rent offices on the local market," he said.

Group spokesman said that up to £450,000 had been allocated for projects in the coming year, but £300,000 was needed to replace the premises it has rented since 1963.

The latest government statistics showed that nearly one million families with children were living on or below the supplementary benefit level in 1981 and the number of children living in poverty had nearly doubled between 1978 and 1981 to 500,000.

"We are still waiting for the Government to release recent figures but we believe the number of families living on the poverty line has increased dramatically since 1981," the spokesman said.

Union call for law to reinstate workers

Employers "make a mockery" of industrial tribunal hearings when they ignore rulings to reinstate dismissed workers, a union congress was told yesterday.

The Government was urged to introduce legislation forcing such employers to give workers their jobs back.

Delegates of the General, Municipal, Boilermakers and Allied Trades Union approved the motion at Scarborough.

Mr Mike Kirby, of the Lancashire region's North-west branch, who proposed it, said that the present law was unfair and unjust, allowing employers to avoid taking back workers who successfully challenged dismissal and to take a chance on large amounts of compensation being awarded against them.

The congress also agreed to a motion for new health and safety-at-work legislation.

Mr Andy Worth, from Goole, Humberside, who put the motion, claimed that more than 20,000 deaths a year in Britain could be identified as caused by work, although only a few could be put down to specific physical acts.

He added that serious deficiencies in the present legislation included failure to protect workers' health from "damaging and de-humanizing" conditions.

It had also failed to provide all workers with a basic standard of occupational health service funded by the employer, or to prevent a rise in the number of workers injured or killed since 1980.

Approval was given to a motion calling on the union's senior officers to work with the Trades Union Congress to defeat proposals by the Health and Safety Executive which would "effectively deprive" workers of the executive's services.

Prisoner denies he lied about death

A prison escapee, Philip Rutherford, was accused yesterday of telling lies about the death of Mark Hogg, a fellow inmate, to "besmirch, blacken and vilify" the reputation of police and prison officers.

Hogg, aged 33 at the time of his death, was serving 12 years and nine months for armed robbery, and died in hospital eight days after he and Rutherford, aged 26, were recaptured after escaping from a prison coach transferring them from Exeter jail to Wandsworth, South London, on September 27 last year.

Rutherford, serving eight years for burglary, told the Exeter inquest that Hogg was "quarrelled and kicked by seven or eight policemen at Yeovil police station, Somerset, and again by three prison officers on his return to Exeter."

Mr Neil Butterfield, QC, representing the Prison Officers' Association, accused Rutherford of inventing the "allegations."

"You hated them, didn't you?" Mr Butterfield asked.

"Not so much as to put myself to all this trouble," Rutherford said.

"They wanted to do a deal with me and give me remission if I kept my head down. I am trying to get justice for the geezer. I am being tortured in prison as well for it."

Mr Butterfield accused Rutherford of "gross hypocrisy" and suggested: "You saw the tragic death of Mark

Hogg as your golden opportunity to revenge yourself on the police officers you detested."

Rutherford said: "You can suggest all you want, but it is all lies."

Rutherford, a category A prisoner, giving evidence handed out between two prison officers, told Mr Richard van Oopen, the coroner, that he was facing charges of malicious wounding and actual bodily harm as a result of the ill-fated escape at South Peitherton, Somerset.

Hogg died in Exeter's Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital on October 5, the day after being transferred from Exeter jail's hospital wing.

The inquest has already heard that Hogg complained to hospital staff only hours before his death that he had been kicked by police at Yeovil.

Earlier yesterday, Mr Malcolm Cotterill, representing Avon and Somerset Police, accused Rutherford of fabricating the story of the police assault.

Rutherford denied that, saying he had been offered a deal by the prison authorities to keep quiet about the allegations against police and prison officers.

"I am worried about my treatment in prison. But I will not withdraw my statement. He (Hogg) was killed by prison officers and police officers."

The inquest was adjourned until today.

Appeal on libel cost rule fails

A former chief press officer to the Prime Minister who was said to be "massively out of pocket" in spite of winning a 27-day libel action over articles in *The Sunday Times* and *Time Out* magazine failed yesterday in an appeal against the refusal of the trial judge to award him all his legal costs.

Mr Derek Howe, of Dolphin Square, Pimlico, south-west London, now a political consultant to the Conservative Party, won £2,500 against *The Sunday Times*, and £500 against *Time Out*.

But Mr Justice Mann ruled that, in respect of his action against *Time Out*, he should not be awarded costs incurred after January 21.

On that date, *Time Out* had paid £501 into court in offer of settlement. The libel jury awarded Mr Howe only £500 against the magazine, and so he did not qualify, under High Court Rules, for costs of that action incurred from the date of the payment-in.

In the Court of Appeal yesterday, Sir John Donaldson, Master of the Rolls, said that there were no possible grounds for the court to interfere with the trial judge's refusal to award Mr Howe all his costs. Lord Justice Mustill and Lord Justice Stocker agreed.

Driver hurt in crossing crash

A car driver is seriously ill with burns after his vehicle was struck by a train at an unattended level crossing near Ammanford, Dyfed, and burst into flames.

Mr Stephen Evans, of High Street, Ammanford, was taken to the specialist burns unit at Chepstow after the collision on Monday.

Visitors flock to Stonehenge

Stonehenge was again the most popular English Heritage attraction last year.

It attracted 655,700 visitors, with Dover Castle second with just under 200,000 visitors.

Mayoral first

The first Democratic Unionist Party councillor to hold the office has been elected Lord Mayor of Belfast. Mr Sammy Wilson, a party press officer, said two cancers to be removed from the city were Sinn Féin councillors and the Anglo-Irish Agreement.

Soil erosion: 3

Long-term view of land use

In recent months the Countryside Commission has taken the lead in demanding a new strategy for the future management of Britain's countryside.

Such a strategy should "be about farming and forestry, landscape and wildlife conservation, jobs and recreation, about the whole rural fabric," Sir Derek Barber, the commission's chairman, says.

Dr Peter Bullock, the survey's head of research services, believes that such a strategy can succeed only if it is based on finding the most rational and efficient use for each area of land, which in return requires a detailed knowledge of the soil structure.

It is no longer enough to rely on the crude classification of farmland into one of five grades, a system originally intended to protect the best land from urban development, he says.

There is a need to discover differences within single pockets of land, identify land that is unsuitable for particular uses, predict the effects of drainage and the consequences for neighbouring land of a lowering of the water table; select suitable soil materials for the reclamation of mining and industrial sites; discover what types of vegetation are most likely to develop on land that is no longer cultivated; and to identify

so much pressure on the land.

One of his prime objectives is to identify areas of farmland which can survive a squeeze on profit margins and those which are likely to be vulnerable to falling returns.

"It has to be acknowledged that there are some soils which are not very good for winter-sown crops, hopeless when it comes to spring sowing and not much good for grassland either. So forestry may be the best bet."

In broader terms he feels there is a need for a complete agro-economic assessment on which all land-use decisions can be evaluated.

"At present Whitehall does not have this sort of information," he says.

The soil which sustains life on Earth is fascinating in its complexity but has not been given the attention it deserves, he says. In contrast, the Americans learnt a great deal from the dustbowl disaster in the 1930s, and advice on soil conservation is now freely available from the United States Department of Agriculture.

"In Britain the term conservation is applied to flora, fauna, wildlife, trees and the appearance of the landscape, but seldom to the soil itself which in many ways is the most important factor of all."

Concluded.

In his third and final article on the work of the Soil Survey of England and Wales, John Young, Agriculture Correspondent, looks at how it could be utilized for environmental, planning and conservation purposes and in reaching decisions on future land use.

land susceptible to erosion by water or wind.

The survey has already carried out work on assessing land for various kinds of agriculture, for forestry and for recreational use. It is at present mapping soils on a number of sites of special scientific interest (SSSI) and has made a comprehensive study of lowland peats, their acidity and rates of wastage.

"Soil is, with climate, a vital environmental factor affecting land use," a survey document points out.

"It is not chance that upland woods survive on steeper or more rugged slopes with shallow acid soils. Patterns in natural vegetation relate intimately to soil changes."

Survey scientists have recently begun to develop a central computerized soil information system which will be available to farmers.

"Farmers, in particular, need to be educated about soil suitability," Dr Bullock says. "Never before has there been

SDP lawyers call for workers' positive rights

By Our Legal Affairs Correspondent

Legislation to create a legal framework of positive rights for workers, including the right to strike, was called for by the Social Democratic Lawyers' Association in a discussion paper published yesterday. The rights should include: the right to form unions and associations; to

belong, or not, to such organizations; and to take action collectively in furtherance of a trade dispute. But if the proposed rights were abused, those concerned should be liable to pay damages, the paper said.

The paper called for laws that would aim to move away

from "conflict-based industrial relations" and to develop a "new spirit of co-operation."

A legal framework of positive rights would "replace the negatively framed legal immunities system" which not only put workers on the defensive but also "seems to change every time a significant case

reaches the House of Lords."

Employers should be able to take "proportionate reciprocal action," such as lockouts, and would be free to choose whether to recognize unions.

Arbitration would be a compulsory stage in the bargaining process in any industrial action.

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New battlefields opened as Beirut engulfed in gunfire

From Robert Fisk
Beirut

Much of West Beirut was engulfed in heavy street-fighting yesterday evening as the militias of Lebanon's Sunni Muslim minority struck at the Shia Muslim Amal movement, which has ruled much of the southern half of the Lebanese capital for more than two years.

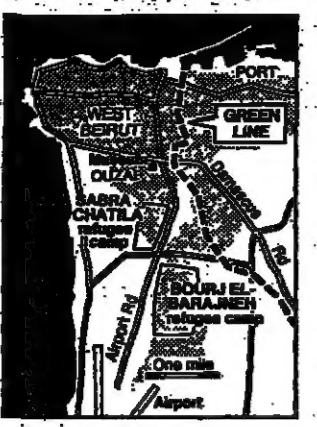
Increasingly bitter at their own minority status — and enraged at their treatment at Amal's hands — the gunmen of the Sunni Morabitoun effectively opened up a series of new battlefields, stretching from the sea at Guzai to the front line opposite the Christian Phalange near the Classical Museum.

The streets of west Beirut were deserted except for gunmen, the shops and schools closed, a fog of brown smoke drifting across the city from the Palestinian refugee camps where the conflict between Palestinian guerrillas and Shia militiamen was the original cause of the present violence. Every few seconds tremendous explosions reverberated

from the Sabra and Chatila camps, where Palestinians were broadening their perimeter under severe shelling.

Amal have been blaming the fighting on Mr Yassir Arafat's guerrillas inside the camps, whose forces have not only held out for two weeks but have now taken control of the upper half of the airport highway.

Yesterday motorists from the airport were forced to drive on a difficult excursion road behind earth embank-



ments into the city to avoid sniper fire.

Ever capable of finding a conspiracy behind every setback, Amal has itself claimed President Gemayel of Lebanon as well as Mr Arafat as responsible for the bloodshed.

The President, a Christian Maronite whose own forces include the Phalange, is supposed — according to this extraordinary theory — to have concerted plans for the overthrow of Amal in conjunction with the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Graphic evidence of Amal's views appeared in yesterday's morning edition of *al-Haqiqah*, which favours the Shia militia. It carried a grotesque cartoon depicting both Mr Arafat and President Gemayel sitting in a bath of blood and sipping champagne. The tub was labelled "war of the camps".

If such crude drawings depict the savagery of the conflict in political terms, few could doubt the hostility now evident in the streets. While the Druze — who are showing

increasing amity towards the Palestinians — are still keeping out of the street battles, the Morabitoun are drawing Shia strength away from the camps.

Amal's own hostility has been increased by the murder of two of their military officials — Mr Abed Nimah Hammoud and Mr Ali Khalil Mehdi — who were kidnapped two days ago and found on Monday dumped on a rubbish tip with bullet wounds in the head.

Mr Nabih Berri, the Shia Muslim leader, and Mr Walid Jumblatt, who controls the Druze forces, have been meeting Brigadier-General Ghazi Kanaan, the head of Syrian military intelligence in Lebanon, though they appear to have come no nearer to agreement on a ceasefire.

Mr Jumblatt claims that Mr Arafat has been sending more guerrillas into Beirut, failing to point out that many Druze suspect that dissident Shia Muslims are allowing Palestinians to land in West Beirut at an illegal port theoretically controlled by Amal.



A Shia Muslim militiaman armed with a Soviet-made rifle jumps over a damaged car during fierce fighting between Shia and Sunni Muslims in the streets of west Beirut yesterday.

Hope for asylum ends strike by Pastora

San José — The imprisoned Contra leader, Señor Edén Pastora, has ended a five-day hunger strike because the Costa Rican Government is expected at any moment to give him political asylum (Martha Honey writes).

Top government officials and aides to Señor Pastora say that a deal has been struck to allow the former anti-Sandinista guerrilla to stay in Costa Rica as long as he engages only in political, not military, activities.

149 held at test site

Las Vegas (Reuters) — Police on scramble motorcycles arrested 149 anti-nuclear demonstrators who walked on to the nuclear test site in Nevada. The demonstrators were part of a group of 350 nuclear opponents who earlier staged a rally outside the test site.

No clothes

Peking (AP) — Canton police have arrested nine people on charges of swindling 96 companies which paid to attend a clothing exhibition that turned out to be nearly empty.

Pink protest

Stockholm — Swedish fish farmers are protesting at proposed regulations which would ban colour additives. They say they will lose business if forced to sell white, rather than pink, salmon.

Bitter fruit

Turin (Reuters) — Signor Emilio Mazza shot dead a market gardener and seriously wounded his wife when he was caught stealing a handful of strawberries for his 16 children.

Pop goodwill

Moscow (Reuters) — Michael Jackson, the American pop star, has been invited to take part in the opening ceremony of the inaugural Goodwill Games in Moscow.

Upside-down

Aalborg, Denmark (Reuters) — Twenty four people were rescued by firemen after having hung upside down for 20 minutes when their roller-coaster car stopped in the wrong place. They were given their money back.

No rest for Solidarity fugitives

From Roger Boyes
Warsaw

The Polish Government declared yesterday that the police would continue their hunt for Solidarity fugitives even though the arrest of Mr Zbigniew Bujak, its underground organizer, had effectively smashed its top echelons.

"There will be no holiday for the underground," Mr Jerzy Urban, the Government spokesman, said.

He hinted that the American Embassy had known the hiding place of Mr Bujak. Agents searching the Warsaw flat on Saturday morning found an invitation to a cocktail party from an American diplomat.

Although the invitation was addressed to the owner rather than to Mr Bujak, the letter had been delivered by an Embassy messenger and, presumably, the Solidarity leader answered the door.

Mr Urban said the flat had been under surveillance for some time after a tip-off from neighbours. He said that documents found there revealed not only the internal workings of the underground, but also the scope of its financial support from the West.

Mr Bujak will be charged with preparing to overthrow the system with force. He faces a possible 10-year jail term if found guilty.

Meanwhile, a declaration by what remains of the underground leadership — signed by Mr Jan Andrzej Gorny and Mr Marek Muszynski — makes clear that Solidarity will try to continue its activities.

The statement made available to Western reporters said: "Zbigniew Bujak has joined the list of political prisoners. We will fight for his liberty". Swashbuckler image, page 14

Kohl takes action to pacify voters

From Frank Johnson, Bonn

Chancellor Helmut Kohl announced the creation of a new Ministry of the Environment yesterday, to be headed by a rising figure in his Christian Democratic Party (CDU), Herr Walter Wallmann, aged 53, the Mayor of Frankfurt.

For some time, the environment has been at least as big a political issue here as is unemployment. But, unlike unemployment, it seems to have been costing the Government support.

Voters have been tiffing pollsters that they are not satisfied with the Government's sense of urgency in such matters as the allegedly drying forests.

Herr Kohl had made it known that a Ministry of the Environment would be created after the next general election in January, if he won.

"Ministerial jobs here are much influenced by trading between the parties which make up what are usually coalition governments. Cabinet reshuffles, and changes, are rare.

But the Government lost support in the election polls — and the CDU is in danger losing control of Lower Saxony in a Land election on June 15 — because of allegations of complacency and confusion in the biggest environmental issue of all so far.

EEC splits over nuclear energy

From Richard Owen, Luxembourg

Chernobyl cast a shadow over the future of nuclear energy in Western Europe yesterday, with disagreement among EEC energy ministers over whether nuclear energy should play "an important

and increasing role" in EEC energy policy.

Denmark said that it could not accept any specific target for future nuclear energy programmes in the EEC, and demanded a reference in the final document to problems arising from the siting of a nuclear power station in Sweden close to Denmark.

Mr Peter Walker, the Energy Minister, said that he had always believed that all forms of energy should be reviewed in the light of world events. The EEC Commission had proposed before Chernobyl that nuclear power, which at present accounts for just over 30 per cent of EEC electricity consumption, should account for 40 per cent by 1995.

But as energy ministers yesterday sought to formulate new energy guidelines, Denmark, where anti-nuclear feeling is strong, said that it was willing to "note" the Commission objective but not to include it in a Council of Ministers resolution, which has the force of law.

Brazil beef deal flouts undertaking

From Our Correspondent
Brussels

The EEC is export 100,000 tonnes of beef to Brazil, flouting a political commitment made by EEC Commissioner Claude Cheysson not to export to South America.

The political go-ahead for the deal is due to be given by the European Commission soon. But the sale has aroused fear that the beef will be exported back to Britain as stew or corned beef.

The EEC is considering an arrangement under which it would provide a subsidy to cut the selling price of beef in store by more than \$1,000 (£666) a tonne so that exporters could buy it cheap.

The Community and Brazil argue that a commitment not to sell to South America only applies if South American suppliers can provide beef. They claim Argentina and Uruguay were consulted but did not have the stocks available.

Site visit may calm UK fears

From Michael Binyon
Washington

Mr William Waldegrave, Minister of State for the Environment, is considering sending a community leaders from the four sites in Britain being considered for a radioactive waste dump to look at a model site in South Carolina, where good management and design had prevented any local anxieties.

He said after visiting the installation at Barnwell that he recognized increased public fears as a result of Chernobyl, and it would take a long time to rebuild confidence in nuclear power. This might need a full review of safety standards and some changes.

During his four-day visit here, Mr Waldegrave also signed an agreement on environmental co-operation with the US, providing for the exchange of information on car exhaust, the seepage of radon gas — now causing worry in the US — and acid rain.

STOCKHOLM: Anger mounted in Sweden yesterday over the high fallout from the country suffered from the Chernobyl disaster and the Government's decision that there are no grounds for claiming compensation from the Soviet Union (Christopher Mossey writes).

The Danes objected to several references in the proposed guidelines to the growing role of nuclear power in Europe as the share of hydrocarbons in electricity production is reduced.

But West Germany and France said the EEC had to take account of the *de facto* situation, in which this year nuclear power would account for an average 35 per cent of total EEC electricity output.

The energy ministers split into pro- and anti-nuclear lobbies when they met to shape a framework for EEC energy policy over the next ten years. Britain, West Germany and France argued that nuclear energy was here to stay and had to be made safe and publicly acceptable.

Denmark, Greece and the Irish Republic demanded less reliance on nuclear energy. The Commission is to produce a comprehensive analysis of the implications of Chernobyl next week for discussion by EEC foreign ministers later this month.

Torture charge admiral dies in detention

Buenos Aires (AP) — Retired Vice Admiral Ruben Chamorro, accused of commanding a torture and execution centre during the 1970s war against left-wing subversion, has died of a heart attack aged 61, military sources said.

Admiral Chamorro, the former commander of the naval mechanics school in Buenos Aires, had been under arrest since February 1984 and was among at least 100 armed forces and police officers accused by military and civilian courts of committing human rights violations during the former military dictatorship.

He was considered by human rights groups to be among the most notorious participants in the anti-left repression. Minister out: President Alfonsín has accepted the resignation of his Defence Minister, Señor Germán López, and appointed Señor Horacio Jaunarena to replace him. No reason for the change was given.

Disaster deaths rise to 25

From Christopher Walker, Moscow

Senior Soviet scientists said yesterday that the death toll from the Chernobyl disaster had now risen to 25, with a further 30 people in a critical state, suffering from radiation poisoning.

Mr Leonid Ilyin, head of a Moscow hospital treating many of the most serious cases, said that of the 299 people reported to be suffering from acute radiation disease, 89 had later been released.

The new death toll of 25 was given by Mr Yevgeny Chazov, a deputy Minister of Health, who said that 23 had died from radiation as well as the two killed in the initial explosion on April 26. Last week Dr Robert Gale, the US bone marrow specialist, put the total number killed at 23.

As the struggle to neutralize the crippled Chernobyl reactor continued, the Soviet authorities disclosed that a number of the soldiers involved in the hazardous rescue operation were now being treated for radiation at a military hospital in Kiev, the Ukrainian capital.

A report in yesterday's edition of *Krasnaya Zvezda* (Red Star), the armed forces newspaper, did not specify how many soldiers were being treated, but said none was in a serious condition.

Many aspects of the costly rescue operation are now known to be under military control, with armoured cars

being used to drive emergency workers at high speed to and from the most dangerous areas.

The official Communist

Party paper, *Pravda*, yesterday criticized Soviet officials in Pripyat, the evacuated town closest to the stricken plant, for having failed to provide adequate accommodation for those still having to work at the plant. It said that most had been moved to temporary shelter on pleasure cruises moored on the Pripyat River near by.

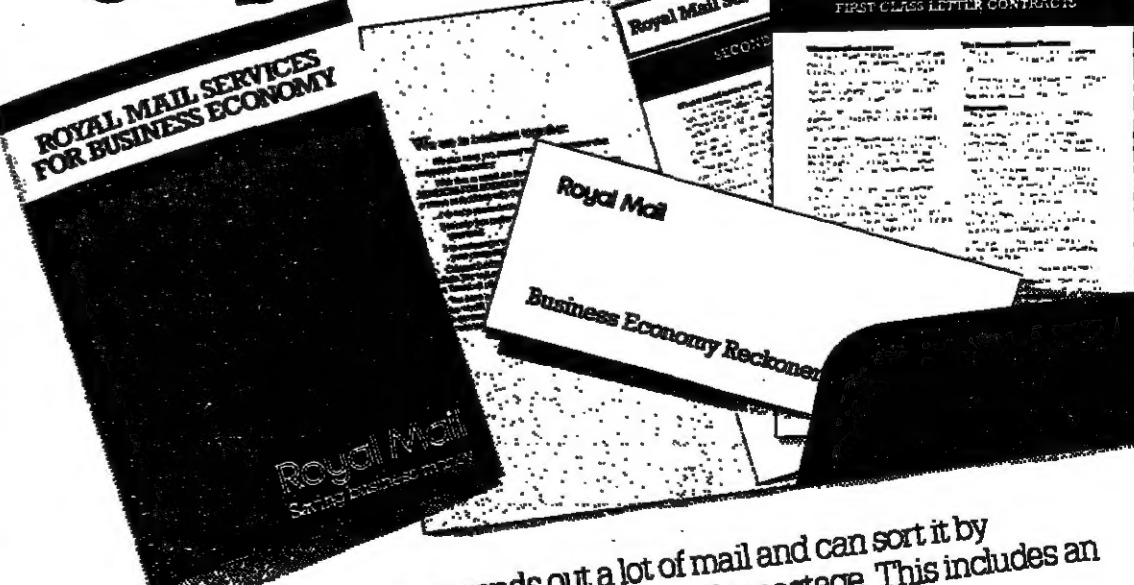
Earlier this week, the paper admitted for the first time that it was receiving letters from Soviet readers worried about the future of nuclear energy in the wake of the Chernobyl disaster.

Last month scores of KGB men in the centre of Moscow stopped a demonstration by Soviet citizens who planned a petition against nuclear power to send to Mr Gorbachev, the Soviet leader. All the organizers were arrested or prevented from leaving their homes.

Pravda yesterday published a poem by Andrei Voznesensky, the popular Soviet poet, called "Thoughts of Chernobyl".

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Political wing of ETA legalized by court amid bomb campaign

From Richard Wigg, Madrid

In the midst of ETA's bombing campaign to disrupt tourism at Spanish resorts, the Supreme Court has handed down a judgment legalizing the so-called "people's unity" coalition, the political wing of the Basque armed separatist organization.

The timing of the court's decision clearly had nothing to do with the series of bombings, nor are ETA's assistants on the Costa del Sol and elsewhere considered at all likely to stop now.

The decision is a blow for the Socialist Government, and particularly for the Interior Ministry, which fought actions through five lower courts before reaching the Supreme Court, with the aim of having the extreme left-wing nationalist Herri Batasuna coalition banned.

The verdict may be a fillip for the coalition among Basque voters at the general election in 19 days' time.

British tourists holidaying in southern Spain in spite of the ETA bombs were favourably compared by a senior Spanish Government official yesterday with United States tourists, who are staying away from Spain and the rest of Europe because of terrorism.

"Unlike the Americans, the British are being magnificent," he said. "Where they have had to leave their hotels to permit the police bomb disposal squad to go to work, they have reacted with goodwill and humour."

Small bombs have gone off, causing no injuries but so far damaging four hotels, since ETA announced nine days ago that it was resuming last summer's campaign to "sabotage the economic interests of the Spanish state".

The latest hotel was the four-star Atalaya Park at Estepona, near Marbella. The bomb, placed at one of the entrances, went off while po-

lice, alerted by a caller, were on the premises searching.

In three other hotels police defused the bombs before they went off, each time having been alerted by anonymous callers.

In one case, in Malaga, ETA called back after the police had failed to locate the bomb and gave its precise position.

The national police and the paramilitary Civil Guard are now patrolling the Costa del Sol.

The Socialist Government in 1983 began seeking through the courts to get the "people's unity" coalition banned on the grounds that the party's statutes did not accept the 1978 Spanish constitution or declare expressly that its members were Spaniards.

But the Supreme Court found nothing in the party statutes to deprive citizens of a constitutional right to associate politically.

Spectrum, page 12

Noughts go for the lira's comfort

From Peter Nichols, Rome

The Italian Government decided yesterday to abolish a massive number of noughts from the country's daily life by introducing the "heavy lire", each of which will represent one thousand of the present unit of currency.

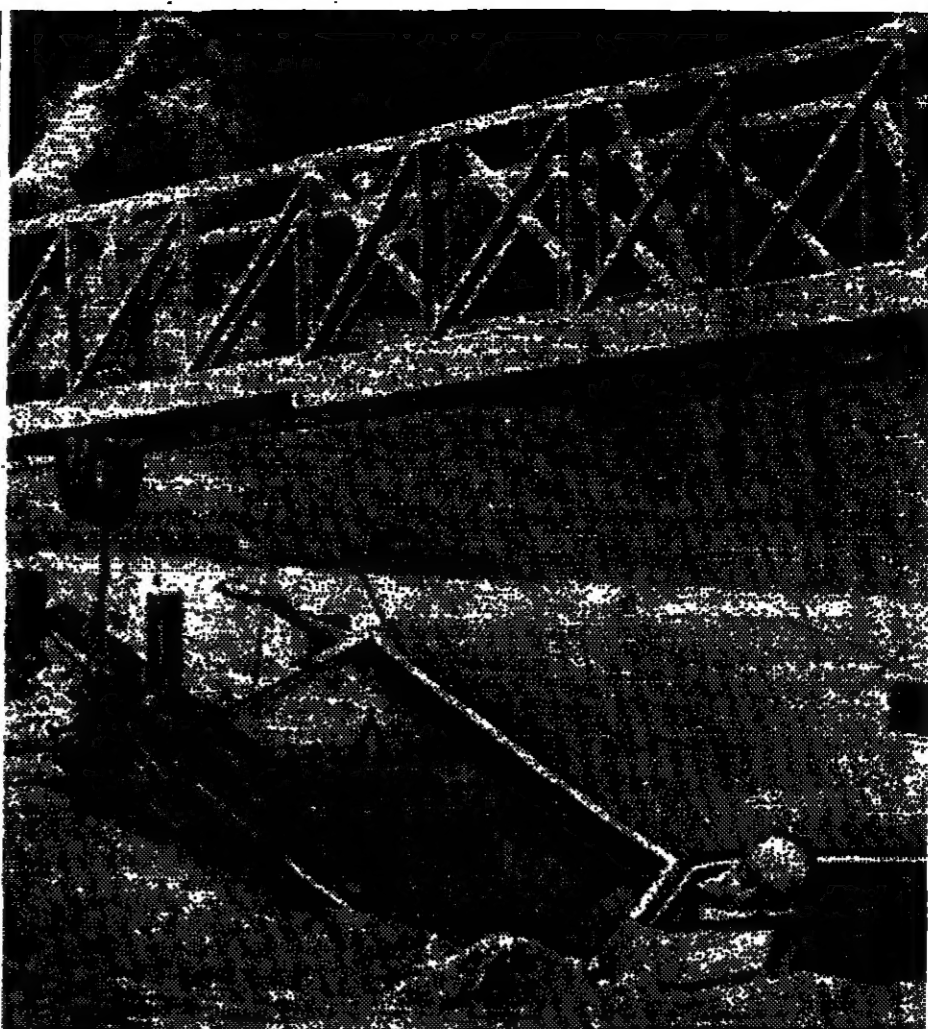
Hence a 1,000-lire note is now worth eventually be replaced by a one-lira note or coin, while 1,000 lire under the new disposition will be worth the same as the present million.

The Bill was finally approved after the failure on May 17 on the Government's part to agree on more than the principle of the change. More talks were needed to complete the arrangements.

The new currency will be introduced by presidential decree and the date has yet to be fixed, though the hope is that the change can begin next year.

For a certain period both types of lire will be in circulation simultaneously.

Assurances were given that the change would in no way alter "economic realities", presumably meaning that the measure would not amount to a hidden devaluation. It will nevertheless have a practical and psychological usefulness. The Bill has still to be approved by Parliament.



FBI holds England fan

Houston (AP) — Mr Terry Exley, a football fan from York travelling to the World Cup in Mexico, has been charged by FBI agents

He is being held in Harris County Jail with no bond pending a court hearing, charged with an alleged assault on a flight attendant.

A Texas driver waiting in vain for help as a torrent sweeps along Olmos Creek in San Antonio, after a cloudburst brought flash floods to the city. A policeman is trying to throw a rope to the man, but the rushing waters flipped the car over.

Tanzania switch on credit from IMF

From Charles Harrison, Nairobi

Tanzania is reported to have reached agreement in principle with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) on a £133 million standby credit, which will involve a further substantial devaluation of the Tanzanian shilling and stringent financial controls.

This will end several years of pressure from the IMF and from Western donor countries for reforms of the Tanzanian financial system.

The former President, Mr Julius Nyerere, who stepped down last November and was replaced by Mr Ali Hassan Mwinyi, had refused repeatedly to accept such pressure. But it appears that the Tanzanians now realise that they have no real alternative.

Western diplomats are now optimistic about the prospects for a donors' meeting on Tanzania, to be held in Paris on June 10, with the World Bank and other international agencies represented as well as individual western countries.

West Germany and Scandinavia have been prominent in providing aid to Tanzania in recent years.

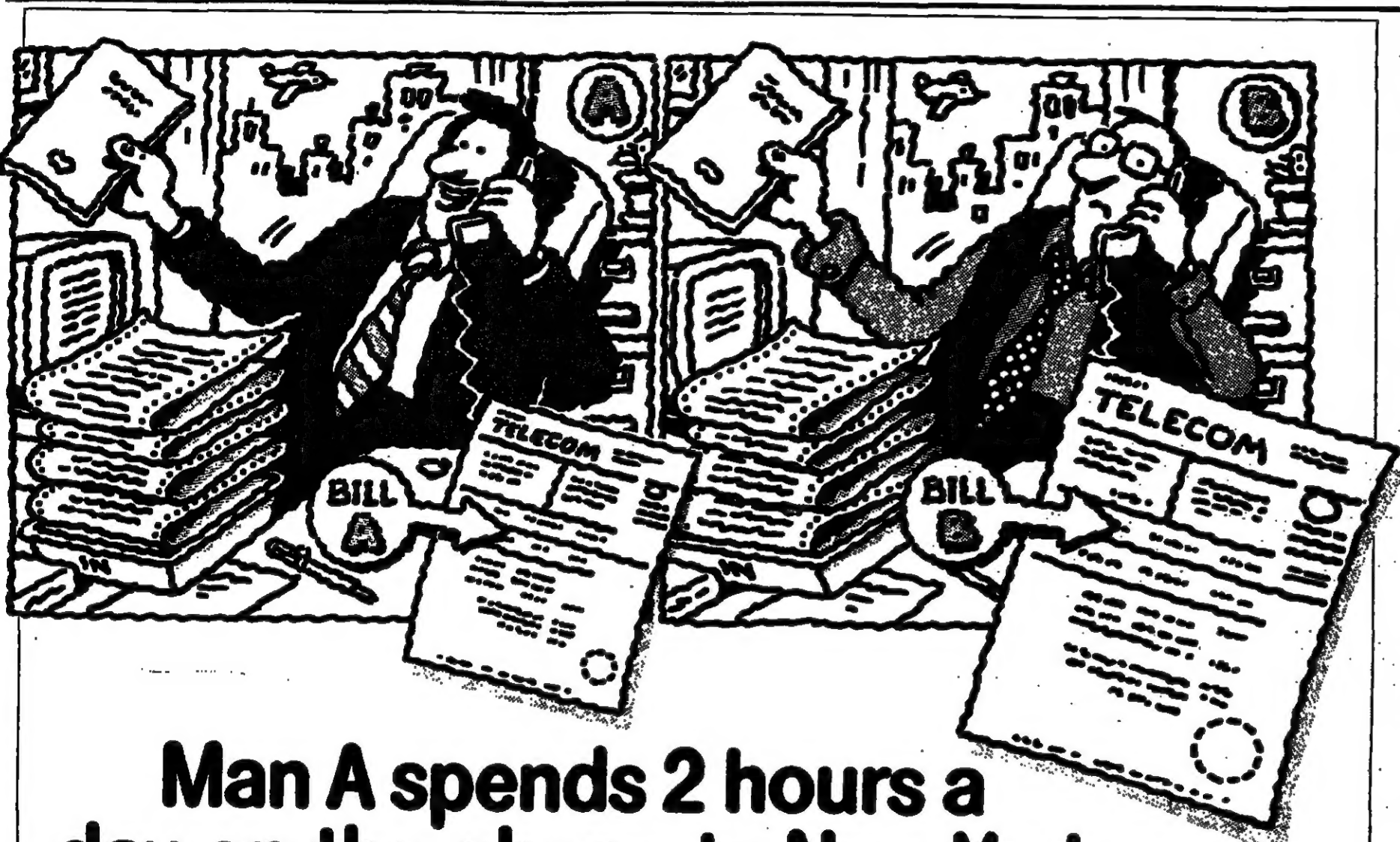
Last month the Tanzanian shilling was devalued from 25 to 35 to the £ sterling in what is regarded by bankers as only a partial move towards a more realistic valuation.

Swedish workers postpone strikes

Stockholm — Massive industrial action, which would have cost the country millions of kroner in lost export orders, was postponed at the last minute yesterday (Chris-

pher Mosey writes). State mediators persuaded Metall, a union representing 500,000 workers in the engineering industry, to postpone until Friday strikes by 17,000

workers in 19 key industries, including the Saab and Volvo car firms. The employers duly put off until Saturday a lockout of 180,000 workers.



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South Africa in crisis

Pretoria asks EPG to have a last look

By Nicholas Ashford, Diplomatic Correspondent

The South African Government has written to the Commonwealth Eminent Persons Group (EPG) urging it to make another visit to South Africa before deciding whether or not to recommend the imposition of sanctions.

But in view of last month's South African raids against Botswana, Zambia and Zimbabwe it is unlikely that the seven-member group will agree to Pretoria's request.

The publication in South Africa this week of a booklet defending Pretoria's refusal to negotiate with the outlawed African National Congress (ANC) seems certain to confirm the view, held by a majority of the group, that South Africa is not prepared to begin a dialogue with representative black leaders, as the group had demanded.

The letter from Pretoria arrived yesterday at the Commonwealth Secretariat in London, on the eve of the group's meeting to complete a report on its six-month peace mission.

Its contents were being kept

private and, because of the secrecy which has surrounded the mission since it was set up at the end of last year, officials refused even to confirm its existence.

But it is understood that the South Africans were careful not to reject any of the proposals the group left with them when it was in South Africa last month. Instead, Pretoria limited itself to pointing out some of the problems the Commonwealth plan would present.

The group is led by Mr Malcolm Fraser, a former Australian Prime Minister, and General Olusegun Obasanjo, a former Nigerian president.

The Commonwealth group has until the end of the month to complete its report.

It will then be considered at a meeting of seven Commonwealth leaders in London at the beginning of August, when Mrs Thatcher is expected to come under renewed pressure to impose economic sanctions, unless there is a radical shift in South Africa's position.

Pretoria 'licence to kill' claim

From Michael Hornsby, Johannesburg

New security measures being debated this week in the South African Parliament would give the police a "government-approved licence to beat up and kill", a member of the official Opposition in the House of Assembly, the white chamber, has declared.

The two measures are the Public Safety Amendment Bill and the Internal Security Amendment Bill.

The Public Safety Amendment Bill would empower the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis Le Grange, to proclaim any part of the country an "unrest area" and to take such measures as "appear to him to be necessary or expedient" in that area.

The Internal Security Amendment Bill would give a police officer officer-rank or above authority to order anyone to be held in preventive detention for up to 180 days.

An MP for the Progressive Federal Party, the official Opposition, said that it amounted to an "official government-approved licence to beat up and kill, a licence to organize vigilante groups, a licence to terrorize entire communities".

Meeting off: The imprisoned leader of the African National Congress (ANC), Mr Nelson Mandela, has told Chief Gatscha Buthelezi, head of the Zulu-dominated Inkatha movement, that they should defer a meeting until after his release from prison.

The message was conveyed by Mr Mandela's lawyer.

Chalker in Harare lion's den

From Jan Raath, Harare

Mrs Lynda Chalker, the Minister of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, walked into the lion's den of anti-South African opposition yesterday to defend Britain's reluctance to impose sanctions against Pretoria.

But if she stirred displeasure by her frank statement at a lunch, her reference to South Africans as "boers" at least falls in with local parlance. An Afrikaans word meaning farmer, "boer" is used universally in southern Africa as a insulting slang for Afrikaners.

Mrs Chalker arrived here yesterday morning for a four-day familiarization trip in southern Africa. She travels to Zaire on Friday.

The lunch began with a politely-phrased attack on Britain by the host, Mr Dymally Mutasa, Speaker of the Zimbabwe House of Assembly. He criticized Britain's role in the American attack on Libya and its veto of the recent United Nations resolution calling for sanctions against South Africa.

Mrs Chalker said that "state-organized terrorism on an indiscriminate scale" by Libya was "of a totally different and unique kind" from the South African raids on Zimbabwe, Zambia and Botswana on May 19.

The American bombing of Libya did not mean that President Botha was "the right-hand friend and ally" of Britain, as Mr Mutasa had suggested, she said. "We have told Botha plainly that his raids were indefensible."

Zambia white accused

Lusaka (AP) — Mr Peter Murray, a white Zambian farmer detained on May 9, allegedly fed South Africa information about strategic installations and buildings of the African National Congress, the Times of Zambia reported yesterday.

On May 19 South African forces raided alleged ANC targets in Botswana, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

Mr Murray, a white railway employee in Zimbabwe, Macmillan Marais, has been jailed for two months for disparaging remarks after the raid (Jan Raath writes).

Mr Fidelis Masunda, the magistrate, said that his remarks "could be said to border on treason". He allowed £150 bail pending an appeal.

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Tanzania switch on credit from IMF

From Charles Hamilton

is reported to have agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to switch on credit from the fund. The agreement is said to be a significant step towards the country's economic recovery. It is reported that the IMF has agreed to provide Tanzania with a loan of \$100 million. This loan is to be used to finance the country's development projects. The agreement is said to be a significant step towards the country's economic recovery. It is reported that the IMF has agreed to provide Tanzania with a loan of \$100 million. This loan is to be used to finance the country's development projects.

in crisis

asks EPC last look

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Chalkeri Harare lion's den

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Opponents of Chilean regime call for month of civil disobedience

From Lake Sagaris, Santiago

The National Assembly of Civil Society, composed of a several organizations opposed to military rule in Chile, has called for a month of peaceful civil disobedience to end in a two-day general strike in early July if the military regime continues to ignore its demands for immediate political and economic change.

Its president, Dr Juan Gonzalez, called the threat an extremely serious matter, saying that member organizations represented an estimated 3.5 million to 4 million Chileans.

All of Chile's main professional associations, academics and students, teachers, lorry owners, storekeepers and the two multiple union confederations belong to the assembly, which was formed in a clandestine meeting at the end of April.

It then gave the military Government a month to respond to its demands for a return to democratic government, with full respect for human rights, and for economic policies which would deal with the problems of unemployment and indebtedness that plague Chileans.

"Instead of proposing a solution for the real problems of the majority, the Government has imposed a set of repressive, intimidating techniques which has especially affected poor people," Dr Gonzalez said at a press conference this week.

He said that the growing use of troops to suppress peaceful demonstrations was a symptom of the Government's warlike attitude to politics and could not go on.

The National Assembly of Civil Society's national council, which comprises the presidents of member organizations, has asked Chileans to boycott certain products which, they say, finance mis-information in television reports.

Chilean television is under tightening control by the military Government, and most coverage focuses on official Government statements.

The Assembly also called for home owners to suspend payment of taxes and mortgages.

It announced that throughout June member organizations will hold protests and other activities around their specific problems.

University students are planning an indefinite national strike to back their demands for an end to military rule on campus and off, to begin on June 16.

Rebels welcome Duarte talks offer

From John Carlin
Mexico City

Salvadoran rebel leaders have welcomed President Duarte's latest, and surprising, offer of peace talks, but say they suspect his motives.

Reacting to a proposal made in a speech on Sunday,

rebel leaders outside El Salvador said they considered his new gesture to try to end the six-year civil war as positive.

"But we wonder whether this is a Duarte propaganda play to score points with the people at a critical moment for his government," one of the political leaders of the Democratic Revolutionary Front (FDR) said in a telephone interview.

The Salvadoran President made clear on Sunday that any new dialogue would essentially be a discussion of the guerrillas' willingness to lay down their arms.

ical leaders of the Democratic Revolutionary Front (FDR) said in a telephone interview.

The Johnson & Johnson family feud over father's will was settled out of court with the six multimillionaire children receiving more millions and the widow, a former chambermaid, getting more than \$300 million. The lawyers emerged with



Mrs Barbara Piasecka Johnson, the third wife of the Johnson & Johnson heir, J Seward Johnson, looking jubilant at the end of the prolonged New York court battle over her late husband's multimillion-dollar legacy.

The Johnson & Johnson family feud over father's will was settled out of court with the six multimillionaire children receiving more millions and the widow, a former chambermaid, getting more than \$300 million. The lawyers emerged with

\$10 million in fees. The battle over the \$500 million fortune of the son of the founder of the pharmaceutical company went on for 16 weeks in a Manhattan court.

The key question in the case was whether Mr Johnson was of sound mind when he signed his last will shortly before he died in 1983, aged 87, leaving the bulk of his estate to Barbara, now aged 49, to whom he was married for 12 years. Both sides claim victory.

Punjab Speaker elected Assembly success for Akali Dal

From Michael Hamlyn, Delhi

The embattled Chief Minister of Punjab, Mr Surjit Singh Barnala, was able to congratulate himself yesterday on winning at least the first victory of what his extremist opponents have called "genocide week", marking the second anniversary of the army seizure of the Golden Temple in Amritsar.

His Akali Dal party, reduced to a minority in the state legislative Assembly by defections over his own ordering of police into the temple a month ago, managed to elect its own men as Speaker and Deputy with the assistance of the Congress (I) Party and all other parties in the House, with the lone exception of the Janata Party member.

Mr Amarinder Singh, the erstwhile Maharajah of Patiala, one of the three prominent defectors expelled from the party, has been elected leader of the dissident faction, which he said was properly entitled to be called the Akali Dal. Mr Barnala's group should really be called the Akali Dal (Congress), he said.

There is now likely to be an extensive legal and constitutional battle over whether the dissidents can be expelled from the House under the terms of the anti-defection law passed by Mr Rajiv Gandhi last year.

There were, however, two votes of some significance for Mr Barnala when the names of the new Speaker and his Deputy were put forward.

One was that the previous Speaker, who resigned because of his opposition to police action in the Golden Temple, voted for Mr Barnala's nominee rather than for the Amrinder Singh group's candidate.

The other is that one of the original 27 defectors absented herself from the House altogether. Mrs Jagdish Kaur is

reported to have stayed away because she has been won over to the ruling group's side.

Mr Barnala is also presenting as a victory for his government the fact that the central Government has announced that Chandigarh — joint capital of Punjab and the neighbouring Hindu state of Haryana — will be handed exclusively to him on June 21.

He is also boasting that the two districts of Abot and Fazilka, rich in rice and cotton, will not be handed over in return, which had been the plan under Mrs Gandhi.

Exactly what will be handed over still has to be settled before a one-man commission of inquiry run by a retired Supreme Court judge, and it seems likely that there may be further disagreements between the two states.

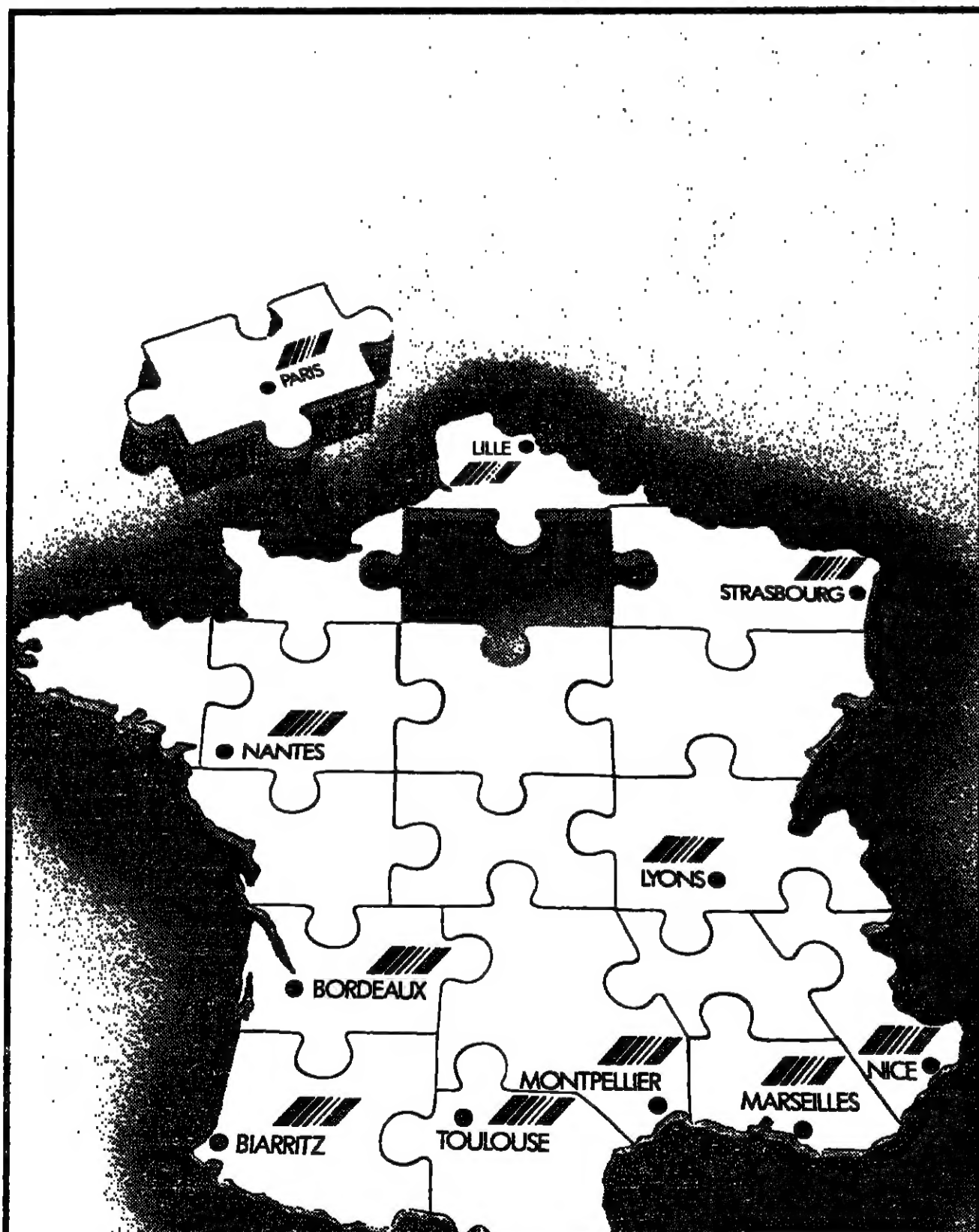
But the Chief Minister of Haryana, Mr Bhajan Lal, has been making more gentle noises of late about the possibility of losing his capital and having to build another.

There are, of course, very many desirable building and supply contracts available in connection with such a grand rebuilding programme, and no chief minister could easily turn away from the power and patronage they will bring.

However, his opposition, mainly in the Lok Dal and Bharatiya Janata Party, plans to remind him of neglect of the state's interests by calling a general strike for June 21, the day of the handover.

The extremists, meanwhile, have not allowed the rate of assassination and fear to diminish. A BJP leader was among five people killed in recent hours. In response, state police have increased the number of preventive arrests to more than 300.

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Economist to lead Socialists

From Martha de la Cal
Lisbon

The new leader of Portugal's Socialist Party will be Dr Vitor Constancio, aged 42, a technocrat economist who has for the past year been Governor of the Bank of Portugal.

He was Minister of Finance in the Socialist Government of Dr Mario Soares in 1978, and was responsible for implementing the austerity programme which saved the country from a serious economic crisis.

Dr Constancio was also president of the commission which negotiated Portugal's entry into the EEC and was a Socialist delegate in Parliament.

His leadership of the Socialists was assured on Monday night, when his opponent, Dr Jaime Gama, conceded defeat. Of 1,340 delegates to the Socialist National Conference at the end of June to elect a national secretary, Dr Constancio has already received the full support of 1,082 delegates, and Dr Gama only 229.

Dr Gama says he will "form a constructive opposition within the party".

Dr Constancio will succeed Dr Soares, who stepped down from the party leadership after being elected President of Portugal in January.

President Soares took no part in the contest between the two, although Dr Gama has always been regarded as his protégé and most likely to succeed him.

Dr Constancio represents the left wing of the party. Most of the Socialist labour union leaders, the presidents of municipal governments and the heads of the nationalized banks support him.

He led a movement in 1979 within the Socialist Party against the wishes of Dr Soares to support the left-wing President Ramalho Eanes in the second bid for the presidency.

Tit-for-tat American tariff war

From John Best
Ottawa

Canada has hit back at the United States for a tariff it placed on Canadian timber products two weeks ago, only to find that Washington has raised the stakes with yet a third duty.

Mr Michael Wilson, the Canadian Finance Minister, has announced that Canada was restoring duties on a range of books, periodicals and other publications from the US; computer parts and semi-conductors; and several smaller trade items.

The duties will bring in some Can\$80 million (about £38 million) a year.

The move is in retaliation for a 35 per cent tariff imposed by the Reagan Administration on Canadian shingles and shakes on May 22.

Meanwhile the US International Trade Commission voted on Monday to tax Canadian steel products used in drilling oil and gas wells.

The commission upheld a complaint by American producers that imports from Canada and Taiwan were "subsidized and under-priced".

Spassky beats Timman to take the lead

Bugojno, Yugoslavia (AP) — Boris Spassky, the former world chess champion now playing for France, took the lead in the incomplete seventh round of the Grand Masters tournament here by defeating Jan Timman, of The Netherlands, in 40 moves.

Another former world champion, Anatoly Karpov, of the Soviet Union, and Tony Miles, of Britain, adjourned after the 41st move in a much better position for Miles, who played black. Andrei Sokolov and Artur Yusupov, the Soviet grandmasters, drew on the 36th move.

Cairo persuades Iraq to save condemned forgers

From A Correspondent, Cairo

Iraq has bowed to diplomatic pressure from Cairo and commuted death sentences on 10 Egyptians convicted of forging passports and "sabotaging the national economy".

Mr Tariq Aziz, the Iraqi Foreign Minister, confirmed the decision after a two-day visit to Baghdad by his Egyptian counterpart, Dr Esmat Abdel Meguid, in which he

lobbied for reduced sentences. Mr Aziz said that President Saddam Hussein had decided to reduce the sentences to life imprisonment "in response to a request by his brother, President Hosni Mubarak".

It was clear, however, that it was a reluctant decision. President Saddam had confirmed the death sentences and an execution date had been set.

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Defence report paves the way for Australian forces revamp

From Stephen Taylor, Sydney

The long-awaited Dibb Report — described by Canberra as the most comprehensive review of Australia's defences since the Second World War — has reaffirmed priorities to make the country more self-reliant in the face of a potential threat from the north.

The report paves the way for a restructuring of the armed forces, based on three principles:

● That Australia will exert its military independence for 1,000 nautical miles around its coastline, but will not again be required to commit forces externally — for example, to a conflict in the Philippines.

● That surveillance over the northern horizon be accelerated and expanded.

● That air and naval strike capability be sharpened.

The lead-up to the tabling of the report in Parliament yesterday was touched by the sensitivities of Indonesia and the United States.

A 9,000-word section dealing with the contingency of an

invasion by "a regional power" has been kept classified, to avoid antagonizing the Indonesians.

Although a vehement attack on Australia in the Indonesian Army newspaper this week indicates that the April agreements with Canberra still rankle in Jakarta, the report states that Indonesia will not be strong enough militarily to invade before the end of the century.

The Australian Government has also been anxious to reassure the US by emphasizing its commitment to the Anzus alliance, citing the report as a review of defence capability, rather than of defence policy.

There have been persistent reports, denied by Canberra, that when Mr Kim Beazley, the Minister of Defence, visited Washington in May he encountered criticism that the review was isolationist and based on a concept of "fortress Australia".

The man behind the report is Mr Paul Dibb, a senior research fellow in strategic studies at the Australian National University who was born in Yorkshire, and author of the book, *Soviet Union: Incomplete Superpower*.

The call to improve surveillance of the northern coastline is one striking aspect of the report. An Australian over-the-horizon radar system known as Jindalee, still under trial, has been given Mr Dibb's emphatic endorsement with recommendations that its use be expanded and accelerated.



Mr Kim Beazley: "Fortress Australia" reports denied.



Anti-war protesters lie in simulation of death at the foot of the Colosseum in Rome, where armed forces marched past to mark the 40th anniversary of the Italian Republic on Sunday.

Royal Navy joins Japanese in Pacific exercises

From David Watts, Tokyo

The Royal Navy and Japanese naval forces are exercising together for the first time on a large scale since the First World War in the Pacific (Rimpac) exercises off Hawaii.

The Royal Navy is taking part in Rimpac '86 for the first time since the United States decided not to invite participation in this year's manoeuvres by the Royal New Zealand Navy after the breakdown of

defence relations between Washington and Wellington over port visits by nuclear-armed American ships.

The Canadian and Australian navies have also joined the largest participating force, from the US Navy.

The last time the Royal Navy and the Japanese worked together on such a scale was when the Japanese Imperial Navy dispatched the cruisers Nataka and Tsushima to the Cape of Good Hope in early 1917 at the request of

Sir Edward Grey, the then Foreign Secretary.

At that time, two flotillas of Japanese destroyers also were sent to assist the Royal Navy in the Mediterranean.

This time the Japanese and British fleets will again find themselves on the same side — most of the time. According to the Japanese press, American, British and Japanese fleets will join forces to relieve the "occupation" of Hawaii and to eliminate "enemy" forces along the way, from the US west coast.

Poll setback limits Ecuador options in balancing books

Quito (Reuters) — The conservative President Leon Febres Cordero of Ecuador faces increasing difficulty in imposing austerity on his oil-exporting nation after successes by his opponents in mid-term elections to Congress.

Bankers and diplomats say that President Febres Cordero now faces the challenge of carrying out delicate negotiations with foreign creditors to secure foreign exchange against the background of a hostile Congress. Ecuador is squeezed by low prices for oil, its main export.

Returns from Sunday's polls show the centre-left and Marxist parties won 55.5 per cent of the vote against 35.5 per cent for pro-government parties. Nine per cent went to neutral, centrist parties.

The newly-elected deputies will take office in August, ending control of Congress by the pro-American Senator Febres Cordero halfway through his four-year term.

Senior Alvaro Saenz, a sociologist and head of a Quito polling and research centre, said: "The opponents in Congress will harass the Government at a time when it will try

to impose hard-line economic measures to grapple with an oil price fall."

The Ecuador Congress can impeach or oust ministers with a simple majority vote, and bankers say that the Finance Minister or other ministers could become targets for harassment.

Austerity measures have been mild this year, with the Government trimming its Budget by only 5 per cent and imposing import tariff surcharges of up to 30 per cent.

But uncertainty about future measures prompted a devaluation of the national currency by about 5 per cent before trading in dollars was suspended on Thursday.

Quito still glimmers with prosperity created by an oil boom in the 1970s.

But bankers and diplomats speculate that austerity options include another devaluation and an increase in the price of petrol.

Memories are fresh of the 14 per cent petrol increase and 21 per cent devaluation in March 1983 which sparked a general strike and protest in which one person died and more than 50 were wounded.

Peking and Tokyo join forces on trade loss

From A Correspondent, Peking

The largest trade meeting ever held between China and Japan ended in Peking at the weekend with both sides pledging to cut China's large deficit with Japan.

The 163-member Japanese delegation of government officials and business leaders proposed to help China to increase its ability to export to produce export-quality goods.

The 160-strong Chinese delegation promised to improve the quality and packaging of Chinese products, to speed delivery and to develop new commodities.

Japan's economic and financial presence in China has become a matter of great concern to both countries.

Late last year Chinese student demonstrations in Peking, Xian, Wuhan and Chengdu denounced "the second Japanese invasion of China" (the first being the Japanese occupation of Manchuria in the 1930s).

Two billboards advertising Japanese goods near Tiananmen Square in Peking were taken down, and imports of Japanese consumer goods, including automobiles, were banned for two years.

Most vexing to both sides has been China's large trade deficit with Japan. In 1985 that deficit totalled \$3.2 billion (£3.5 billion).

China, involved in its massive modernization drive, cannot afford such trade imbalances; and the Japanese do not want to antagonize China further.

Japanese businesses proposed 84 co-operation projects, while the Chinese put forward some 100, involving mainly agriculture and petrochemicals, garments and electrical machinery.

Ershad to keep rule by military

From Ahmed Fazi, Dhaka

President Ershad of Bangladesh said yesterday that he would not lift martial law before holding presidential elections. But he gave no date for the poll.

He told a private news agency that he was not prepared to heed Opposition demands immediately to lift martial law, which is now in its fifth year. "I cannot lift martial law before presidential polls."

His refusal came as the Awami League and seven other parties called a protest rally for the capital today.

General Ershad said that he would summon the Parliament later this month and ask the House to pass a constitutional amendment legalizing his rule as chief martial law administrator.

Asian visit: General Ershad left Dhaka yesterday for Bhutan on the first of several visits to build closer ties with South-East Asian countries.

Gandhi Pakistan visit delayed by treaty texts

From Hassan Akhtar, Islamabad

A visit to Pakistan by the Indian Prime Minister, Mr Rajiv Gandhi, has been delayed because the texts of two agreements between the countries have not been completed, Pakistan's Parliament was told yesterday.

President Zia had made a personal invitation to Mr Gandhi in December to visit Pakistan, when the agreements were expected to have been signed.

Mr Mohammad Khan Junjo, the Prime Minister, said at question time in the National Assembly that it was not known when Mr Gandhi would now visit Pakistan.

The lower House was told that the visit had been delayed because the texts had not been completed for a proposed agreement that each other's nuclear installations should not be attacked; and another combining Pakistan's proposal of a non-aggression pact with India's suggestion of a treaty of peace, friendship and co-operation.

Official Indian statements reported in the press had indicated that Mr Gandhi was unlikely to visit Pakistan soon because of a perceptible lack of enthusiasm to pursue talks on normalisation of relations between the countries.

Tanaka to fight election

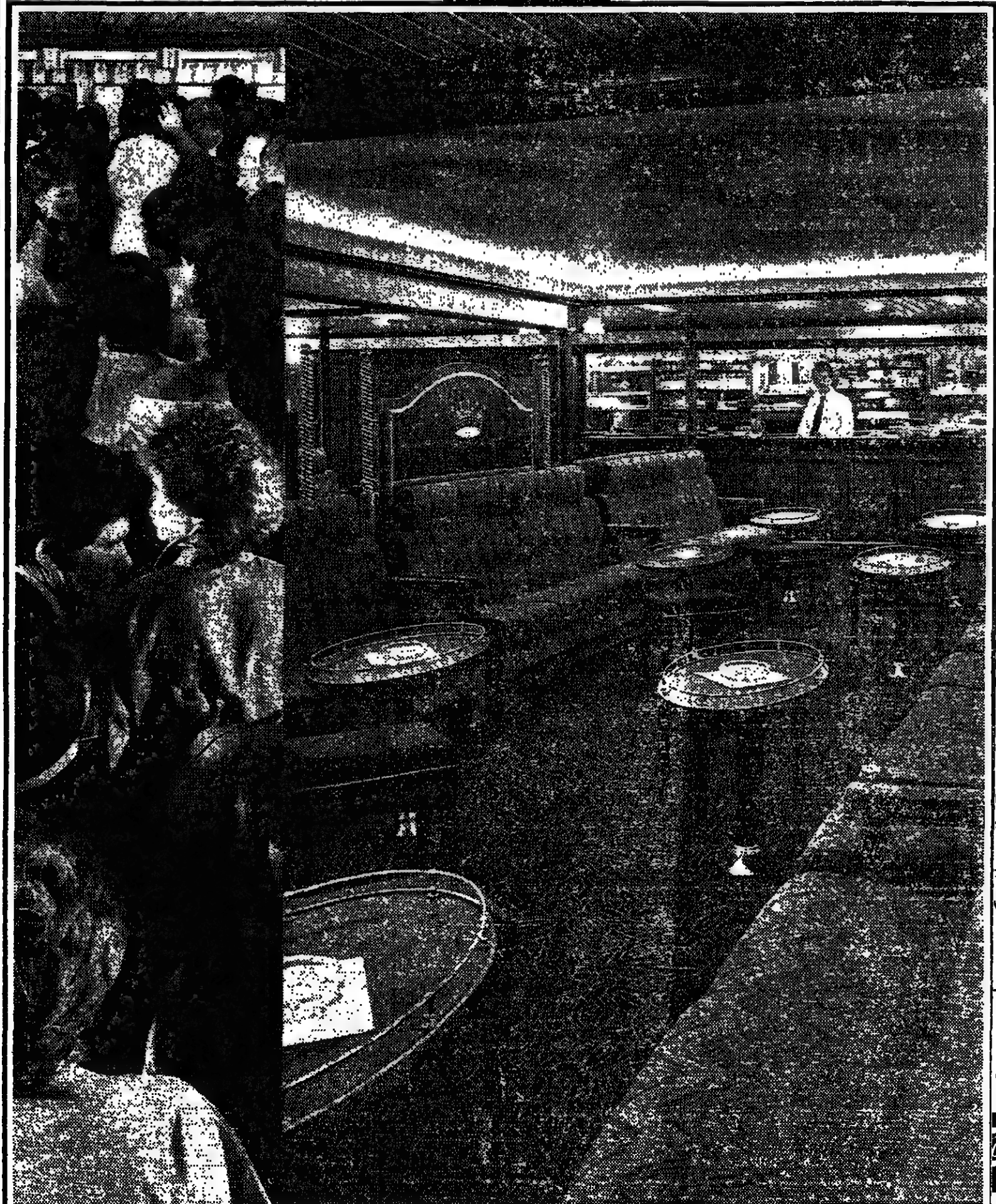
Tokyo — Mr Kakuei Tanaka, the former Japanese Prime Minister, is to run in the general election on July 6 even though has been out of active political life for 15 months after a stroke (David Watts writes).

A magazine published by

his supporters has printed colour photographs of the former leader under the headline "Preparing for a comeback days for recharging."

Although Mr Tanaka has not made a public appearance since his stroke, the magazine says he is recovering steadily.

FOLKESTONE



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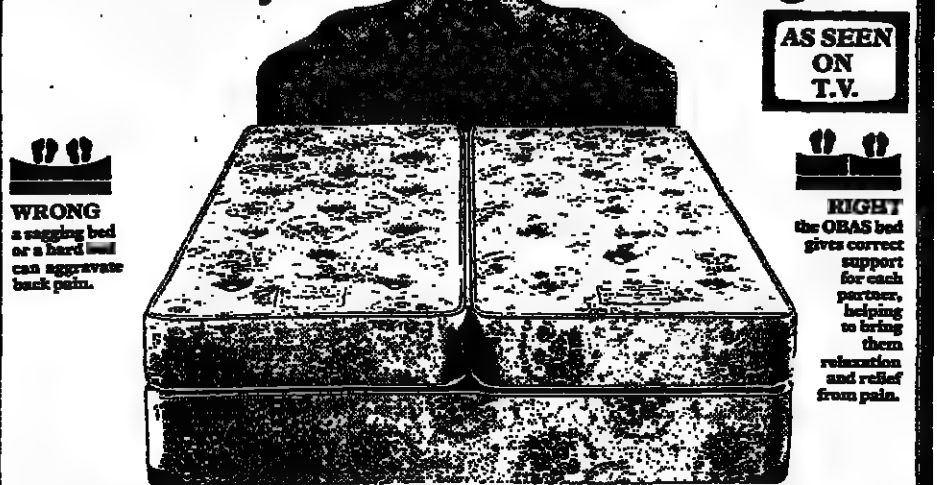
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SPECTRUM

Danger in the Spanish sun

As the Basque

members step up
main campaign
Basque separatist
groups, ETA
makers unworried
by the blasts

If proof were needed that the current bombing campaign being waged along the Spanish coast by the Basque separatist organization Eta is failing in its objective of undermining tourism, one might look no further than the Mr Cervantes 1986 competition.

This is not a literary competition for the authors of picaresque novels. No, sir. It is an international trial of all that is quonchiest and most macho on the Costa del Sol. And it was brought to a triumphant conclusion in the early hours of yesterday morning.

To enter, it was necessary only to be an uninhibited male guest in the Hotel Cervantes in Torremolinos — the very establishment at which, only a week ago yesterday, Eta exploded its first bomb this year.

"A bomb, yes, but such a little, little bomb," pleads Pedro Fagoaga, the 400-room four-star hotel's genial general manager, himself a Basque. "The damage is very, very small. It was six in the morning and nobody heard it. It was — he searches for the word — a 'ridiculous bomb'."

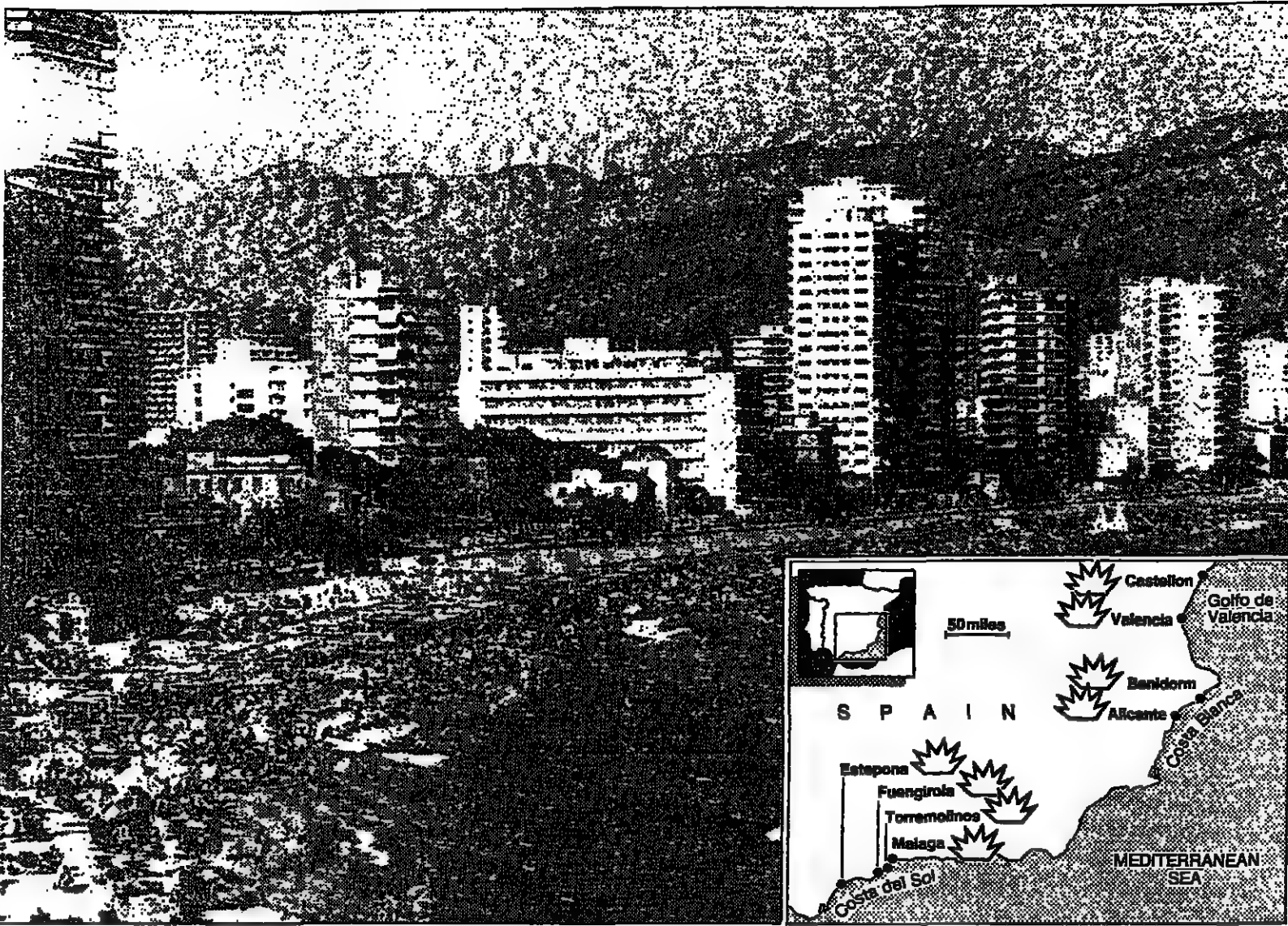
But a bomb it was, and the first of several small devices that up till yesterday Eta had planted along the Mediterranean coastline, which attracts six million visitors a year from Britain alone. It went off in a ceiling panel at the side of the hotel foyer, and more than made up for its failure to wake the guests by the shock waves it sent through the Spanish tourist industry.

Yet they seemed to be subsiding. A local paper headline on Mr Fagoaga's desk proclaimed: "The Eta bombs have not affected tourism", and quoted spokesmen for the British tour firms Thomson, Horizon and Intasun as reporting no cancellations whatsoever — yet.

Mr Fagoaga himself, now coming clean about his own bomb (at first the hotel insisted it was a "gas explosion"), is optimistic. "I don't think it's going to have any effect at all," he said. "Look around. People are enjoying themselves."

People indeed were wandering about quite unconcerned, buying pints of lager, wearing funny hats, eating eggs and chips and doing all the other things people go to Spain for.

And when it came to the beloved evening moment — which might be termed hair-letting-down-time — that is so much a part of this colourful coast and its traditions, people hung back not one jot. Though



it must be said that the Mr Cervantes competition did not encourage hanging back.

The organizers, the audience and the finalists, having eaten dinner in the Don Quixote restaurant or the Sancho Panza cafeteria, assembled in the Dulcinea ballroom for the coming struggle, and when asked about bombs, professed themselves not bothered.

Displaying a complete lack of either, for instance, was Johnny, the Spanish master of ceremonies, a 44-year-old Catalan Lionel Blair lookalike with slim hips, Cuban heels and a ravaged yet still youthful face. If you think of the Mr Cervantes competition as the Eurovision Song Contest writ small — very small — then Johnny represented Katie Boyle, possessed of a similar fluency in the art of knowing a small number of words in a large number of languages.

France! Un point! England! Two points! España! Tres puntos! Deutschland! Vier puntos! Italia! Cinque puntos! "Bombs, is nothing!" Johnny snorted. "It's a stupid something. Every year it's the same. I do know who says about it, here in Spain nobody knows, is nothing, nothing, nothing!"

Similarly — although perhaps less exuberantly — un-

concerned were the audience, a small United Nations of 400 holiday-makers, the Germans, Dutch, Belgians, Danes, Italians and French all cool in their lightweight suits and the British relaxing as hard as they could in their tweed sports jackets and thick leather sandals with thick woolly socks. (No, be fair, the more adventurous young Brits wear white shoes.)

And quite at ease were the finalists in this supreme test of manhood, two young Italians from Grosseto and Naples, both in estate agency, they said, and two galling British lads, 19-year-old Kim Clark from Scarborough, who works in his father's hotel, and 34-year-old James Shaw from Letchworth, Herts, who works in suspended ceilings.

Bombs? They too were not bothered. "I'm not bothered," said James. "They won't bomb this place twice, will they?" Added Kim: "I'm having a great holiday."

As far as the Mr Cervantes 1986 contest was concerned, their confidence was well founded. The first heat, involving half a minute of press-ups, passed off undisturbed, apart from the collapse of young Mr Clark half way through.

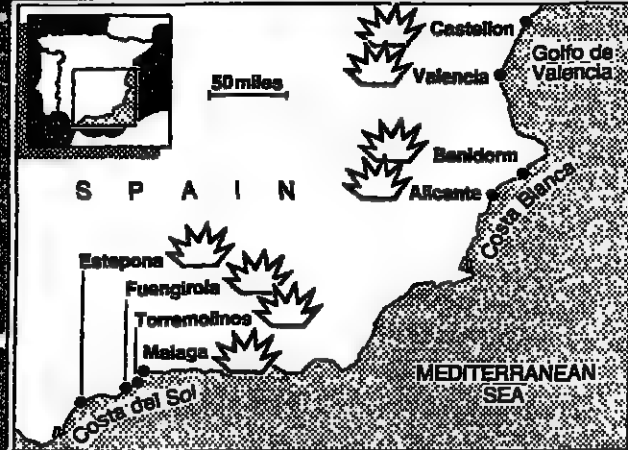
Next, the bare-chested muscle-flexing went without a hitch. The miming to a rock

'n' roll record was as completely unhindered by international terrorism as the subsequent imitation by the four contestants of the noises of their five favourite animals. The final stage, with the candidates required to parade in their girlfriends' clothes and make-up, was perfectly without untoward incident all the way through to the final strip-tease.

But the thought did occur that if the Eta bomb, which exploded only a few yards from the scene of these proceedings, had instead gone off during them and had perhaps been slightly larger, the cheers and laughter that accompanied the closing stages of the Mr Cervantes contest would have changed to something very different. Four hundred people packed in a room, tasting fun, enjoying their hard-earned holiday: a fragile happiness in the world of the bomb planter.

At the moment, though, while the Basque terrorists are giving telephone warnings of small bombs designed to hit property rather than people, British holiday-makers in Spain are still drinking lager, buying funny hats and eating eggs and chips without a care in the world.

There is, in fact, only one cloud on the horizon for us Brits down here in Torremolinos: the Mr Cervantes title went to Italy.



BOMBING CAMPAIGN

1985: May 1, Benidorm: First explosion in the Eta beach bombing campaign. All the initial bombs are small.

May 2, Valencia: Second bomb explodes.

May 3, Alicante: Two more bombs explode.

May 4, Alicante: Another small blast.

May 9, Costa Blanca: Police find four unexploded bombs. Eta claim there are four more: none found.

August 1, Benidorm: Bomb explodes near beachside phone box, slightly injuring two Swedish tourists.

August 2, Castellon: Blast demolishes empty restaurant just before dawn. Spanish living nearby dies of heart attack.

1986: May 27, Torremolinos: Early morning explosion at Cervantes Hotel causes little damage, does not even wake guests.

Police said was due to a gas leak, but Eta claim they planted a bomb. May 29, Fuengirola: Blast at four-star Hotel Las Palmeras. Advance warning from anonymous phone caller prompts the evacuation of more than 500 guests.

May 29, Torremolinos: Bomb found and safely defused at Hotel Melia. Eta say they planted it.

May 31, Malaga: Police acting on anonymous phone warning remove unexploded bomb from Malaga Palacio Hotel.

May 31, Benidorm: Close to midnight, bomb explodes in bathroom at Las Garzas Hotel. Chunks of ceiling plaster shower down on occupants of rooms nearby, but there are no serious injuries.

June 2, Estepona: Small bomb explodes at Atalaya Park Hotel. No one injured.

Soaring back to the future

Fifty years after its brief and tragic heyday, the passenger airship is back and flying. George Hill took a trip

The gatekeeper had a gleam in his eye, as he stood outside the tent in a muddy field near Watford, which serves as the air terminal for the world's first passenger airship service in almost 50 years.

"I've been wanting to be involved in this since 1939", he hissed ecstatically, while passengers stumbled back across the rough turf after a costly but exhilarating spin in the aerial cruise liner of yesterday — and perhaps tomorrow. The airship itself waited, like a tethered cloud, for its next load of passengers.

Once, airships seemed to have the future on their side, majestically riding the skies at a time when aeroplanes were spindly insects. For two generations, though, the triumph of the plane has been complete. But still a few dogged people persisted, ready to bear endless disappointments in their determination to prove that the way to fly is to float. The public image of airships is one of obsolescence, and of the spectacular tragedies that overcame the Hindenburg and the R-101. The new passenger service will, it is hoped, change that.

Organized by Airship Industries, the passenger rides, which continue until June 15, are as much an exercise in public familiarization and reassurance as a commercial proposition. The ship's main role at present is as a flying billboard, while the sightseeing trips over central London serve to fill the Skyship's half-dozen seats. The service was fully booked almost as soon as it was announced.

The Skyship 500 is a surprisingly lively flier, aiming its nose upwards at takeoff and climbing rapidly. Like a light plane, it sways in passing currents of air and banks as it turns. As a London sightseeing tour at £100 a ride it is rather expensive, but dull would not be of soul who would not be touched by the sight of a great city from 1,000 feet on a fine day. Swinging over north London, we could see a black

dog swimming in circles in a pond on Hampstead Heath, and the rabbit-hutch in my own back garden.

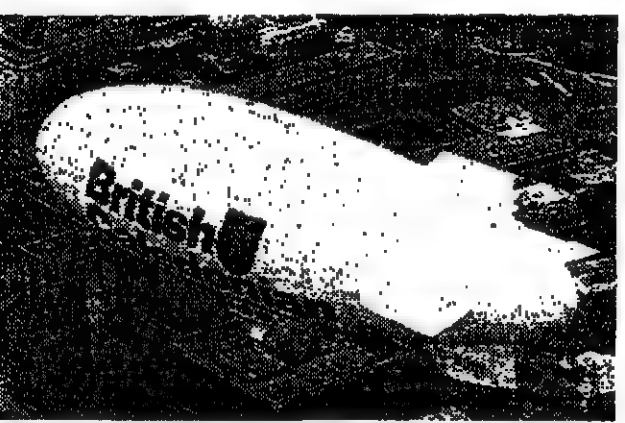
Airship Industries has six of its Skyships flying or being built on four continents, and in partnership with Westinghouse it has tendered for a US Navy contract to build a prototype early warning surveillance vessel. This airship would be almost 20 times the size of present craft, and would have a 35-ton payload.

The overall silhouette looks very like the airships of the past. Roger Munk, designer-engineer of the new ships, says: "But 99 per cent of the ship involves totally new materials and concepts." Computer controls, vector-thrust propellers and advanced lightweight materials make possible large improvements in efficiency (the polycarbonate envelope is gas-proofed internally with a layer of food-wrapping film).

Inflammable hydrogen gas and a rigid metal structure — the two main safety weaknesses of the old airships — have been eliminated from post-war craft, which have carried more than a million people since 1945 without a fatality. More than once, people have taken pot-shots at them from the ground, but the ships have cruised on.

"The old ships often used to buckle and collapse in air turbulence", Munk says. "They could be several hundred yards long, but their metal frameworks weighed only about a hundred tons. Modern materials should allow for ships twice as big as our US navy design without any need for a frame. A non-rigid ship can be designed to buckle in turbulence and recover."

It is impossible to hurry a balloon along too quickly. Skyships have a top speed of about 60 mph, and future ships are unlikely to attain much more than 150. "They will be able to compete for jobs where speed is not too important", says Munk, "and where endurance, lifting-power and spaciousness count."



Sight worth seeing: Airship Industries' six-passenger craft

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What, no scorcher?

After the dismal late spring we have just endured, one popular misconception has kept up some people's spirits: that after a cold winter we are due for a good summer. Sadly this belief represents the triumph of hope over experience.

Temperature records for central England since 1680 show that the 30 coldest winters were followed by cool or very cool summers more often than by warm or very warm summers. So on the basis of the statistics we should expect bad summers following bad winters.

The assumption about being due for a good summer is not, however, a long-standing one. Folklore is virtually silent on what follows a cold winter. Far more attention is given to what happens in spring — witness the behaviour of the oak and the ash:

If the oak is out before the ash,
It will be a summer of wet
and splash;

But if the ash is before the oak,
It will be a summer of fire
and smoke.

This attention to the progress of vegetation is hardly surprising. The timing of the emergence of leaf and blossom can vary by several weeks from year to year, so it is inevitable that it should be seen as a sign of things to come. This year the ash has emerged first.

The relatively recent link between cold winters and warm summers could stem from the extremes of 1947. An exceptionally severe winter, with the coldest February on record, was followed by possibly the wettest spring since 1727 and then a blazing summer. This seems to have reinforced the experience of 1940 when another exceptionally cold winter was followed by a fine summer with a notably warm sunny June.

A strange, wet winter
and a miserable
spring. Dare we hope
for a hot summer?

In fact 1947 is the only example in the past 300 years when a truly cold winter has been followed by an outstandingly warm summer. In any case last winter was not particularly cold overall. Its combination of a very mild December, wet January and frozen February has no close equivalent in the past 300 years. So what can we expect following such an odd winter and a dismal spring?

Robert Ratcliffe, former head of the Meteorological Office's long range forecast group, and his one-time colleague, Ned Davis, have been

examining weather records for many years. Their analysis for this summer makes exceedingly gloomy reading: the odds are heavily in favour of a very cool summer.

This forecast is supported by the recent abnormally low sea surface temperatures in the Atlantic, north of 40 degrees N and around the British Isles, and the patterns in the upper atmosphere. With this evidence they have gone out on a limb and suggested that the summer of 1986 could be the worst since 1956 — another year that featured a bitter February and a miserable April.

The one ray of hope is that while the great majority of parallels involve outstandingly awful summers, a small minority featured scorches. So you never know...

W. J. Burroughs

CONCISE CROSSWORD NO 967

ACROSS	1 Light fun racer (6)	11 Restore (5)	18 Butsheva's husband (5)
2 Canoe victim (6)	12 Compact cabbage (5)	19 Force (9)	20 Ethoxyethane (5)
3 1977 Wimbledon woman champion (4)	13 Storm (4)	21 Agile (5)	22 Accused's stand (4)
4 Sittidae bird (8)	14 Hickory nut (5)	23 Mix up (4)	
5 Vehicle shelters (8)			
6 School servant (3)			
7 US space launch centre (4,9)			
8 New flower (3)			
9 Just married (8)			
10 Rebound (8)			
11 Fire turf (4)			
12 Neckband (6)			
13 Film splicer (6)			

DOWN

1 Sans (4)
2 Abducted (9)
3 Glide/pause dance (5)
4 Choral anthem (5)
5 Harvest (4)
6 Spanish bayonet (5)
7 Hickory nut (5)

SOLUTION TO NO 966

ACROSS: 1 Succo 5 Hare 8 Orbit 9 Exposed 11 Research 13 Atop 15 Accented-prone 17 Emit 18 Libretti 21 Enforce 22 Shift 23 Snub 24 Tablet

DOWN: 2 Tubes 3 Cot 4 Overconfident 5 Hope 6 Risono 7 Journalist 10 Depreciate 12 Aide 14 Spur 16 Chiffon 19 Twice 20 Grub 22 Sob

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WEDNESDAY PAGE

Putting love into sex education

The Government is pressing schools to incorporate family virtues into sex lessons — but many teachers believe they have never really been absent

Will Britain shortly be breeding a new "moral" generation to take over from the current permissive society? Will children soon be leaving school with a due appreciation for traditional two-parent family and a disapproval of homosexuality along with their O- and A-levels?

This week the House of Lords approved an amendment to the Education Act which, for the first time in Britain, prescribes that sex education should inculcate "moral considerations and the value of family life." For the conservatives who pressed for it, the amendment is a first step on the path back to what they consider decent, healthy traditional values.

Lord Buckmaster, aged 65, former diplomat and Arabist who was behind the amendment believes that sex education in many British schools is "amoral if not downright immoral."

Schools should pass on an ideal of the family "in the traditional sense as a life-giving force — not some of the modern variants which have come to be accepted."

He admits that the number of children from one-parent families or broken homes — since one in three marriages now ends in divorce — makes things difficult. "You have to be tolerant and flexible but still try to inculcate the idea of a stable family life."

During discussion of the Education

Act Lord Buckmaster cited excerpts from sex education materials he considered aberrant, including *Make It Happy*, a well-known book by Jane Cousins which won the *Times Education Supplement* senior information book award.

The book is a straightforward guide to sex, its pleasures, problems, and dangers. Lord Buckmaster objected in particular to its statement that incest was "not particularly uncommon, especially between brothers and sisters." (The book also stresses that incest is considered a serious crime and tells young people in this situation where to seek help.)

He criticised other books which, he said, taught that homosexual relationships were "in every way as right as other relationships", that many marriages do not work out and that some people choose to live together without marrying.

One family situation he found particularly distressing was depicted in a book for children called *Jenny Lives with Eric and Martin*, about a little girl spending a weekend with her father and his homosexual lover.

Nevertheless Lord Buckmaster believes that once it becomes law the amendment will be a weapon parents can use, through the courts if necessary, to get schools to fall into line.

Much of his ammunition was provided by Mrs Valerie Riches of Family and Youth Concern, who links sex education to increasing numbers of teenage preg-

nancies, illegitimacy, promiscuity, disease and broken marriages.

Sex education, she says, has become increasingly explicit and all-pervading, to the extent that a sex book for the 1986 GCE and GCSE Biology, called *Biology for Life*, contains a chapter on sex, which she objects to particularly because it

presents homosexuality as a form of sexual act which does not result in pregnancy — not, she says, a thing to tell 14 to 15 year-olds.

She hopes the amendment will force the Government to pay attention to what is being taught in schools and to the fact

that sex education has to be curtailed. The amendment is "a chink which can open up into a much better future."

Anyone who talks to head teachers and education officials about sex education would not believe that they were living in the same country as Lord Buckmaster and Mrs Riches.

"Most schools already give sex education in the context of morality and loving, caring relationships," says Mr Arthur Lingard, head teacher at Billericay Comprehensive School. "We are aware of the pressures young people are under and the damage they can do to themselves, psychologically and physically."

"We advise them against premarital sex and that what is important is not only getting married but staying married."

How sex education is imparted in Britain varies from school to school. In most it has spread out of the biology class into courses on life skills, health education and other contexts in which personal relationships and responsibilities, not just the purely biological aspects, are discussed.

"It goes through the whole curriculum," says Mrs Anne Jones, head teacher of Cranford Community School, Hounslow. "We have some in science, some in Physical Education, some in Health Education, some in English — there are very few subjects it does not come into."

Mr David Whitbread, under-secretary for Education at the Association of

County Councils, pointed out that sex education often started in primary school, with warnings about not going off with strangers and simple lessons on where babies come from. It develops as the pupils grow older "and by the time they are 16 or 17 years old you are talking about things like not treating the other sex as objects for brief moments of pleasure."

Education officers stress that sex education is discussed and agreed on in advance by head teachers with the school governors and parents. They find it hard to see what the amendment could possibly change. Teachers stress that they have to be very tactful in classes when there are all sorts of family situations. When one marriage in three ends in divorce they cannot tell children that only one family model is the right one.

In the end the difference between the conservatives and the education world boils down to: what is morality?

"We always keep everything against a moral backdrop. If you act morally you set everything in a context of love and stability and do not go round condemning people," says Mrs Jones. "Part of being moral is being tolerant about people in different life situations. It's no deal really. The amendment wants it to be put in a moral context and we totally support that. That's what we've been doing these past 25 years."

Patricia Clough

Coordinated style of a clone prince

Joseph Ettedgui's up-market designs have filtered down to the high-street chains.

Bryan Appleyard meets a modern master

Joseph Ettedgui is dressed in black except for a white shirt, striped in black, and a tie, dotted with white. He wears glasses with slender black rims and his chin is covered with grizzled "designer stubble" of about the same length as his hair.

Since his head is more or less perfectly oval, the effect is like that of a child's puzzle picture — the face is still a face when you turn the book upside down. He is small, brown and somewhat wizened and his huge Jamaican cigar is rather out of proportion. But the net effect is refreshingly coordinated, an affront to the unthinking disharmony of one's own attire.

Coordination is what Joseph — as he is known by everybody from Companies House to his bar staff — is all about. He coordinates at the rate of about £10 million a year, and is personally responsible for some hair-raising credit card accounts among normally cautious middle-class women.

He designs clothes and he sells them with an easy instinctive logic to the women who know the horror of what Joseph calls "mistakes in your wardrobe". He is, in some ways, the godfather of today's high street revolution and he can make bits of London fashionable faster than you can find them in your A to Z.

Suitably enough for a man whose style derives so clearly from the tropical-exotic urban chic of the 1930s, he was born in Casablanca to a Moroccan Jewish family. His father ran a furniture store and, until his early twenties, Joseph helped out. Family ambition required that he become a lawyer, but, by then, life in Morocco had deteriorated because of the political climate and the boy came to make his fortune in London.

He arrived in the late 1950s with just enough money to pay his

way through a hairdressing course. He took a job with Richard Henry, a company with a long chain of London salons, and rose to become manager of the Sloane Square branch.

"I enjoyed hairdressing because I am very impatient and with hair you see what you have achieved within an hour. Also unconsciously you learn how to deal with people and you get a feeling for every angle of a woman." He speaks with a thick accent made unfamiliar by the mixture of influences from his two mother tongues, French and Spanish.

Joseph set out on his own with a salon in the King's Road at the beginning of the 1960s, just as the road was just taking on the chic,

'So important not to feel overcrowded'

febrile quality which was to make it emblematic of that decade. Thanks to that and his ability to make and sustain connections, Joseph's shop was a success. But by 1963 it ran into difficulties, as rents rose, and it became clear that he could only stay in the King's Road by diversifying away from the limited profitability of hairdressing.

So he began by placing a few clothes he had bought from Paris in the reception area. He formed a connection with the designer Kenzo and began systematically bringing his clothes into London. Hairdressing finally disappeared altogether. But by the end of the Sixties, the "life" of the King's Road had begun to lose some of its gloss.

"I have always had to adapt myself, to change things depending on the feeling of people coming



Joseph Ettedgui: relentlessly coordinated, an affront to the disharmony of one's own attire

into the shop. By about 1968 the road had become very tatty.

"So I took the plunge and found a place in Knightsbridge. That was Kenzo. That shop was great — it became like a little club. Now we always have that feeling in our shops — a good relationship with the clients and a friendly, family atmosphere."

Again, Joseph was just ahead of the fashionable crowd in his

choice of location. Knightsbridge usurped the King's Road's role as the home of high cost, high fashion. He was to do the same in South Molton Street and Sloane Street; now he has colonized the area west of Knightsbridge around Draycott Avenue.

"I get a big kick out of being there first — seeing a dead street gradually come to life day by day. When Benetton and shops like

that move in I begin to lose interest. I love the feeling of building up something and stimulating the staff, the challenge and the pressure is very important."

"It's the same with the design of our places. Norman Foster did a beautiful job with our corner shop in Sloane Street but everybody said we'd left the scaffolding in or something. Six months later everybody was ripping off the ideas

6 I get a kick out of being there first, seeing a dead street come to life

— that was the beginning of hi-tech in shop design."

Now Joseph has 21 shops, two of them in New York, three in Paris and the rest, including two cafes, in London. He arranges them in small clusters in his key areas and, these days, they are all designed by Eva Jiricna in a hard, faintly art deco style. They are characterized by a sparseness of furniture, fittings or ornament and relatively few lines of stock. "You should always have a bit of fresh air," he says. "It's so important not to feel overcrowded." The clothes that are there are carefully arranged so that they always coordinate.

Eight years ago Joseph was approached by a factory owner in Stevenage who had been making skiwear and army clothes and wanted to become a fashion supplier. Joseph took up the offer and became a designer overnight.

"It was not changing shapes — more a case of research into colour, quality and details. It was never really like sitting down and designing things. This man just showed us a pullover and we said perhaps make it a little bit wider or whatever."

The result is that Joseph is as much a designer as a retailer and wholesaler and exporting his own clothes has become a significant part of his business. The influence of his total package has been enormous. The high street chain Next obviously owes its style of carefully coordinated and controlled lines to Joseph's inspiration.

He is reluctant to anatomize his customers but some kind of typical Joseph woman emerges from his talk. Her age is, perhaps, irrelevant, though it is almost certainly between 16 and 45, and she goes shopping two or three times in a six-month season. At his shop she may spend £250 on a few items and, because of the coordination, these should give her a whole variety of different outfits with no "mistakes in the wardrobe".

The number and fidelity of these women mean that it has all worked like a dream and given Joseph, at the age of 50, something dangerously like a big company. He has now been joined by his two brothers, Franklin and Maurice, and rumours from the City strongly suggest that he is about to go public though, for the moment, he denies this.

He is frightened at the whole

prospect of size, of losing his small-scale thrills at pioneering in uncharted areas of the West End, then sitting back and watching the BMWs nose tentatively in after him.

But, whatever happens, his impact is undeniable. He has been one of those designer-businessmen who has turned fashion and the whole idea of a designer look into a way of life rather than simply a label on one's clothes.

It is an extraordinary achievement, but it is also a slightly chilling one. For his success is built upon the new and terrifying culture-less international middle class — a barbaric community of skiers, narcissists and hustlers — who have emerged hardened against the sentimentality of the

'It is very international now for everybody'

Sixties but determined to preserve that decade's hedonism.

It is appropriate that the deracinated Joseph, who now never returns to Morocco and whose two sons have become so English, should be the one to interpret the wishes of this tribe so accurately and with such unerring foresight.

The barbarians want simple understated clothes in which the initiated can spot quality. They must be neither too classic nor too wild — the barbarians are nothing if not compromisers.

As a tribe they, like Joseph, were not in the front of the queue when the senses of irony were handed out. As a result they love the slightly witless, sombre quality of his style. Disconcertingly, Joseph derives pleasure from this flavourless clientele.

"Let me tell you: for the type of people which is exactly the same everywhere. They like more or less the same things, they say the same things, there is very little difference. It is very international now for everybody, I think."

He speaks, of course, of the ultimate hell of coordination where the people match as well as the clothes, where everything is fresh, airy and ordered in a way that it wasn't, one suspects, in Casablanca. The problem is that for Joseph, this cloned world of the humourless and exquisitely dressed seems like paradise enough.

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Early lessons in bitter reality

TALKBACK

From Mrs E. Rodgers, Pulborough Road, Storrington, West Sussex

My initial reaction to All in the Family Way (Monday Page, May 26), was shock. Thinking about it afterwards I came to the conclusion that perhaps childhood — as a preparation for life — is unnecessary. Why not treat children simply as small adults from the word go and introduce them to all the realities which may one day form part of their

life? If a child is present when a baby is conceived then there is

no need for sex instruction in the schools. Watching the birth of a baby — blood, pain and everything — will make quite clear to both sexes what is the natural outcome of mating. A day or two spent in an abortion clinic and watching the treatment given to those with sexually-transmitted diseases, in a VD hospital, will illustrate far more clearly the outcome of irresponsibility. Children watching the death of an old relative — or a young one for that matter — will understand the transience of this life.

Frequent attendance in the law courts to watch murder, rape or robbery with violence cases will clarify what might be the outcome of talking to strangers. Experience of living among "winos" will show the effects of alcohol, and a period with out-of-work people, who have to live on social security, might encourage many young people to obtain a skill.

Certainly there is a great deal to be learnt if one is to come to terms with life, and it does seem there is no time for fairy stories, toys, wonder or romance in our present earthy society.

From Mrs S. R. Dawes, Bosman Drive, Windlesham, Surrey

The complacent attitude of the medical profession to chicken-pox appals me. To state that

and Dawn Carey shared with Emilia and Patrick the experience of Jack's conception, too?

From Mary Davis Peters, St Leonard's Terrace, London SW3

I am reluctant, indeed apprehensive, to take on the *British Medical Journal*, especially as I have not seen the "recent issue" quoted — and possibly only partially quoted — in *Medical Briefing* (Friday Page, May 23).

It is perfectly true that chicken-pox, like other fairly common illnesses, is best contracted in childhood. It is better for the child, and for the contemporaries from whom isolation is not recommended.

It is not better, however, for the adult who develops herpes zoster (shingles) after contact with a chicken-poxed child. This painful, debilitating and often long-lasting condition should not be ignored, even by anti-socialist GPs. It is actually dangerous if it affects one of the nerves connected with facial skin, and is particularly distressing in the elderly.

Have a chicken-pox party if you must, but don't invite the grandparents. And have it, if the virus is kind enough to wait a little, in the holidays.

From Mrs S. R. Dawes, Bosman Drive, Windlesham, Surrey

The complacent attitude of the medical profession to chicken-pox appals me. To state that

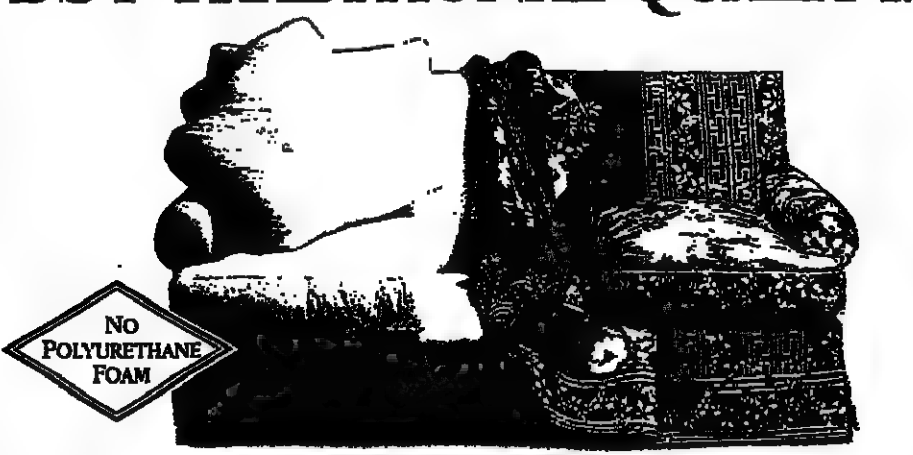
children need not be kept off school unless they feel unwell ignores the fact that these children must get to school somehow — most travel by bus — and thereby come into contact with dozens of unsuspecting adults who may not get a harmless, mild infection, but may be very ill, either with chicken-pox or, much worse, shingles. Anyone who has ever seen the pain and suffering of an elderly person months after contracting shingles must realize the importance of not spreading chicken-pox more than is necessary.

I might add that, on having chicken-pox for the second time a few years ago, I didn't have a single spot on my face and could easily have disguised the one on my neck with a polo-neck jumper, so no one would even have realized the need to avoid me had I gone out.

From Professor Paul Jackson, Department of Law, Reading University

Faithfulness to the memory of a remarkable woman requires amplification of the statement in *The Times* (Wednesday Page, May 28) that the recent appointment of a woman to a Regius Chair is the first such appointment. It may be the first appointment made on advice from Downing Street. The Regius Chair of Laws at Trinity College, Dublin was, however, held from 1944 to 1963 by Frances E. Moran.

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A HASTY CLAUSE

Have bad polls given the Government the vapours? How else to explain the extraordinary presentation of the Government's concerns in the House of Lords on Monday night when it introduced a hasty clause on sex education with scant concern for context or consequence.

A month ago the Education Bill 1986 was a welcome measure. It tipped, a little, the balance in the governance of schools towards the lay representatives. Among them it enhanced, a very little, the opportunity available to parents with children at a school to take part in discussions about school organization. The bill had a focus. Last week it became a Christmas tree breathlessly festooned with irrelevant bits and pieces.

Until now the Government has shied away from writing an agenda of what the Americans call "social issues", meaning junctures of public policy and personal belief such as abortion or the teaching of religion and morality in State-supported schools. But, within education, there have for years been advocates of changes in the 1944 Education Act and its short but specific injunctions to daily worship and religious education. The Act presupposes a Christian England and Wales which the figures for Church attendance long

ago put in doubt. A dispassionate review of the Act might be an occasion for reflection on the schools' job in moral education.

Sir Keith Joseph in his well-intentioned but woolly way suggested that schools should take more seriously their role in the transmission of values he prizes and which, incidentally, may be conducive to the country's economic recovery. But Sir Keith, a scholar, believed those values would enlighten teachers immanently, particularly if they read certain great books.

The Lady Hooper, speaking it must be assumed for Sir Keith's successor, was more ambitious. By law, teachers are to extol "family life" in teaching their charges about the facts of life. A teacher who moved from the reproductive system of the school rabbit to human anatomy without at least a detour through holy matrimony would be guilty of an offence.

A problem arises because one of the facts of many people's lives is that of dissoluble marriage. The "traditional values" that once united the vast majority of citizens are now being challenged both theoretically and in the practice of everyday. So this amendment to the Education Bill is wrong, but not because its subject matter is

trivial or extra-legal. Nor because parents are not deeply concerned with the content and the context of the sex education that may be offered their children. Some parents dislike the very idea of sex education. Where once there was a tacit consensus on subjects fit for schooling, and the moral context of their teaching, now there is wide disagreement.

Parliament is a legitimate forum for the consequent debate. A better place is the parent-teachers' meeting, the staff common room. The place, above all, for concern to be registered by parents about the content of lessons which touch on profound spiritual and personal belief is in their direct contact with teachers, notably in governors' meetings. Parental interest is the safeguard against immoral teaching.

The Education Bill is primarily about governors' and parents' powers. Let it stay that way. Before it invites MPs to join in legislative tinkering with classroom practice, the Government must produce the evidence it surely has from Her Majesty's Inspectors that sex and human reproduction are being widely taught in a slipshod or amoral way. Then let it consider whether legislative injunctions on the education authorities are the way forward.

A WAREHOUSE FIRE

It seems to be the general consensus of the police and fire authorities that the fire at the News International print warehouse in Deptford was a case of deliberate and well-planned arson. It destroyed plant, equipment and newspaper worth in total approximately £7 million. The victims of this crime were, as so often, innocent bystanders — in the form of News International's customers, mainly provincial newspapers whose newsprint was destroyed, and their insurance companies. It is only by good fortune that nobody was killed or injured in the blaze.

Such an event — involving a serious crime, major damage and risk to life — would be noteworthy in any circumstances. But the exceptional attention it has received in newspaper headlines and television news can be traced to the industrial dispute between News International and the printing unions. Such attention reflects the professional judgement of journalists and news organisations uninvolved in the dispute that, although no-one has been arrested or charged with arson, there is probably some connection between Wapping and the Deptford fire.

The two printing unions, SOGAT and the NGA, have firmly disavowed any such link. And unless evidence comes to light that plainly

establishes such a link, they have every right to do so. But the lesser evidence required to justify a reasonable surmise that the arson was the work of people sympathetic to the cause of the print unions is not hard to find.

The demonstrations mounted by the unions outside Wapping have frequently degenerated into violent riots. If some of the most violent demonstrators were not union members, the unions must nonetheless take some responsibility since they have welcomed the support of outside sympathisers.

They have also published picketing newsletters which contained the phone numbers and addresses of Wapping "scabs". That surely implies the threat of harassment, if not worse. Worse has, of course, sometimes occurred with physical attacks on people coming into work, not to mention unremitting verbal abuse. And News International and companies dealing with it have had their premises attacked because of the dispute.

The burning of the Deptford warehouse fits all too neatly into this pattern of violence and anarchy which is the work of people, whether printworkers or political sympathisers, who proclaim their sympathy for the unions' cause and which the printing

unions have not strenuously opposed.

It also serves to justify, if justification were needed, the famous barbed wire of the Wapping plant. When critics in the unions declare romantically that a good newspaper cannot be produced "in prison conditions", they should perhaps be reminded that in this case the guards and the barriers exist to keep the criminals out rather than in. What they would do if they were to gain entry in the absence of effective security has been demonstrated very plainly — first by the violent riots most Saturday nights at Wapping and now by the Deptford fire.

Nothing suggests, of course, that the unions were or would be involved in this crime. On the contrary, it was probably the last desperate throw of hard-line extremists, whether in the union or out of it, who strongly oppose the proposed settlement of the dispute, any ballot which might possibly ratify such a settlement, and any union leader who, by not resisting it to the limit, declares himself or herself a "traitor". The arsonists are the enemies of Miss Brenda Dean and the unions' ordinary members just as surely as they are of News International. But the unions' organisers do not always seem to be aware of the fact, nor of the perils of accepting help from any quarter.

FIRST THE CONSTITUTION

Two contradictory omens ushered in Mrs Corason Aquino's first hundred days as President of the Philippines. The first represented a promise fulfilled: the opening meeting of the constitutional commission intended to restore the foundations of democracy. The second — a protest march by supporters of former President Marcos which was dispersed by tear gas and police truncheons — revealed the ever-present threat to Mrs Aquino's government.

The coincidence of these two events added pertinence to Mrs Aquino's call to the commission to complete its work within three months. For the longer the Philippines is without a constitution, the more vulnerable Mrs Aquino's leadership becomes to accusations that the new government too needs the trappings of dictatorship, and to trepidation on the part of the military that civilian democracy is no solution to the Philippines' pressing difficulties.

Already, cracks have appeared in the coalition of anti-Marcos interests which brought Corason Aquino to power. The new President has had to deny rumours of factionalism, and many of the — largely unrealistic — hopes of what material improvements the Aquino leadership could achieve have been dis-

appointed. The rapid approval of a new Constitution, followed by new elections in seven months' time would be one way — perhaps the only way — for the leadership to regain something approaching the level of popular support it once enjoyed.

The constitutional commission itself has the potential to heal some of the growing rifts. It has been well chosen, with an appropriate weighting of lawyers and scholars, but it also accommodates supporters of the former President, and Roman Catholic as well as Muslim clergy. So broad a representation affords the hope that the majority in the Philippines that elected Mrs Aquino President will accept the new constitution and so leave extremes of opinion on the margin.

As the commission pursues its discussions, however, the leadership will need to steer clear of points of conflict that could defeat the constitutional objective. At home, these include Mrs Aquino's desire to bring about a ceasefire with the communist insurgents, a desire treated with some suspicion by the military on the grounds that it might involve unacceptable compromises.

Divisive too are questions of land reform, and the summary replacement of pro-Marcos local governors who believe that

they — unlike the constitutional commission which was nominated — were democratically elected. These issues could well wait on the approval of a new constitution for a solution.

Abroad, the relationship between the Aquino government and the United States — whose long-drawn out support for President Marcos still arouses resentment among Mrs Aquino's followers — has not yet been resolved. Some of her supporters find it hard to reconcile the nationalist aspirations embodied in the "People's Power" of Mrs Aquino with the pledge she has given to the United States to keep the agreement on the US military bases and her promise not to default on foreign debt repayments.

The visit to Manila last month by the US Secretary of State, George Shultz, revealed elements of disagreement, and Mrs Aquino has been disappointed by the only moderate increase in US aid for her indebted country. Above all, however, she and her ministers appear to resent what they perceive as scepticism in the US administration about the permanence of the present government in the Philippines. What they may not appreciate is that the best way of dispelling this would be the expeditious drafting and approval of a new constitution.

Need for new treaty on extradition

From the Parliamentary Under Secretary of State, Home Office
Sir, No one would wish to quarrel with Senator Kerry's claim in his article (June 2) on the United Kingdom/United States Supplementary Extradition Treaty that he and his colleagues on the Senate Foreign Relations Committee have a special duty to weigh proposed agreements with other nations very carefully. But I suggest that he has an equal duty to ensure that he has gathered all the relevant facts. Sadly his article shows a number of gaps and misconceptions.

No one — except terrorists and their apologists — should be satisfied with an extradition arrangement under which people accused of attempted murder, wounding and firearms offences have been able to avoid extradition by claiming the political offence exception. The existing safeguards in the present Extradition Treaty will remain. These include the rule that extradition will be allowed only in respect of conduct which is an offence in both countries.

Moreover, in respect of offences generally, the prohibition on extradition for political offences will also remain. The only substantial difference will be that people accused or convicted of serious offences of violence (the offences are listed for all to see)

will no longer be able to claim that those offences are political, and thus avoid justice.

Senator Kerry rightly says that the political offence exception has a long history. But the fact is that the problems we are facing today are very different from those faced by nineteenth century legislators. The Supplementary Treaty does not undermine either government's tradition of offering protection to the genuine political refugee.

What the Supplementary Treaty does, is to make it clear that neither government accepts that there is a place for murder, kidnapping or bombing in our political life. People are entitled to hold whatever political opinions they like, but it is not acceptable that those opinions should be expressed by violence.

United States citizens around the world have themselves been victims of such violence. The Supplementary Treaty will mean that neither the United States nor the United Kingdom will be a haven for those who murder and maim in their ambition to force their own political views on others.

Yours faithfully,
DAVID MELLOR,
Home Office,
Queen Anne's Gate, SW1.
June 3.

University ratings

From Professor R.D. Keynes, FRS, and Professor I.M. Glynn, FRS
Sir, Up and down the country, academics will have been irritated by what they feel to be incorrect assessments, by the UGC, of their departments' distinction in research.

It may comfort them to know that the Cambridge Physiological Laboratory, which has eight FRSe on its staff (as well as two retired Nobel prizewinners still continuing their research), and which has been responsible for a number of major advances in physiology, including the work of R. G. Edwards that led to test-tube babies, has been classified by the UGC as above average but not of star quality.

Who assesses the assessors?
Yours faithfully,
R. D. KEYNES,
I. M. GLYNN,
Physiological Laboratory,
Downing Street, Cambridge.

From Professor D. M. Ramsay
Sir, You recently directed attention (report, May 29) to the UGC's review of the quality of research. Some of your readers may not appreciate the reality behind this assessment.

This is a small department of seven lecturing staff. Nevertheless, over the last five years, with one member leaving to take up a Chair elsewhere, we have produced over 100 scientific publica-

tions (all subjected to peer review) and have attracted over £300,000 in outside support.

Two of our staff serve as editors for international journals, while all of us review articles for other journals. We have all functioned as referees for the Natural Environment Research Council and similar bodies on the quality and viability of research proposals from other establishments. On the strength of their expertise, staff members serve on five international and three national committees on geology. We have had considerable success in industrial consultancy.

In five years we have produced 24 PhD and MSc graduates, in addition to our honours graduates, who compare favourably in quality with those produced anywhere else (by the objective judgement of those with whom they are placed). Most are employed.

Your readers may be surprised to learn that this performance is regarded as below average by the UGC. Those who have produced this "objective" assessment, should say what more they expect from any group of academics and to justify their assertion that others are so significantly "better".

Yours faithfully,
D. M. RAMSAY,
University of Dundee,
Head of Department of Geology,
Dundee.
May 29.

Endangered species

From the Secretary of the Zoological Society of London
Sir, Reducing the market for rhino horn in Asia (report, May 20) is an important step in the attempt to save the species, and the efforts of the World Wildlife Fund and its Save the Rhino campaign are to be commended.

Other no less important aspects are the setting aside for wildlife of sufficient land to sustain viable rhinoceros populations and the need to provide adequate numbers of trained guards to protect the remaining animals from poachers.

In addition, a vital component necessary for long-term success must be greater understanding of the ecology, reproduction and genetics of the rhino in order to manage the surviving animals to best advantage in the restricted habitats that remain. We are still largely ignorant of the limiting factors in the fields of biology as they apply to rhinos.

It is possible that the powerful new techniques in reproductive medicine, including embryo transfer and artificial insemination, may be helpful in promoting the recovery of rhino numbers.

These more fundamental studies, and their practical applica-

tions to wild life conservation, are being developed at the Institute of Zoology of the Zoological Society of London. Funding for such work is still inadequate, although an important lead is now being given by the research councils and the Department of the Environment.

Of the many endangered species, the predicament of the rhinoceros and the giant panda are perhaps most widely appreciated. Less well known is that of the 4,000 species of mammals we have detailed physiological and ecological knowledge about, probably fewer than 50. We know even less about birds and reptiles.

The result is that many species are becoming extinct before we even know how to help and before we can appreciate and describe their importance in the environment and to man.

Such losses may threaten the balance of whole ecosystems and prove to be costly and unnecessary mistakes. Time is not on our side and additional funding from national and international sources is urgently required if it is not to be too little and too late.

Yours faithfully,
R. M. LAWS, Secretary,
Zoological Society of London,
Regent's Park, NW1.
May 28.

Psychiatric centre

From Dr I. G. Thomson
Sir, I read with interest and concern the letter from Professor Edwards and others (May 27).

A few decades ago, psychiatric hospitals provided asylum or care and little treatment. Psychiatry is today the most cost-effective of the major medical specialities in that in recent years dramatic reductions in length of stay, etc, have been achieved. This change from care to treatment has been largely brought about by the discovery of centres of excellence like the Bethlem/Maudsley.

When staff pay rises are not fully funded by the Government, it particularly hits well-staffed centres of excellence and they therefore have a special case to make.

Congested M25

From Mr Robert Mitchell
Sir, Sir Colin Buchanan (May 26) is unjust in blaming the overcrowding on the M25 on the GLC's rejection of the Layfield inquiry road plan. The Conservative GLC administration, elected in 1967, of which I was a member, transformed the embryonic Abercrombie and Layfield proposals into the detailed ringway plan — the "motorway box" of the newspaper headlines of those days.

The Labour opposition rejected the plan and the 1973 GLC election was, unusually, fought with a local issue — homes vs

roads — predominating over national swings. The voters of London elected Labour by 58 seats to 32 and the road plan was cancelled. This clearly reflected the voice of London. For better or worse, that is democracy.

In fact, neither party could have implemented the plan, for the Government immediately clamped down on local government spending. So who really was responsible?

Yours faithfully,
ROBERT MITCHELL,
Hatchwood House,
Nursery Road,
Loughton,
Essex.
May 28.

Questions for a young lawyer

From Sir Frederick Lawton
Sir, Having been for nine years, until March last, Chairman of the Advisory Committee on Legal Education, I welcomed your leading article "Brokers in law" (May 30). Any committee considering the future of legal education and training should concern themselves with what is best for the administration of justice and ask themselves these questions.

First, should our future lawyers, with a few exceptions, have to decide, as they now do, in their second or third year at a university or polytechnic whether they want to become barristers or solicitors? A wrong decision at this stage can be put right later, but at the cost of much time and money.

Secondly, should the Inns of Court go on calling to the Bar each year about 900 barristers when the practising profession can only absorb about 300? Many of those who are not absorbed are likely to feel frustrated and that they have wasted years of training and thousands of pounds of either their parents' or local education authorities' money.

Thirdly, if the Bar is to be open to all, how are young barristers, without family money behind them, going to support themselves reasonably adequately in their early years in practice? Those who do get a seat in chambers are likely to be much better able to earn fees than my generation was before 1939.

There are, however, problems — low fees, for instance, long delayed in payment — and for those starting practice in highly remunerative specialties, like commercial and patent work, there must inevitably be a long waiting time before briefs arrive. The Law Society about 20 years ago solved a similar problem besetting articled clerks by requiring their members to pay them reasonable salaries.

I doubt whether the allure of a salary whilst training has enticed as many young lawyers away from the Bar as the Bar Council seems to think; but it must have helped some to make up their minds. The Inns of Court are aware of this problem and have tried to solve it; but the solutions have been piecemeal, sometimes inadequate and often tied over closely to academic performance.

After over 50 years in the legal profession I am convinced that the efficient administration of justice requires a body of highly skilled advocates. Those responsible for legal education and training have the duty to identify those students who have the potential for becoming skilled advocates and to organize the legal profession so as to give them opportunities for developing such talents as they have.

As with the priesthood, there is much to be said for putting the yoke on them when young, but not when too young.

Yours sincerely,
FREDERICK LAWTON,
Mordry,
Stordridge,
Rock,
Near Wadebridge, Cornwall.
May 30.

In the long run

From Professor J. H. Burns
Sir, Mr Phillip Oppenheim suggests (May 30) that the Sport Aid events "may ease a few consciences". For myself, as I made my hexagenarian way round the ten-kilometre course last Sunday, I had supposed that we were there not to ease consciences but to stir them.

That we were there in such numbers, supported by so many more, would seem to indicate that a good many consciences had indeed been or were being stirred to try, in however limited a way, to do something about Africa's problems. Perhaps many of our consciences were and are, in the theologians' phrase, insufficiently informed; but then the consciences we hoped we might stir were above all those of people with both the information and the power to act more effectively than any of us could do.

Perhaps those who ran and those who sponsored the runners can take some small comfort from the fact that Mr Oppenheim is prepared to allow that what we did "will undoubtedly save some lives in the short term". None of us, after all, has more than a fairly short term to look forward to; but it is a good deal shorter for many in Africa (and elsewhere) than for most of us in the industrial world.

Yours faithfully,
J. H. BURNS,
39 Amherst Road,
Ealing, W3.
May 31.

Alternative energy

From the Rev M. Sims-Williams
Sir, I looked forward to your article (May 27) on power from the tides but once again I found no mention of harnessing the lifting power of the tide which is immense.

Pearce Wright says that "tidal power... cannot be built up in small increments — as for example a "wind farm" — might be developed." But why not? All round our coast there are creeks where the tide could lift anything from a concrete barge to a bulk of 10,000 tons providing gravitational energy for conversion to electricity.

Yours sincerely,
MICHAEL SIMS-WILLIAMS,
Broomfield,
Borden,
Sittingbourne, Kent.
May 27.

ON THIS DAY

JUNE 4 1886

The Prince of Wales's (later Edward VII) passion for the turf began about 1886 but it was 10 years before he had any great success. Persimmon went on to win the St Leger in 1896 and, as a four-year-old, the Gold Cup and the Eclipse Stakes. In 1900 Persimmon's brother Diamond Jubilee won the "Triple Crown" for the Prince who, in 1908, then King, achieved his third Derby with Minerva. The only previous Derby wins by the Royal family had been those of the Prince of Wales in 1788 and the Duke of York in 1816 and 1822.

THE DERBY

The Derby of 1886 will long be remembered for the victory of the Prince of Wales. A race which seemed likely a few weeks ago to have a very tame termination and, heretofore the presence of Persimmon and Regret, to the mercy of St. Frusquin, has illustrated the truth of the adage as to its being only the unexpected that happens; for if the hard round left Regret in his stable, Persimmon did so well in his work and gave such satisfaction when tried, that he came to Epsom enjoying the full confidence of all connected with him, while, as all the world already knew, he proved victorious over St. Frusquin after one of those great finishes which long dwell in the memory of those who witness them.

The knowledge that St. Frusquin would be opposed by Persimmon, coupled with the possibility of the latter's bearing the Royal colours to the front, will account for the interest in the race increasing very much during the last 10 or 12 days, and there can be no doubt that the attendance at Epsom yesterday was exceptionally large. The prospects of a fine day also attracted many who are not much engrossed in racing, but who enjoy a day in the open.

It is always a pleasant place at Epsom, and on the Derby day there is the certainty of meeting many people whose visits to a racecourse are very rare. The time, therefore, passes quickly enough, even when there are not many horses to criticize, as was the case yesterday when, of the 11 runners, two, Persimmon and Earwig, were sent direct to the starting post, while of the nine others no one could possibly want to look a second time at such sorry specimens of the racehorse as Bay, Ronald, Tamarind, Tousemint, and Spook.

The horses were somewhat late in getting to the post, after a preliminary canter in which Persimmon, Bradwardine and Earwig did not take part, nothing moving with more freedom and smoothness than Teufel, whereas St. Frusquin was fighting for his head. Some little delay at the post was caused by the fractiousness of Earwig and one or two others, the flag not falling till nearly half past 8. It was a grand race, for when St. Frusquin, whose supposed inability to come down hill was not apparent at Tattenham Corner, and Persimmon singled themselves out below the distance, the issue hung in the balance until the end... The scene which followed was a most remarkable one. The personal popularity of the Prince of Wales is so great that everyone was prepared to witness a great display of loyalty after the race in the event of his colours being victorious. By the enthusiasm of the vast multitude, which found vent in a hurricane of cheering prolonged for something like a quarter of an hour, could not but touch and move the Prince and his family, for it was so manifestly spontaneous, and came as a respectful but hearty greeting to the Heir to the Throne from his future people.

While the Prince stood waiting for Persimmon to come back the cheering was continued with ever-growing intensity, and when Persimmon appeared in sight, escorted by his trainer, the Prince came forward and, taking his horse by the bridle, led him into the weighing paddock amid the enthusiasm of the onlookers. Old and young, high and low, rich and poor, winners and losers vied with one another in expressions of delight, and it is due to the sportsmanlike spirit which animates the great majority of Englishmen to add that the enthusiasm would have been nothing like so great had there been no close struggle for superiority. It was the neck-and-neck battle between the two sons of St. Simon, whose fame has attained a still higher pinnacle, that first worked the spectators up to fever heat, and, when the Prince's colt came the victor out of the combat, the pent-up enthusiasm found free vent. The Prince of Wales, after the jockey had passed the scale, cordially congratulated both his jockey and trainer, and it was some time before the ovation was over and the crowd of enthusiastic spectators crowded on the course could be induced to disperse.

Answering back

From Air Commodore C. D. North-Lewis
Sir, My experience shows, unlike Mrs Hewitt's (May 21), that my son's and daughter's friends (the 25 to 35-year-olds) not only are most punctilious with their thank-you letters but always bring a present as well when they come to stay. Moreover, when my wife died recently their letters of condolence were by far and away the most memorable.

Yours faithfully,
C. NORTH-LEWIS,
Field House,
South Harting,
Petersfield, Hampshire.

From Mr A. J. Hill,
Sir, Please thank Mrs Claire Hewitt for her letter.

Sincerely,
A. J. HILL,
12 Honeybrook Close,
Wolverley,
Kidderminster, Worcestershire.

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Three centuries of shopping in fine style

Almost from its beginnings Bond Street has had a special character of its own: catering for the moneyed, of course, but doing so with an eye to taste, fashion and aesthetic sense which has enabled it to survive as an entity through three centuries of change in London.

This year it is celebrating the 300th anniversary of its foundation — in the form of a new building which followed the Restoration — and has been marking the event with a pageant to be followed by a masked ball, a children's street party, and a good deal else.

Yet if there are names that have been solidly established for years — Agnew's, Asprey's, Benson & Hedges, Sotheby's — a walk up the street soon shows the changes that have been taking place in the last few years.



The change in architecture: The original Chappell's, the music publishers, and the building today

of fashion, in particular, but not only there, Bond Street has become more international and less individualistic. Whereas for many years Adèle Davis has sold clothes to the Royal Family and many others from the single shop she has run since 1944, she is now being challenged by designer shops such as Giorgio Armani and Emanuel Ungaro with their international connections.

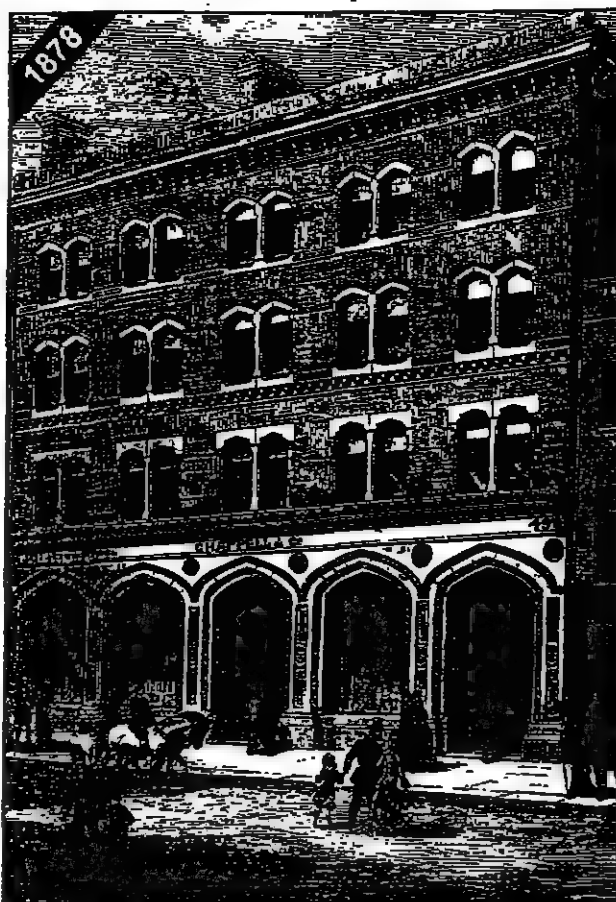
In the world of jewellery Tiffany's of New York is about to set itself up alongside Asprey's, Cartier's and such long-established firms as Tassier's and Bentley's.

Distinctiveness is something that, for sound commercial reasons as well as sentiment, both traditional firms and more recent arrivals want to preserve. Martin Evans of Bentley's talks of service and courtesy, and of the importance of having a commissionaire outside — "You need someone to call a taxi or put up an umbrella."

Peter Bertelsen, the dynamic head of Aguecheek, which owns the Giorgio Armani and Emanuel Ungaro shops as well as the Valentino and Basile ones, speaks firmly of the need to prevent Bond Street becoming a mere extension of Oxford Street, with its mass marketing, to the north. This was happening, he believes, a few years ago, but since Aguecheek and others moved in the trend has been reversed.

At any rate the trend towards a more international character is established. Up until the Second World War Bond Street had a local character, with many of its customers actually living in Mayfair. Now many of them are foreign, mainly American and Arab. The airlines have moved in, and the financial consultants and the public relations agencies.

But the art galleries and the auction houses are still there, and the many long-established firms, and the hope is that



The change in architecture: The original Chappell's, the music publishers, and the building today

Bond Street can retain its distinctiveness, not only by comparison with elsewhere in London, but with such similar streets abroad as the Rue du Faubourg St Honoré in Paris, the Via dei Condotti in Rome, or Fifth Avenue in New York.

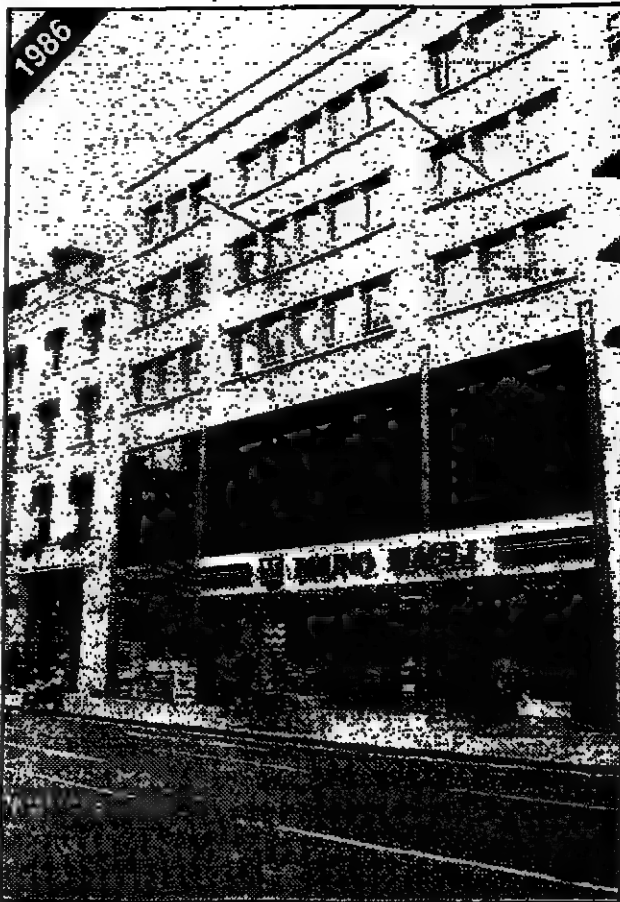
The street is built on what was, until the middle of the 17th century, open fields used for pasture. After the Restoration of Charles II in 1660 large new tracts of land were bought up for residential building, and in 1664 Lord Clarendon, the powerful Lord Chancellor, acquired several acres to the north of what is now Piccadilly, but was then known as Portugal Street in honour of Catherine of Braganza.

On an area corresponding to the present Old Bond Street, Albemarle Street, Dover Street and Stafford Street he built a large house, Clarendon House, which faced St James's Palace down the hill. Unfortunately for him, however, Clarendon fell from power within a short time of the house being completed, and after a brief period in the ownership of the Duke of Albemarle, it was sold for demolition in 1683.

The new owners were a syndicate of "mechanics" (or builders) and bankers headed

by John Hinde. It was they who planned the present layout of the four streets as a rectangular area, and Bond Street is named after one of their principal associates, Sir Thomas Bond, who bought building leases and, probably, freeholds from them.

Little is known of Bond, but he was evidently a man of means and an influential figure behind the scenes at



The change in architecture: The original Chappell's, the music publishers, and the building today

gentry". In 1721 New Bond Street, which already reached Clifford Street, was extended across the fields to Oxford Street.

The area as a whole was mixed. Much of the surrounding countryside was used for waste disposal, there were cut-throats around, and the gallows still stood at Tyburn, near the present-day Marble Arch, until 1783.

Among the writers who at one time or another lived in Bond Street were James Thomson, the Scottish poet who composed "Rule Britannia", Jonathan Swift (though only for three weeks), Edward Gibbon and Laurence Sterne, who died there. The Earl of Chatham lived there for a time in 1766.

James Boswell moved there in 1769 at a time when he was campaigning in favour of General Pasquale de Paoli, the Corsican patriot, himself living in Bond Street. Boswell brought Samuel Johnson to meet Paoli, and shortly afterwards gave a dinner, faithfully and lively recorded in his *Life of Samuel Johnson*, which included Johnson, Sir Joshua Reynolds, David Garrick and Oliver Goldsmith among the guests.

Sir Thomas Lawrence, the portrait painter, lived in Bond Street for three years, and in 1797 Nelson spent several months there recovering from the effects of losing his arm off Tenerife — as did Lady Hamilton after his death. By then it had become a centre of fashion, in which ladies liked to parade their latest finery; and they were matched by the men in their wigs and embroidered coats and waistcoats.

At the time of the Regency Bond Street became prime territory for the dandy, Beau Brummell, who had his clothes made by a tailor there. But at the same time the street became known for its

circulating libraries and book-sellers, and it continued to have more than sartorial interest. Shelley spent a few months there in 1814, at a time when his first marriage, to Harriet Westbrook, was in trouble; and Byron and Sir Walter Scott, who had struck up a friendship, had a last, cheerful meeting at Long's Hotel in 1815.

Byron was something of an habitué of Bond Street, as a member of the Pugilistic Club run by Gentleman Jackson, one-time champion boxer of England, and often went to parties there.

It was in Victorian times that many of the landmarks of present-day Bond Street became established — Asprey's and Tassier's, Agnew's and the Fine Art Society, Chappell, the music firm, had been founded even earlier, in 1811, and set itself up in its present premises in 1830. The Royal Arcade was created in 1879, and named in honour of Queen Victoria, who patronized its shops.

In those days the street was still an area in which the poor rubbed shoulders with the rich, and in which butchers and fishmongers could be found alongside milliners and jewellers.

In recent times Bond Street has become more socially homogeneous, and has seen the closing down of some famous firms from the past. It has become less residential. But it has retained the cachet it has acquired over the past 300 years, and in spite of the changes has the will to retain it even longer.

Peter Strafford

Jane Checkland

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Gentry's locks and ritzy chocs

The rest of Bond Street is a miscellany of the discreet and the vulgar. Definitely of the former category comes Trocitt and Hill, the long-standing gentleman's barber shop. A Sixties period piece in mirrors and formica, it lists the Duke of Edinburgh and Lord Oliver among its clients. (who are mostly English, with some Americans).

Discreet though professional necessity (that not thought so until 15 years ago by The Times, which refused to run their advertisements) is the Heather Jennings Marriage Bureau, based in Bond Street since 1939. Humble to the point of clumsiness, the bureau is run by sympathetic ladies who prefer old-fashioned interviewing techniques rather than new-fangled videos in seeking the right partners. Shops like Smythsons (stationers to the Queen) exist for those with both the money and time to make use of leather-bound notebooks for such purposes as Wine Notes, Menus and Guests, Birthday Notes and address books for the brides, bridesmaids and bridesmaids of their acquaintances. Charbonnel and Walker, in the Royal Arcade, sell expensive chocolates (starting from £2 a quarter up to £400) Close by, is a cluster of carpet shops whose advertising techniques are distinctly on the vulgar end of the scale. "75% off!" proclaims the giant, white letters scrawled on the window of Mayfair Carpets. The Bond Street Association, has complained to both the owners about the way they have been lowering the tone, as well as the Advertising Standards office when that failed.

Shops that have adopted a progressive image in keeping with the technology they sell include the photographers, Wallace Heaton (incidentally a branch of the Heaton group), by appointment to the Prince of Wales, and, until recently, privy to Sarah Ferguson's holiday snaps, Heaton's has not been refitted, and although their Bang and Olufsen may have benefited from the resulting supermarket, the classic Bond Street look has set.

Meanwhile, opposite, Chappell's music shop is planning to start modernising in two months. "We are a little bit static at the moment," says John McLean, the manager. "But when we finish we will be streamlined; the place on parquet and the electronic key-boards on black and white tiles, with sound-proofed studios."

Sarah

Jane Checkland

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A wonder of design

Baubles.

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A wonderland of designers

Although visually more dominant than art and antiques, the fashion world in Bond Street is more fugitive than the rest, shops coming and going with the seasons. Due to the notable absence of the Americans, Arabs and Nigerians, and the fact that few British people can afford to buy, many shops admit to feeling the pinch.

Apart from Fenwick's, the only department store on the street, fashion tends to appear in the smaller premises that in the old days were pet shops and chemists. For someone new to the street, first impressions might be of a boutique wonderland brought to you in person by a host of glamorous names: Kurt Geiger, Roland Cartier, Valentino, Gucci.

But, if not dead or fictional (Roland Cartier was thought up by the British Shoe Corporation Footwear Ltd) all designers are notable by their absence on Bond Street. Most are part of chains run by entrepreneurs. The great Bond Street deception continues right back to the landlords, who instead of leisured aristocrats, usually turn out to be faceless bureaucracies like the Prudential Assurance pension fund, which owns 41 buildings.

Entrepreneurs include Mr and Mrs Jonathan Faulkner, who own Cacharel, Henry and Vuitton. Over the last year, Peter Bernelsen has become the most powerful. A Danish oil magnate, he started tapping the fashion market by buying up part of the Lauren Shop. Next came Valentino, then another Valentino, for good measure. Now, Basile Ungaro and Giorgio Armani have joined his stable, and to buy Bernelsen can mean to buy a wide variety of styles, from discreet and classic at Ungaro (where this season's colours are black and white, outfits

European designed suits for £700

Meanwhile the street itself has a certain prestige pattern, literally reflecting its one way traffic system, which leads towards Piccadilly, namely in general getting more and more up-market the closer to Piccadilly, and the further from Oxford Street. Up at the down-market end has just appeared Next, which like Berkenstein is doing a roaring trade from customers drifting in from both worlds.

Fashion takes on an almost institutional solidity down at the Old Bond Street end, where from monolithic buildings Gucci, Chanel and



Yardley are based. "60 percent of our trade is foreign, but we are so international, we don't need to rely on Americans," says Mr Collinson, a manager of Gucci, adding that he has just sold a set of three crocodile suit cases to an Arab customer for £19,000.

Having arrived in Bond street five years ago, Chanel just opened its clothes boutique in March, and last week was humming to the sound of Japanese ladies buying up chain-handled handbags at £300 each. No-one was trying on the suits, which start at £800. Meanwhile trade was quiet at Yardley, a shop for sweet-scented lotions and soaps, as well as a beauty parlour. "It is the only salon in Bond Street," says Susan Albany. "There used to be more, like Elizabeth Arden, but they disappeared when rents became more expensive. Being Yardley's head London office, and owned by the firm, they can afford this indulgence."

SJC

Bond Street is equally deceptive in respect of baubles that are hung on walls, as opposed to people. The newcomer unaccustomed to measuring English arrogance on a scale of diffidence, might well walk past Sotheby's, the most powerful auction house in the world, without even noticing it. But behind its modest facade (punctuated by "The Kiosk" - a cigarette and sweet stall) is an empire ever expanding into the block and across the road.

Inside, all manner of antiques are catalogued and sold. However, the place is owned by Alfred Taubman, the American magnate, and has advanced into less gentlemanly big marketing. As they prepare to host the Bond Street celebration ball on Thursday, Sotheby's is also waiting for Westminster Council to slap on new regulations designed to protect the consumer.

Less in evidence are a number of powerful dealers based in Bond Street. John Basket operates from a secret

The nearly traffic-free Bond Street in 1948, and right, the same stretch of street today.

Through the world of art

hidey hole at the top of a tatty staircase, selling Old Master drawings to East Coast Americans. Downstairs are the Mould brothers, Anthony and Phillip, who although in their twenties are gaining a reputation for making "finds" in the field of 18th century painting.

French painting this week, while Colnaghi have one on sporting paintings. The gallery that comes closest to a public-run institution is the Fine Art Society, which runs both selling and non-selling exhibitions. Agnew's, for example, opens a show of 18th century

of the most spectacular interiors on Bond Street. Its main selling area displays huge 19th century Blackmore jardi- niers at £120,000 a piece.

At the huffer-mugger end of the scale comes the Bond Street Antiques Centre, 44 stalls selling small items from silver and ceramics to jewellery.

SJC

Baubles, bangles and beads a-plenty

By naming his hero "Bond", James Bond, Ian Fleming neatly evoked both the man and the street: wealthy, suave, sexy and powerful, not to mention proud and independent. Today, Bond Street retains its reputation as the world centre for the Old Master trade and jewellery. But its character has become confused.

Shops tend to cluster in groups according to their trade, as a general rule becoming more up-market the further south they go. But running costs have become so high (even a double upstairs room can cost £30,000 a year), that many shops have been absorbed into big conglomerates, thus making a nonsense of Bond Street's supposed uniqueness. Another problem about big money is that British people do not, as a whole, have it, and in a year when both Americans and Arabs are conspicuous by their absence, this can mean problems for Bond Street.

Take the jewellery trade, clustered in one section where Old Bond Street meets New. Cartier, here since 1909, has traditionally been synonymous with exclusivity. Today, the prices for their jewellery are still high (necklaces ranging from £3,500 to £80,000), but their selling techniques have changed. "Be-

fore, we supplied the aristocracy and gentry, working relaxed, almost banking hours. Now, we have literally opened our doors and windows, with an advertising campaign for the whole of the UK," says Mr Davidson, the sales director. As a result, he says, they have doubled their turnover in the last two years and are budgeting for \$15 million.

Meanwhile, across the road at Hennells, business during their 250th year is just as surprising. They have taken to cultivating sources far removed from their old staple - the English aristocracy.

"By 1980, we realised our traditional clients couldn't support us any more," says Christopher Goodyear of the firm. "In the old days we did jewellery-catering for the Coronation, but now Americans are our main customers."

Goodyear's main customers are middle-aged women who often buy in bulk. "They treat you like a gigolo," he says. "But if they're spending half-a-million pounds, they know they've got you for a whole week."

Close by, Aspreys looks from the outside the most imposing in the street: six adjacent shop fronts, their windows bursting with treasures. Traditionally, it

sells a wide variety of luxury goods, from suitcases and bone hairbrushes to £1 million necklaces. However, judging from the giant, custom-made, gem-encrusted eagles they are selling at \$85,000, Aspreys has succumbed to taste nouveau.

The most intriguing window on the street is that of Sac Feres, the only amber shop in the world. Rendered invisible to glitter-seeking buyers on account of its drabness, its sparse display of dangling necklaces attracts a loyal clientele including doctors and lawyers, as well as the occasional author (Iris Murdoch prefers to select by touch, and so does not mind the lugubrious atmosphere). Guarded by Wolfgang John Hunger, third generation of an Alsace family, whose fierceness goes once genuine interest is shown, the shop is revealed as a treasure trove.

Finally, unbeknown to most shoppers, the building currently swathed in scaffolding in the jewellers section is due to emerge as the first London branch of Tiffany's in September. Being an American firm, it will no doubt confuse the street's character even more, but certainly add to its glamour.

SJC

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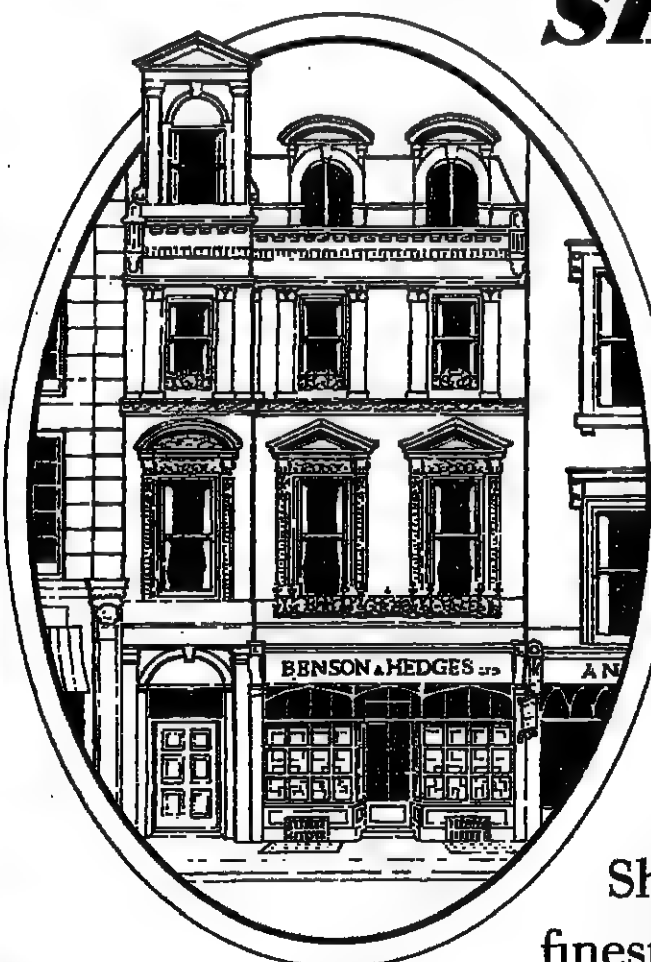
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THE ARTS

Television

On *Breakfast Time* (BBC1) Selina Scott asked Jeffrey Archer why he bothered to stay in politics and take the risk when he could make so much money writing books.

For some time, this programme's presenters have had the air of good natured people being asked to act like things to generate controversy for the cameras. This particularly ham-fisted swipe was swiftly parried when the author and politician pointed out that Selina Scott herself was not daunted by the risk she drew on television.

The excuse for this exchange was BBC1's screening of the American mini-series based on Jeffrey Archer's book *Kane and Abel*. There is plainly a feeling at the BBC that such blue-chip wares must be displayed in order to revive an audience overcome by massive doses of football.

Sadly, the brief morning spat between these two veteran flak-catchers was considerably more stimulating than the first 27 years of Archer's rag-to-riches-to-rags saga. The story is based on the simple idea of two men born on the same day on opposite sides of the world and at opposite ends of the ladder of fortune.

The portion of the story set in Poland before the First World War seemed to be taking place in a sort of dank Ruritania which satisfies the notions of abroad held by the blue-collar audience in the mid-west of America. All the Polish peasants rolled their R's to indicate their foreignness and there was a comforting absence of history and geography to avoid confusing the audience with facts.

This series will improve after last night's dreary beginning. Peter Strauss and Sam Neill in the title roles were already performing miracles with dialogue that is little more than the shortest distance between two points.

Kane and Abel has lost little of its simple-minded optimism about the capitalist dream in coming to the screen.

The other side of this coin. A workers' nightmare was represented by a film in the *First Tuesday* (ITV) series about a bludge club in Ellersmere Port, on Merseyside. The knee-up spirit of the Spitting Image *Chicken Song* ruled among the elderly audience who drank, sang, snatched themselves and applauded four depressed-looking middle-aged men who danced with balloons. This was a short, classical documentary in which the director, Barry Cockcroft, and cameraman, Mervyn Hammon, produced the saddest picture of human degradation in a civilized country which this reviewer can remember.

Celia Brayfield

Opera

Let-down as the night blows cold

Eugene Onegin
Covent Garden

Retiring at the end of this season as Covent Garden's music director, Sir Colin Davis has evidently been invited to play desert island operas, only with the choice quartered. *Fidelio* will be seen in a new production in a month's time. *Eugene Onegin* seemed in prospect a more curious selection, and still seems so after the event.

Perhaps it was the weather. Tatyana's remark about the "autumn" evening can rarely have been more apt. Or perhaps it was the fact that Thomas Allen was suffering from a heavy cold, so that a warmly anticipated house debut as Onegin lacked the supreme triumph. But whatever the reason, this was a disappointing evening.

The horns, no doubt, will blame the atmospheric conditions, but the bare tone-colour of the violas and the general want of sheen and sumptuousness in the orchestral sound need some other explanation. Sir Colin seemed most sure of himself in the vividly dramatic episodes, where Tchaikovsky reveals his admiration for Carmen, and in the big dances. Elsewhere he was hampered by the absence of sensitivity in the orchestral playing (woodwind excepted) and by his own tendency to press for blatancy of expression.

Faust

Grand Theatre, Leeds

For part two of its summer season devoted to the wages of sin, or even mere concupiscence, Opera North has turned to Gounod. Paul Griffiths was here a few days ago for *The Rake's Progress* and its world does not seem all that far away in this *Faust*, which visits bedlam too as Faust is gathered into the deathly arms of Mephistopheles.

This is the production by Ian Judge seen last autumn at the Coliseum, which found favour in some quarters but not, alas, in this one. But no matter: in Leeds it is altogether a different affair.

For a start, it is sung in French, and very decent French too, without spoken dialogue and that gets rid of the Coliseum's justness translation. And Mr Judge has been persuaded to round off some of the wackier corners

The announcement of Mr Allen's illness brought undigested sighs from the audience, though in the event he offered much of the most distinguished singing: this is obviously going to be a strong interpretation, avoiding all self-regarding distaste in the portrayal of a character who is, in quite a sober fashion, constructed entirely of dissimulation.

Ileana Cotrabas's Tatyana, first seen in this production 15 years ago, is still fresh of passion but now vocally worrying her vibrato, and the uncontrollable changes of colour with changing register, became more severe as the evening went on.

The new Lensky, Neil Rosenheim, did not sound at all happy, and Gwynne Howell's Gretchen needed a touch more vocal security to back up its expressive warmth. The only wholly satisfactory, thoroughly enjoyable performance is that of Anne Howells as an Olga of animal urgency and ease.

Peter Hall's production has been reconsidered for the occasion by Richard Gregson, with not altogether collected results. In particular, Mr Gregson fails to solve the problems raised by the chorus, whose non-naturalistic lines have particular force when the work is sung in English, and by the flips between monologue and action.

Paul Griffiths

Northern sweetener

whether amazing the drinkers in the tavern of Bacchus with some flashy tricks or turning up as the old Reaper himself to take the corpse of Valentin off in a convenient cart. It is now a properly flamboyant and vocally assured performance.

Keith Latham's Valentin lacked savvy for "Avant de quitter" but improved mightily as the hour of death approached a couple of acts later. There was a Siebel full of vocal promise from Beverley Mills and an attractive Wagner from Adrian Clarke.

Opera North's chorus slugged off their Victorian costumes and had one of their very best nights. So did the orchestra under Clive Banda.

All in all this is a more satisfying and considerably less perverse *Faust* than London saw. Next stop in the Northern season: *Don Giovanni*.

John Higgins



Off colour: Ileana Cotrabas and Thomas Allen in Eugene Onegin

Concert

Missing links

Philharmonia/
Sinopoli
Festival Hall

A question: When is a symphony not a symphony? Answer: When it happens to be Bruckner's Fourth Symphony conducted by Giuseppe Sinopoli.

Or perhaps the work is not really a symphony under any other circumstances either, for that term implies at least a degree of argument and resolution, or at any rate a sense of progress having been made by the end. Those things it does not have, but nevertheless it is still great music.

Statement might follow statement, climaxes accrue without apparent effect, new beginnings made over and over again. Yet those statements are of themselves invariably full of meaning. The obvious metaphor - why should we avoid it? - is the mountain, viewed again and again from its grey lowland slopes to its heaven-searching peak.

The work is scarcely lacking in organic unity, either, and so it was something of a disappointment that Sinopoli seemed to be willing to treat it as a series of episodes largely unrelated to each other, especially in the finale.

The immediate effect was unarguably telling, especially

with the Philharmonia Orchestra's willingness to make the most of every detail, be it the tiniest tremolo or obligato whisper from the upper strings or the most awesome brass-laden fortissimo blasts.

It seems unbelievable that these were the same players who a week or two ago were giving the most refined performances of French music, such was the rich, warm solidity of their sound.

But the power did not accumulate as it should have, though the Scherzo at least had plenty of rhythmic thrust. The slow movement seemed to amble rather amiably on its way where it ought to have touched the heart, and could so easily have done at the risk, perhaps, of a degree of exactitude. Perhaps, indeed, Sinopoli's tight control of the orchestra lay at the roots of the problem.

Before this, Uto Ughi gave an equally confident reading of Brahms's Violin Concerto. There were no problems of unity here, but ultimately again it was not a performance to stir the soul, for all the wondrous horn and woodwind solos contributed by the orchestra. The trouble was quite simple. The concerto ought to be an heroic struggle, where Ughi made it sound positively easy.

Stephen Pettitt

Gallery

Neglected beauty comes of age

Truth, Beauty and Design
Fischer Fine Art

By now the supply of really first-rate Victorian and Edwardian decorative arts is getting rather thin on the ground. But, as Constant Lambert once remarked, the dunghill of today is the potpourri of tomorrow, and sometimes a label which seems to promise untold delights to the Victorian enthusiast proves to cover only the leavings of the rubbish dump, obligingly decorated by time. Fortunately that could hardly be further from the truth of the show *Truth, Beauty and Design*, which is at Fischer Fine Art until June 27.

The subtitle is "Victorian, Edwardian and later decorative arts", and the material included ranges in time from a day-bed of c.1824 by William Forden to a screen designed in 1924 by Carl Richards for the S. S. Orsova. Almost everything is good of its kind, even though one would be hard put to it to appreciate everything equally.

What, one wonders, would Augustus Welby Pugin make of having his moralistic gothic rubbing shoulders with a Llewellyn-Roberts grille for a lift in Selfridge's? Or what would William Morris think of the chunky wall-scones apparently designed by Lutens for a house in Sussex and rejected by his life-lived clients; it is certainly hard to picture them set against a Morris fabric or wallpaper.

Right: Mother and Child, by Charles Ricketts. Below: Pair of wall scones, by Sir Edwin Lutyens

Nor, presumably, would anyone have thought to do so, in those pre-pluralistic days when simply throwing out was grandly preferred to mix-and-match.

The show has a lot of expected things: Christopher Dresser silverware, De Morgan ceramics, furniture by Burges and Godwin. But the later stages of the Arts and Crafts movement are particularly well represented, with fine examples of furniture by Ashbee, Gimson, Lethaby and even Sir Gordon Russell.

The incidental pieces of sculpture and graphics are often very telling: the protean Charles Ricketts shows off his, in his own lifetime, little-publicized talents as a sculptor with a small mother-and-child group, and Frank Brangwyn is represented by, among other things, a poster of c.1930 for Pollard's the shop-fitters. Peculiarly appropriate, since this was the very company responsible for the stonework on the display-front of the Fischer gallery itself. Sooner or later everything comes home to roost.

John Russell
Taylor



London debut

The Westmorland Concerts that the Royal Academy of Music promote each season seem to me to be a far better way for them to spend their money than upon the occasional visit of a highly-paid so-called International Professor, as envisaged in their appeal plans.

One of the most recent of the series has exposed to the London concert arena an artist of real quality. Violinist Tina Greenberg who, with her experienced young pianist Michael Dussek, gave a refreshingly original and demanding programme ranging from Mozart to Walton and Roger Steptoe.

Steptoe's new Sonata, his second for the violin, is perhaps an acquired taste, the

basis of its idiom stretching back to early 20th-century pastoralism (though in no way does the piece sound like pastiche). It is a natural, expansive work, unostentatiously tuneful and reflective rather than intellectually gripping, but undoubtedly difficult for both players.

Stephen Pettitt

Dance
A gift crying out amid the muddle

Euroshima
ICA

I keep hoping for something from Laurie Booth. The man is physically so gifted, and so obviously eager to use his gifts to convey something serious and useful about life. Unfortunately, he has this crazy idea that his command of movement will somehow be enhanced by using words. That is a dire mistake.

The latest example of Booth's magnificently misplaced energy is *Euroshima*, a title he found painted on a Berlin wall. It arrived at the ICA theatre last night for a week's run after a regional tour and goes next to the Netherlands, where perhaps the fact that the text is in double-Dutch will not be noticed.

The words are by Booth and a French singer, Régine, who has recorded most of them as part of Philip Jeck's sound collage. Puzzling over her fractured English accent helps relieve the tedium of the well-

meaning but muddle-headed content. Subjects range from news manipulation via the consumer society to the effects of nuclear attack; only the best targets, you note, the most obvious and well-thumbed.

Actually, it seems to me that Booth's dancing is becoming almost as incoherent as his language. Lean, powerfully but sleekly muscled, his body is an impressive instrument. He can pick himself off the ground with no apparent preparation and fly to one side in a light trajectory with a crash landing. He can support himself horizontally above the floor and kick a percussive tattoo against it.

He and Ikky Mass, whose light, coolly reserved style makes an effective contrast, extend long, exploratory arabesques. With stocky, ironically smiling Danielle Hogan, Booth undertakes a duet where the falls and catches of contact improvisation are used with flamboyant daring. He persuades Belinda Neave into unexpected tripping movements, accomplished with a lightness disconcerting in a dancer so manifestly pregnant.

The stage is dominated by John Newton's setting of a tall, two curtains with Japanese-looking patterns, a huge wooden object that might be a geometric instrument, but looks like a great spear pointed at us from its launcher. Also four chairs where the dancers, on stage for the show's 80 minutes, rest between their assignments.

Near the beginning there is a gripping visual metaphor when the two women, Neave and Hogan, sit opposite each other, launching sudden, violent but adroitly parried blows, then allowing the same energy to draw them into a loving embrace.

If Booth could develop choreography of this sort he might convey something deeper, more moving, than his present mood of disjointed, loosely ordered dance fragments and irrelevant commentary.

John Percival

Hollywood's gentler giant

The Trip to Bountiful has earned Geraldine Page an Oscar after seven previous nominations and is worthy recognition of a fine stage and film career. Interview by Simon Banner



Eighty-time lucky: Oscar-winning Geraldine Page

as much as 18 hours each day in order to save money, and as I'm on screen for most of the film, it was doubly hard."

Born in Kirksville, Missouri, in 1924, Geraldine Page grew up in Chicago. She first thought of using her sketching talents to become an artist. Or at least she thought of being a musician, but times being what they were, which was hard, even with a doctor for a father, the family could not afford a piano. "So we got drawing lessons at 10 cents a time from a poverty-stricken artist who lived down the hall instead."

The eventual arrival of a piano proved something of a disappointment - "I tried and tried, but I was disillusioned very quickly, because I wanted to play a concerto straightaway, and I gave up in the middle of *The Skater's Waltz*" - the course of her life being determined rather by a key part in a play by the unlikely name of *Excuse My Dust*. "I was 16 at the time and I played

can watch people on the buses or on the subway. I often draw them as well. I have box after box of sketches back home."

Born in Kirksville, Missouri, in 1924, Geraldine Page grew up in Chicago. She first thought of using her sketching talents to become an artist. Or at least she thought of being a musician, but times being what they were, which was hard, even with a doctor for a father, the family could not afford a piano. "So we got drawing lessons at 10 cents a time from a poverty-stricken artist who lived down the hall instead."

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Nasa accused of negligence over Shuttle

From Michael Binyon, Washington

The Rogers Commission report on the explosion of the shuttle Challenger is a devastating indictment of eight years of failure and negligence by senior engineers and managers at Nasa.

Although the report is not due to be presented to President Reagan until Friday, widely-leaked accounts say the commission believes that the Challenger accident "need never have happened" and was the result of Nasa officials continuing to let the shuttle fly without correcting known design faults.

The report is said to recommend substantial design changes in future space-craft and instructs Nasa to put safety requirements into every phase of flight.

After four months of investigations, the panel has, as expected, pinned much of the blame for the explosion on the solid-fuel booster rockets. Freezing temperatures at the time of the January 29 launch made one of the rubbery O-ring seals between the rocket segments so stiff that it failed to prevent the escape of burning fuel.

The commission also discovered that one of the segments in the faulty joint had been distorted in a previous launch and was fitted so tightly into the next segment that it could not move under the stress of a launch as it was

designed to do. The commission traced difficulties with the seal back to 1978 and noted that the putty-like substance to prevent slippage between the O-rings and the metal segments had never behaved consistently.

The 200-page report recommends redesigning the joint to make it insensitive to temperature, water, ice, and stresses in manufacturing and installation. It also calls for the vertical testing of the rocket, rather than the past flat-bed testing, which does not adequately reflect the stresses of a launch firing.

The biting criticism of Nasa management includes the recommendation that astronauts and contractors have a greater say in future launch decisions, thus ensuring that any safety objections are not overruled by the Nasa bureaucracy as they were in January.

In addition, it calls for a more centralized agency structure with the Washington headquarters having greater control. The Marshall Centre in Huntsville, Alabama, where the rocket boosters are made, is supposedly cited as having developed into an almost independent fiefdom.

The report, not officially made public until Monday, will be a severe blow to the prestige and authority of the troubled space agency even though its conclusions were long foreshadowed.

MP defies Commons

The House of Commons has been confronted with another breach of its rules of privilege after a deliberate decision by a Labour MP yesterday to make public confidential papers placed before a select committee (Richard Evans writes).

Mr Dale Campbell-Savours, MP for Workington and a member of the public accounts committee, gave the documents, relating to savings made by some health authorities, to the Press Association, then informed Mr Bernard

Weatherill, Speaker of the Commons, and Mr John Biffen, Leader of the Commons and chairman of the privileges committee.

Mr Colin Webb, PA editor-in-chief, said the item was of little news value and would not be used.

Two weeks ago the Commons voted against suspending a journalist from *The Times* for six months for breaching privilege by leaking the confidential draft of a select committee report on radioactive waste.



Firemen still trying yesterday to put out the blaze which began on Monday night at the paper warehouse in south London (Photograph: John Manning)

Police seek gang as warehouse burns on

Continued from page 1

that the arsonists could have come from the ranks of extreme left-wing demonstrators who have espoused the printers' cause.

A joint statement by the print unions Sogat '82 and the National Graphical Association said that they were not involved in the fire, and that they had been alerted to the fact that the warehouse was being used as a meeting place for the printers' union.

Miss Brenda Dean, the Sogat general secretary, said Mr Matthews' suggestions were "disgraceful", and added: "As far as we are concerned, the print unions and their members will have nothing to do with arson."

Mr Norman Willis, general

secretary of the Trades Union Congress, said his views on violence and vandalism were well known: "Such things are anathema to the trade union movement."

Last night Det Supt Colin Hawkins, in charge of the inquiry, appealed for more witnesses to come forward and offered police protection in the event of reprisal threats.

He said: "I find it difficult to believe that the whole place could have gone up so quickly in flames without some preparatory work being done first. But this is an expert field and police forensic scientists will be examining it in detail."

From details logged by police so far, it is believed that two men in their late twenties or early thirties carried out the attack while a third man, in his forties, acted as a lookout.

The younger men are believed to have climbed over a

wall at the side of lock-up garages in Dacca Street, Deptford, worked their way along a taller wall bordering the back gardens of terraced houses, and lobbed petrol bombs about 20 yards to the foot of the wooden sliding doors of number 18 shed.

After returning along the same route, they joined the older man who had been waiting by the garages and all three sped off towards Evelyn Street in a maize Mark III Cortina with a beige stripe.

The younger men are described as being about 5'9" and of stocky build. One had blonde collar-length hair and was wearing a bomber jacket. The other, with dark hair, was wearing a knitted green pullover. The older man was balding and wearing a duffle coat.

Witnesses told police of "balls of fire" being lobbed at

the warehouse. A woman said she saw two men jump onto the roofs of the garages and minutes later an enormous sheet of flame erupting from the warehouse.

Another neighbour spoke of seeing men jumping from the roofs of the garages and being driven away at speed in a dark-coloured Ford. The alarm was raised by Mr Tom Freeman, aged 64, a security officer who said he had heard a big explosion. Mr Tom Smith, a colleague, added: "There was a terrific whosh and a ball of flame shot through the main gate."

Dozens of local residents were evacuated after first being told to remove curtains in case the intense heat cracked windows and set fire to their homes. Throughout the night, the brigade's fireboat London Phoenix was pumping 26,000 gallons of water from the

Thames every three minutes into the heart of the blaze.

Mr Matthews said he was convinced that the arsonists were involved with the print unions. "We saw them yesterday at Wapping; they behaved in a very violent manner, thumping helpless girls. When men thump women just because they are coming into work, I would say they are quite capable of putting a firebomb into this plant."

Company managers said only about 20 per cent of the newspaper destroyed had been destined for News International, which publishes the *Times*, the *Sunday Times*, the *Sun* and the *News of the World*. All of it was owned and insured by Scandinavian and Canadian suppliers, and the bulk of it was to have gone to other national and provincial newspapers throughout Britain.

Convoy of hippies faces new court bans

Continued from page 1

what changes were necessary. Mr Hunt said that at the same time Lord Hailsham, the Lord Chancellor, was "urgently considering" how civil law procedures could be streamlined to help landowners recover their land more speedily.

He said the Government was "well aware of the strength of feeling on this issue" and if any further changes in the law beyond those already proposed are required, we shall not hesitate to introduce them.

He sought to calm the growing anger of Conservative MPs whose constituencies in the West Country and the South have borne the brunt of the activities of the hippy convoy over several weeks.

The convoy spent a second day on common land near Lyndhurst in the New Forest, defying appeals by the Forestry Commission, which administers the land for the Crown, to leave.

Mr Hunt told the Commons that it was not just a criminal law which was being flouted, after Tory MPs told him that many vehicles in the convoy were untaxed, uninsured and unroadworthy.

Mr Hunt said: "The other arm of our strategy must be to ensure effective action, not just stronger action by the police, but by any other public agency whose rules the convoy flout. 'The convoy is not entitled to special treatment or exemption simply because its members wish to contract out of their responsibilities as citizens.'"

Yesterday, the convoy was camped over a wide area of scrub and gorse-covered land close to the disused airfield. The police were checking the vehicle and driver documents. Members of the convoy said they would continue to defy attempts to make them leave, claiming that they had run out of fuel and money, and were short of food.

They said that it was the first time they had properly rested since they were evicted en masse from the land of a Somerset farmer who obtained a High Court injunction last Friday.

Today's events

Royal engagements

The Prince of Wales, President, Business in the Community, attends a reception, Wintfield House, NW1 at 7.30.

Princess Anne, Patron, the National Union of Townswomen's Guilds, attends the launch of the tapestry for the diamond jubilee at the Chairman's reception, Banqueting House, Whitehall at 6.45.

Princess Margaret opens the Festival of Flowers in Glasgow Cathedral, at 6.

The Duke of Gloucester opens the Museum of East Anglian Life, Stowmarket, 11; and later opens the Y.M.C.A., Ipswich, 2.30.

The Duke of Kent, President,

the Automobile Association, opens the International Touring Alliance general assembly, Grosvenor House Hotel, London, 9.45.

The Duchess of Kent attends a gala fashion show, Royal College of Art, SW7, 7.30.

New exhibitions

Out of the Fire: Raku and smoke fired ceramics, Coach House Gallery, Gower Street, London, Mon to Sat 10 to 5.

From Infancy to Industry: Craft, design, education and industry in co-operation, Solihull Central Library Complex, today 11.30 to 2, tomorrow 9.30 to 9, Fri and Sat 9.30 to 5 (ends June 7).

Two weeks ago the Commons voted against suspending a journalist from *The Times* for six months for breaching privilege by leaking the confidential draft of a select committee report on radioactive waste.

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The Duke of Kent, President,

Fri 10 to 4.30, Sat 10 to 12.30 (ends July 2).

Glass and textiles: Old Fire Station Arts Centre, Oxford, Mon to Sat 10 to 5 (ends Aug 30).

Exhibitions in progress

Terraria: Exotic Shapes - a profusion of plants; Mid-Pennine Arts Association Gallery, 2, Hamerton St, Burnley, Mon to Fri 9 to 5 (ends June 27).

Studies and paintings by Peter Kinley, Kettle's Yard Gallery, Castle St, Cambridge, Tues to Sat 12.30 to 5.30, Thurs 12.30 to 7, Sun 2 to 5.30 (ends July 6).

Paintings by Lancelotti Ribeiro: Museum and Art Gallery, New Walk, Leicester, 10 to 5.30.

Work by the Royal Photographic Society: Brympton d'Everey, Yeovil, 2 to 6.

MUSIC

Concert by the Hille Orchestra with Kyung-Hwa Chung (violin), St. David's Hall, Cardiff, 7.30.

Organ recital by David Floor, Holy Trinity Church, Sandgate Rd, Folkestone, 7.30.

Concert by the Minot State College Choir, Coventry Cathedral, 7.45.

Concert by the Chillingham String Quartet, Gardner Centre, Sussex University, Brighton, 7.45.

Harp recital by Vanessa McKeand, St. Mary's, Garsington, Oxon, 8.

Concert by the Reading Festival Chorus and Southern Pops, Reading, 7.30.

Schulze anniversary concert with Noel Rawsthorne (organ), Ellesmere College, Shropshire, 7.45.

Recital by the Michela Petri Trio, Mere Parish Church, Wiltshire, 7.30.

Organ recital by Philip Sawyer, St. Andrew's and St. George's, George St, Edinburgh, 7.45.

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Books - hardback

The Literary Editor's selection of interesting books published this week

A View of the World, by Norman Lewis (Eland Books, £12.95, paperback £5.95)

Franklin of Philadelphia, by Edmund Wright (Harvard, £12.95)

George Eliot, by Gillian Beer (Harvard, £15.95, paperback £4.95)

Orson Welles, The Rise and Fall of an American Genius, by Charles Higham (New English Library, £12.95)

Oskar Kokoschka, by Frank Whitford (Weidenfeld & Nicolson, £15)

Reflections on the Puritan Revolution, by A.L. Rowse (Methuen, £14.95)

The History of the British Coal Industry, Vol. 3, 1880-1913 Victorian Period, by Roy Church (Oxford, £25)

The State of America, by Trevor Fishlock (John Murray, £10.95)

Themes in Roman Satire, by Neil Rudd (Duckworth, £24)

THE POUND

London and South-east: M4. The M4 is the main road from the M25 to the eastbound carriageway is closed at Thorney Interchange, near Heathrow; the westbound carriageway is closed at the M4 junction with the M25. The M4 is closed between the M25 and the M2. The M4 is closed between the M25 and the M2. The M4 is closed between the M25 and the M2.

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Weather forecast

A NW airflow covers the British Isles.

6 am to midnight

London, SE, central & central N England, Midlands: Bright or sunny intervals, scattered light showers; wind NW light or moderate; max temp 17C (63F).

North Wales, SE England: Showers, sunny intervals; wind NW, moderate; max temp 18C (64F).

Channel Islands, SW England, Wales, SE of Wales, Northern Ireland: Mostly rather cloudy, outbreaks of rain spreading from the west; wind W or NW light or moderate; max temp 18C (64F).

North Wales, SE England: Showers, sunny intervals; wind NW moderate becoming light; max temp 16C (61F).

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North

Convoy of hippies faces new court bans

FINANCE AND INDUSTRY

STOCK MARKET

FT 30 Share 1320.4 (+4.0)
FT-SE 100 1602.2 (+5.7)
USM (Datastream) 120.57 (+0.23)

THE POUND

US Dollar 1.4925 (+0.0185)
W German mark 3.3962 (-0.0257)
Trade-weighted 76.1 (-0.2)

Bid query by Biddle

Biddle Holdings, the lift, heating and air-conditioning company, yesterday called on the Myson hearing firm to clarify its intentions. Myson said on Friday that it might top the agreed offer of 160p a share last month from Kone, the Finnish group.

Hanson leaps

Hanson, Trust increased profits from £106 million to £158 million before tax in the six months to March 31. Turnover rose from £1.48 billion to £1.55 billion and the interim dividend is up from 1.1p to 1.4p. *Temps, page 23*

Norcross jump

Norcross, the building materials company, boosted profits from £24.3 million to £45.1 million in the year to March 31. Turnover rose from £348 million to £602 million. *Temps, page 23*

Sketchley lift

Sketchley, the dry-cleaner, reported pre-tax profits up 16 per cent to £11.6 million for the year to March 28 on turnover down 2 per cent to £153 million. The dividend was increased by 74 per cent to 17.5p. *Temps, page 23*

Water protest

The Water Authorities Association, has told the Government the industry cannot support privatisation unless crucial issues like pensions and land drainage are dealt with urgently. *Details, page 24*

First for Rolls

Rolls-Royce, the state-owned aero-engine group, has won its first order - worth up to £350 million - for its latest fuel-efficient RB-211 engine. Cathay Pacific has chosen the engine for a new fleet of Boeing 747-400 aircraft.

Wine loss

Rothmans International's troubled Canadian brewing subsidiary, Carling O'Keefe, has sold its wine subsidiary, Jordan & Ste-Michelle Cellars, at a loss for Can\$30 million (£14.5 million).

38% pay rise

Mr Philip Birch, the chairman and managing director of the Ward White Group, was paid £225,000 last year, an increase of 38 per cent. Ward White's profits were up by 82 per cent to £26 million.

Store scheme

Bentalls, the department store chain, is to seek planning permission next month for the £110 million redevelopment with Norwich Union, the insurance company, of its store at Kingston, south-west London.

Dollar's fall boosts hopes of early cut in base rates

By David Smith, Economics Correspondent

A sharp dollar fall boosted the pound by two cents yesterday and raised hopes that base rates will soon be cut from their 10 per cent level.

Some dealers expect a cut in rates to 9.5 per cent - a level last seen in December 1984 - before the end of the year. But others expect the publication of economic data next week, including the May money supply figures and the retail price index.

Money market interest rates edged down by 1/8 of a point, continuing the downward trend of recent days. The three-month interbank rate fell to a mid-range 9 1/4 per cent.

The dollar was heavily sold yesterday, after a number of recent comments suggesting that its value would fall. Among these were statements from Dr Clayton Yeutter, the US President's trade representative, and Mr Martin Feldstein, former chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers.

Mr Paul Volcker, the chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, said at the International Monetary Conference in Boston, Massachusetts, that

there had been no detailed international discussions about stabilising the dollar at present levels, and this led to further selling.

The dollar dropped through the 2.30 level against the mark, closing nearly five pence down at 2.2755. Against the yen, the dollar fell to 171.70, compared with 174.90 overnight, and the 177 level reached in Far East trading on Monday.

The pound rose by 1.85 cents to 1.4925 against the weak dollar. However, sterling lost more than two pence to close at 3.3985 against the mark which, with the yen was

the chief beneficiary of dollar weakness. The sterling index fell by 0.2 to 76.1.

The pound was helped by figures showing an underlying rise of \$138 million (£92.5 million) in Britain's gold and foreign currency reserves in May, the fifth consecutive monthly increase.

The reserves stood at \$19,166 million (£13,016 million) at the end of May, the highest level since February 1982. The cumulative rise in the first five months of the year was \$924 million, virtually offsetting the \$941 million fall in the final three months of last year, when the Bank of

England intervened heavily in the foreign exchange markets to support the pound and drive the dollar down.

In assessing base rate prospects, dealers have paid particular attention to sterling's rate against the mark, as well as the inflation figures.

Yesterday's dip below DM3.40 for the pound, unless it is the beginning of a sharp decline by staying against the mark, is unlikely to prevent lower base rates in Britain, while the May inflation figures, due at the end of next week, are expected to show the rate down to 2.5 per cent, from 3 per cent in April.

West German growth resumes

The West German economy is recovering, after a winter pause in growth. Industrial output rose by 1.3 per cent in April, it was announced yesterday. This came after a 1 per cent decline in March.

The country's real gross national product declined by about 0.5 per cent in the first three months compared with the final quarter of 1985, according to provisional estimates. The GNP in the first

quarter was about 2 per cent higher than in the corresponding period of last year.

This pause in growth, which accompanied the sharp slide in world oil prices, appears to have been common to several countries, including Britain. The April industrial production figures, while probably exaggerated by the scale of the March decline, point to a resumption of strong growth in the second quarter.

Manufacturing output rose 1.5 per cent and construction spending increased by 13 per cent. Industrial production in April was 2.8 per cent above a year earlier.

Figures due out today are thought to show a large April trade surplus. The expectations are for a DM10 billion (£2.9 billion) trade surplus - nearly twice the DM5.4 billion surplus achieved in April last year.

B & C buys 55% stake in Premier

By Alison Eadie

British & Commonwealth Shipping has added another business to its rapidly expanding financial services division by taking a 55 per cent stake in Premier Portfolio.

Premier, formed last year from a management buy-out of a division of Avco Trust, manages blocks of mortgages for financial institutions and is also a secured lender particularly in the second mortgage market.

Mr John Gunn, a director of B & C, said yesterday: "We are continuing to develop our financial services and we are

very excited by the prospects which our investment in Premier offers." No price has been put on the deal, but the company is understood to have paid about £3 million for its stake.

Last month it expanded its financial services division by buying a controlling stake in Stock Beech, the stockbroker. Mr Adrian Bloomfield, managing director of Premier, said he expects B & C to be an active investor, even though it will not be involved in the day-to-day running of the company.

Oppenheim indicates Aitken Hume plans

By Our City Staff

Mr Nicholas Oppenheim, the financier, yesterday issued the formal offer document in his £91 million bid for the Aitken Hume financial services company, and said he would probably call in the Edinburgh Fund Management group to manage Aitken's fund assets if the bid succeeded.

Mr Oppenheim already has close connections with the Edinburgh group - he is on the board of two of its investment trusts, while an Edinburgh director, Mr Alex

ander Cassels, is on the board of the hosiery manufacturer Tranwood, the quoted vehicle which Mr Oppenheim is using to make his all-paper bid for Aitken.

In addition, Edinburgh joined Allied Dunbar, Robert Fleming and other institutions in taking a stake in Tranwood when Mr Oppenheim led a refinancing operation for the group in February. Aitken Hume has rejected the bid, and yesterday repeated its view that Tranwood is "little more than a shell company".

More Pritchard sales

By Our City Staff

Pritchard Services Group, which is fighting a hostile £145 million bid from Mr Michael Ashcroft's Hawley Group, yesterday announced the disposal of two further assets.

It is selling its minority interest in ACE Cleaning Enterprises, which provides hospital support services in Saudi Arabia, for up to £1.7 million. The buyers are a Saudi

prince and Waste Management International. The group will also earn \$900,000 (£610,000) from the sale of a New York property.

On Monday, Pritchard disclosed that it was selling Kimberley Services, an American employment agency, for \$21.5 million (£14.5 million). Mr Michael Pritchard, the chairman, said the sales would reduce borrowing.

Leigh in £6m cash call

By Richard Lander

Leigh Interests, the Walsall waste disposal group, yesterday asked shareholders for £6.2 million to reduce group borrowings - which ballooned after last year's purchase of MJ1 Corporation for £4.4 million.

The cash call, via a rights issue of convertible preference shares on a two-for-five basis at 100p, will reduce the

group's gearing ratio from 132 to 55 per cent.

Leigh also announced its results for the year to March 31. Pretax profits increased from £1.9 million to £3.4 million. However, the higher interest charges and new shares resulting from the MJ1 purchase left earnings per share only 11 per cent higher at 6.9p. The final dividend was raised from 1p to 2.45p.

MPs give warning on Royal Ordnance privatization

By Teresa Poole

An all-party committee of MPs gave a warning yesterday that proper consideration must be given to the interests of the taxpayer in the forthcoming privatization of Royal Ordnance.

The Committee of Public Accounts, the watchdog on Government spending, is worried that factors other than price could determine the precise timing of privatization. Officially, the company is to be sold "this summer", but the share sale is widely expected to be in July so that it does not run into the privatization of British Gas.

In a report on the incorporation, in January, 1985, of the Royal Ordnance Factories into a public limited company, the committee says it is "surprised" that an opening balance sheet has not yet been published as this would enable the company's value to be assessed.

It wants this information to be made available before privatization and in time for effective Parliamentary scrutiny. Royal Ordnance's annual report for 1985 will be published next week, but Mr Robert Sheldon, the Labour chairman of the committee,

said yesterday that this would not allow sufficient time and would make a "nonsense" of Parliamentary scrutiny.

He added: "I am very concerned that this isn't rushed through. Getting value for money must be the most important aspect, rather than any convenience of fitting into the privatization schedule."

Part of the reason for the delay in publishing a balance sheet is believed to have been the time taken to sort out a big liability on a contract which went wrong. Next week's balance sheet is expected to show provisions to cover the loss.

Executive Editor Kenneth Fleet

Mercury International raises ready \$200m

Mercury International Group, the City financial conglomerate which owns SG Warburg, the merchant bank, yesterday increased its capital resources through its first operation in international capital markets. The issue of \$200 million (£136 million) in floating rate notes is the first long-term debt capital the company has raised. It is also one of the largest capital-raising exercises in this sector.

The issue was originally set at \$150 million, but strong demand persuaded Mercury to raise the amount by \$50 million. The notes, which carry a 20 year maturity to July 2006, will leave Mercury with capital of around £500 million.

Mr David Scholey, the chairman, said that the issue would give Mercury "additional capital resources in a form to be readily and flexibly deployed in the expansion of our business".

The proceeds are likely to be divided between the securities and banking operations of the group, whose securities operation in Tokyo began trading on the Tokyo stock exchange yesterday.

Mr Michael Gore, group finance director, said that additional capital was also necessary because it was still unclear how the capital requirements of financial conglomerates would be regulated.

Until that uncertainty was removed it was useful to have a flexible reserve of capital which could be deployed to satisfy any future capital requirements.

The new issue will raise Mercury's capital to roughly the same level as Kleinwort Benson's, one of the rival financial conglomerates emerging in London ahead of big bang in October.

Mr Gore said that it also brought Mercury up to the level of many United States securities houses which are taking an increasingly large part in London markets.

"They have large US operations to support and we now feel able to hold our own against them elsewhere in the world", Mr Gore said.

He added that although a large part of the floating rate issue would be used to support Mercury's securities operations, it could just as easily be used to back banking operations. Mercury had decided not to issue a perpetual floating rate note, which would have ranked as primary rather than secondary capital, because a conventional issue would produce more money at finer rates.

The issue, which is lead managed by SG Warburg and guaranteed by Mercury, carries a coupon of 0.25 per cent above the London interbank mean rate.

Brokers to the issue is Rowe & Pitman, the firm owned by Mercury. Front end commissions amount to 0.65 per cent, including 0.25 per cent for underwriting and commission and 0.4 per cent selling concession.

Still no glister

The last two or three years have been disappointing for gold enthusiasts and if Consolidated Gold Fields' latest market review, *Gold*

1986, is a guide, this year will not offer much comfort. George Milling-Stanley, the new author of the survey, has continued the admirable tradition of lucid comprehensiveness which has made it the bible of the business, but he is unable to predict either the price increase or the volatility which the market craves.

At \$317 an ounce, the gold price in 1986 was the lowest since 1979; volatility, or the range within which gold traded, was the lowest since 1977. The supply of new gold to the non-Communist private sector fell for the first time since 1980, from 1,439 tonnes to 1,288 tonnes. Identified investment holdings of bullion, the clearest indication of how speculators view the market, declined from 328 tonnes in 1984 to 308 tonnes.

But, to be fair, these figures conceal subtle shifts in the market, some of which are welcome. Stimulated by a price which is still well above average Western production costs of \$206 an ounce before depreciation (\$254 after depreciation), mine production rose from 1,149 tonnes to 1,213 tonnes, the highest for 14 years.

South African output was 10 tonnes lower at 673 tonnes, or 55 per cent of the total, but the difference was made up by burgeoning mines in North America, Australia and Brazil. Communist sales to the West were virtually the same at 210 tonnes.

The gap between higher mine output and a lower supply to the private sector is largely explained by central banks and other official agencies reversing their earlier policy to become net buyers in 1985 of 135 tonnes of gold.

So far in 1986, the gold price has averaged \$343 an ounce, largely because of a spurt induced by the oil price collapse early in the year. But if the price should dip this year, official purchases could pick up again, further straining the supply to the private sector.

That strain chiefly arises from the impressive strength of demand for jewellery. Consumption of gold in electronics and coins was down sharply last year, in the latter case because the poor price deterred investors and there was political resistance to the now-discontinued Kruggerands.

But jewellery devoured 513 tonnes against 443 tonnes, the main reason being high earnings in countries such as India as well as developed nations and the depreciation of the dollar, which gave a particular flip to the booming Japanese market.

Several years of capital losses on gold and the relative attraction of financial instruments and stock markets have knocked the shine off gold. But for gold bugs, the encouraging aspect is that the price is holding reasonably steady, supported by buying below \$330.

Physical demand has been the key to the market, even if the actual source changes from year to year. In 1986, for example, Japan has bought 200 tonnes for coins to celebrate the emperor. Patience in the gold market may yet pay off.

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Leasing for the Public and Private Sectors

A PART OF Alexanders Laing & Cruickshank Holdings Ltd THE INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES HOUSE

WALL STREET

New York (Agencies) — Shares declined in early trading yesterday, extending a spate of profit-taking into the third consecutive session. Investors were mildly encouraged by the slight drop in interest rates on bond markets in the morning. But they were expecting no dramatic changes in rates.

The Dow Jones industrial average fell by 8.75 points to 1,853.00. Declining shares outnumbered rising ones by

six to five on a volume of 12 million shares. John Blair Co led the list of active stocks, up by 27.4. Reliance Capital has offered \$27 a share, plus the offer of a direct unit unit, to shareholders. This tops an offer from Macfadden.

On Monday, shares finished broadly lower as a flurry of selling late in the afternoon sent the market plunging in the final half-hour. The industrial average closed 14.75 points lower at 1,861.95.

	Jun 02	May 03	Jun 02	May 03	Jun 02	May 03		
AMR	57.50	58.00	Pratt	24	24.00	Pizer	28.00	28.00
AMT	39.00	39.00	Phi Chicago	34.00	34.00	Phizer Dpt	69.00	69.00
Alleg Signal	44.00	44.00	Phi Ind	24.00	24.00	Pharm Met	28.00	28.00
Allied S&S	44.00	44.00	Phi Penn C	8.00	8.00	Philips Pet	10.00	10.00
Altria	45.00	45.00	Phi P	8.00	8.00	Pharm	68.00	68.00
Amex Inc	14.00	14.00	GAR Corp	36.00	36.00	Pharm	76.00	76.00
Amgen	14.00	14.00	GAR Corp	36.00	36.00	Pharm	76.00	76.00
Am Brands	86.00	86.00	Gen Corp	73.00	73.00	Ph B & G	37.00	37.00
Am Can	73.00	73.00	Gen Dv Mca	80.00	80.00	Pratt	28.00	28.00
Amgen	14.00	14.00	Gen Dv Mca	80.00	80.00	Pharm Met	28.00	28.00
Am Pwr	25.00	25.00	Gen Inst	25.00	25.00	Rockwell Int	46.00	46.00
Am Pwr	25.00	25.00	Gen Inst	25.00	25.00	Rockwell Int	46.00	46.00
Am Pwr	25.00	25.00	Gen Inst	25.00	25.00	Rockwell Int	46.00	46.00
Am Pwr	25.00	25.00	Gen Inst	25.00	25.00	Rockwell Int	46.00	46.00
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Water bodies threaten to end support for sell-off

By Jeremy Warner, Business Correspondent

Government plans for privatizing the water industry in England and Wales, the biggest and most complex state sell-off yet proposed, have encountered renewed criticism from the Water Authorities Association.

The WAA has told the Government that it will not be able to give active support to privatization unless certain important issues which the Government has so far "done nothing about" are addressed urgently.

Mr Len Hill, chairman of the WAA, has written to the environment minister responsible for water, Mr John Patten, to tell him that support for privatization may have to be withdrawn if the issues are not resolved by the end of the month.

Two weeks ago Mr Hill criticized the Government for attempting to rush through poorly thought out plans for privatizing the 10 regional water authorities in England and Wales.

Mr Hill said the authorities were not being given enough time to prepare for privatization and that plans to stagger the floatations over several years were a potential area of "real trouble". Mr Hill thought that floating all 10



John Patten: deadline for urgent action

authorities together would be the best approach to privatization.

Confidential minutes of the WAA's last council meeting obtained by *The Times* give the impression of an industry which is being bullied and beaten into submitting to privatization plans with which it is far from happy.

Mr Gordon Jones, chairman of Yorkshire Water, told the meeting that several crucial issues remained to be solved before the WAA could give active support to privatization.

These included whether all the authorities should be floated simultaneously or one at a time, the future of pensions for the industry's 50,000 employees on which there was no

agreement, and control of land drainage.

Mr Jones said that the Department of the Environment was gaining momentum in its privatization plans and "seemed to be drafting clauses before settling many financial considerations".

All the authorities are vehemently opposed to Government plans to transfer responsibility for land drainage from them to a new body controlled by the Ministry of Agriculture.

They believe such an action will permanently damage the concept of integrated water basin management under which the authorities are responsible for all aspects of the water environment.

Several authorities expressed the view that establishment of such a body would enable all extraneous activities to be taken from them, leaving them as mere water and sewerage companies.

Mr Jones reported that Kleinwort Benson, the merchant bank, had been engaged to look into the possibility of floating all authorities at once and that it indeed "seemed possible to envisage a way to get all 10 authorities privatized simultaneously by the end of 1987 if the parliamentary timetable permitted".

Government sources, while acknowledging that the idea was being explored, felt a simultaneous floatation of the industry's £27 billion of assets was not practical and would present unsurmountable logistical and stock market problems.

They also said that hundreds of millions of pounds worth of debt would have to be written off at several authorities, most notably at the North West which takes in Manchester and Liverpool, to make them viable propositions for a stock market floatation.

Mr Jones told the WAA council meeting that the Department of the Environment seemed to have conceded that there might have to be a different mechanism for controlling price increases for each of the authorities.

The Government had hoped to apply a standard formula of the retail price index minus x for prices similar to that used to control the privatized British Telecom.

But the DoE now seemed to accept that the x factor might have to vary according to the individual needs of the 10 authorities and that some kind of mechanism for dealing with extraordinary costs such as those imposed by EEC directives would have to be devised.

APPOINTMENTS

Mono Containers and Autobar Vandabeka: Mr Philip Mitchell has been appointed managing director. He joins the board of Autobar-Industria.

Howden Management & Data Services: Mr Derek Day has been made managing director.

General Council of British Shipping: Mr W G Ransome has been elected president in succession to Sir Brian Shaw and Mr Kerry St Johnston has been made vice-president.

Emess Lighting: Mr David Cudde has been made finance director.

Pannell Kerr Forster: Mr M B Turner joins the partnership on June 30.

Thames Television: Sir Ian Trethowan has been made a director.

CompAir Holman: Mr David Brewer becomes export sales director. Mr David Paul is made marketing director and Mr Peter Raven becomes operations director (Cambridge).

Norbin Micro: Mr Ashley Ward is named as managing director.

American Can (UK): Mr Howard Lomas has been made vice-president finance, food/general and meat packaging.



Richard Hewett

Good Relations Group: Mr Mark Smith is named as group finance director.

The Teeland Investment Co: Mr Gerry Stapleton has joined the board.

Reader's Digest: Mr Richard W Hewett has been made director of international operations from October 1.

Ewbank Preece Consulting Group: Mr Alan Plumptre has been made chairman.

Gor-Ray: Mr Ronald Fidler becomes chairman.

Canon Assurance: Mr Sid King has been made a director.

British Tissue: Mr C J Hayes and Mr M J Mills have joined the board and Mr J Simell succeeds Mr M Nunn to the board.

ICI aids Moscow in search for farm efficiency

From Bailey Morris Boston, Massachusetts

Imperial Chemical Industries is assisting the Soviet Union in a campaign to become self-sufficient in agriculture over five to ten years.

Sir John Harvey-Jones, chairman of ICI, told a high-level meeting of international bankers here that his company was operating four 1,000-hectare (2,471-acre) farms in the Soviet Union with the aim of teaching Russian farmers greater efficiency, particularly in growing winter wheat and seed grains.

The project, which has the personal support of Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader and a trained agronomist, is part of a campaign by Moscow to eliminate dependence on foreign food sources.

From his own observations, Sir John believes the Soviet Union will achieve its self-sufficiency goal in only five years, duplicating India's "green revolution".

The ICI farms, similar to projects the company has undertaken in Bulgaria and Hungary, are in different regions of the Soviet Union and operated almost completely by the company. Sir John said they had been successful even from the labour standpoint.

One factor which could affect the timetable is the sterilization of land as a result of the Chernobyl nuclear accident. Sir John said it was too early to assess that damage.

During the Boston meeting, at which officials expressed grave concern over growing protectionism in agricultural trades and other commodities,



Sir John Harvey-Jones: a Soviet "green revolution"

Canada announced that it had duties on United States products in retaliation for tariff action by the Reagan Administration against Canadian lumber.

The Canadian finance minister, Mr Michael Wilson, said: "Our objective is to bring home to the United States the cost of protectionism. Nations which resort to protectionism must be made to realize that trade is a two-way street".

Earlier, Mr Clayton Yeutter, the US Trade Representative, had said that if Canada decided to take punitive action against the US, it would "set a dangerous precedent", requiring Canada to defend its action.

The Administration's tariffs on Canadian products have been heavily criticized as an unnecessary threat to the world's largest trading relationship.

Political leaders said the action was not to show Congress that the highly protectionist trade Bill now before the Senate was unnecessary.

Sinking oil platforms to be raised 6 metres

By David Young, Energy Correspondent

Engineers have found a solution to the North Sea's sinking oilfield, the Ekofisk complex in the Norwegian sector.

Five of the six platforms in the field, operated by Phillips, will be jacked up and another six metres welded on to the deck in a £194 million operation which will involve closing the field, one of the North Sea's most prolific, for four weeks.

Phillips hopes the platforms will be raised before the winter of 1987-88.

Measurements by satellite have confirmed that the structures have already sunk three metres and are likely to go on sinking by 40 centimetres a year.

The seabed subsidence is due to the oil-bearing rock, made up from the bodies of millions of microscopic sea creatures, being crushed.

Enterprise charities plan £6m merger

By Teresa Foote

A new organization to promote business start-ups by young people is to be formed this month through the merger of two charities.

The Youth Enterprise Scheme is joining with the Fairbridge Society and will offer soft loans to would-be entrepreneurs up to the age of 26.

The combined assets of the new charity will be £6 million and a big fund-raising campaign will be launched soon after the merger.

Yes was formed in 1984 and has so far created 300 jobs by investing £366,000 in new businesses.

It makes up to £5,000 available on easy interest terms for new companies which are then mentored for progress.

The merger with the Fairbridge Society, which has double the assets, will enable the investment programme to expand.

Eight accredited centres around Britain will be opened by the end of the year to provide a channel for making loans.

Fairbridge/Yes will also act as a pump-priming agency by offering to match, pound for pound, any local funding raised by the centres.

At the time of the merger, the Fairbridge Society will continue to run its Drake Fellowship, which provides adventure training for unemployed youngsters, and a job-creating project, the Fulham Palace Garden Centre, which trains young people in horticulture, landscaping and gardening.

Mr David Grayson, Director of Project North East, has been appointed chief executive of the new venture.

Mr Angus Ogilvy, chairman of Yes, said: "Unemployment among young people is fast becoming the major social problem facing the Western world today. More and more young people are looking towards the creation of a small business or cooperative venture as a means of providing themselves with permanent employment".

The scheme is aimed at unemployed youngsters but there is no discrimination in favour of disadvantaged groups.

Yes, Victoria Chambers, 16-20 Stratton Ground, London, SW1P 2HP.

COMPANY NEWS

● **GRATTAN:** While the weather has continued to be mixed, there has been a significant improvement in Grattan's sales across all merchandise ranges and trading names, shareholders at the annual meeting were told.

● **BURMAH OIL:** Mr John Malby, the chairman, told the annual meeting that the company's future now lies primarily with its downstream operations, Castrol and specialty chemicals. Both divisions are international and have a strong marketing orientation.

Another important business area, the transportation of LNG, is also now performing well and is a valuable cash generator.

● **ROBERT MOSS/BUNZL:** Bunzl says that the offer has been declared unconditional in all respects, all conditions having been satisfied or waived.

The offer will remain open for acceptance until further notice, but the partial cash or loan note alternative will close at 3pm on June 11.

● **PACIFIC INVESTMENT TRUST:** Results for the year to March 31, 1986 (compared with the period February 28, 1984 to

March 31, 1985, restated). Dividend 0.35p (0.35p). Pretax revenue £177,000 (£1.1 million). Earnings per share 0.35p (1.23p).

● **CITY OF DUBLIN:** For the six months to March 31 the interim dividend was 0.9625p (same). With figures in £000, pretax profit was 324 (309), tax was 126 (154) and earnings per share were 1.96p (1.52p).

● **J SMART AND COMPANY (CONTRACTORS):** The interim dividend is 1.3p net (1.2p). Members holding about 50 per cent of the shares have waived their right to this dividend.

● **T&S STORES:** Mr K P Threlfall, the chairman, said turnover for the 16 weeks to April 24 was £18,402,000 — ahead of 1985's figures by 30 per cent.

● **SIMS CATERING BUTCHERS:** The final 2.8p making 4p (nil) for the year to 31/3/86. Figures in £000: turnover 8,380 (3,321) profit on ordinary activities before tax and exceptional items 586 (405), exceptional items nil (51 debt), pretax profit 586 (354), tax 236 (126), pre-acquisition profits 45 (nil), earnings per share 8.44p (7.49p).

● **NORSK DATA:** The company announces the formation of a new subsidiary in Dublin. The £26 million (£5.3 million) project begins immediately and manufacturing operations are expected to commence before the end of the year.

● **TM GROUP:** The company, formerly the Mayfair Group, has acquired 90 per cent of the share capital of Hargreaves Vending, a supplier of beverages and dispensing machines.

● **TR NATURAL RESOURCES:** The company has proposed a one for one capitalization. Final 4.75p making 8.25p (7.5) for year to 31/3/86. Figures in £000, total income 5,751 (4,503), debt interest and loan interest payable 795 (55), administrative expenses 487 (62), revenue before tax 4,469 (3,986), tax 1,655 (1,605), earnings per share 9.33p (7.87p), net asset value after deducting prior charges at par 294.4p (318.4p).

● **ASHLEY INDUSTRIAL TRUST:** Of the recent issue of 2,009,600 A ordinary shares, 1,904,790 (94.78 per cent) have been taken up. The balance has been sold for the benefit of those

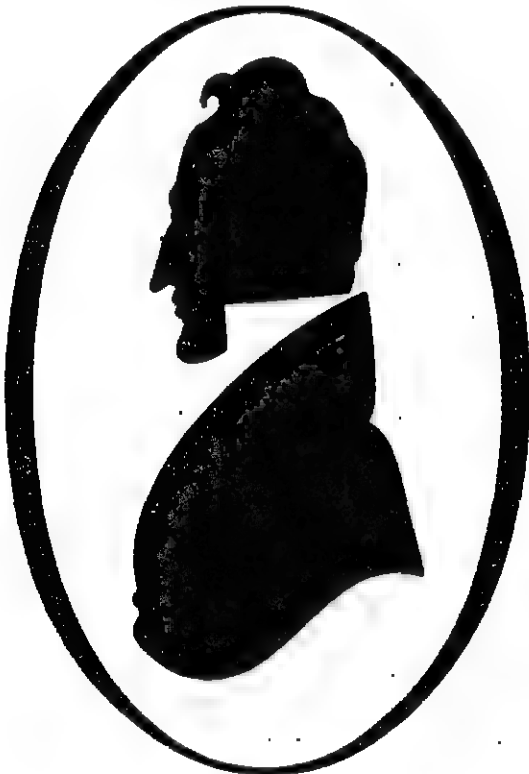
holders who did not take up their rights.

● **AIRFLOW STREAM-LINES:** Final 1.25p making 1.5p (1p) for year to February 28, per July 22. Figs in £000, turnover 32,589 (26,717), profit before tax 967 (624), tax 402 (221), earnings per share 6.01p (4.12p).

● **LARD GROUP:** The chairman told shareholders that in 1986, group capital spending was expected to rise to £22 million which would mean that about £48 million would have been spent in the last three years.

● **PETROL:** Dr Norman White, the chairman, said that his board welcomed the withdrawal of the Inoco bid following the ruling of the takeover panel on May 30.

● **LAMONT HOLDINGS:** The chairman said that results to the end of April 1986 have been on budget. The company's offer for the ordinary shares in Shaw Carpets was declared unconditional on April 24. The company had investigated the methods of management and had now made plans for the future.



THE DE LA RUE COMPANY p.l.c.

90% of products now sold overseas
Trading profit and margins higher
Earnings per share at a new record level
Acquisitions lay the foundation for further growth

Extracts from the Chairman's Statement

GROUP SALES AND PROFITS

Group trading profit before interest increased to £43.5 million on sales which declined from £337 million to £310 million, following the disposal of Security Express. Margins increased from 12.6% to 14.0%.

THOMAS DE LA RUE CURRENCY DIVISION

had a very good year and all its production units performed well. The chief task in the present year will be the integration of the banknote and travellers cheque elements of the Bradbury Wilkinson business, and the realisation of the benefits which are obtainable from the merger.

THOMAS DE LA RUE SECURITY SYSTEMS PRINT DIVISION

The Security printing elements of the Bradbury Wilkinson business at Gatwick, Aylesbury and Windsor will add considerably to our capacity and to our ability to compete, particularly in international markets, for security printing work.

CROSFIELD ELECTRONICS

had another splendid year. It has maintained its technical lead over competitive products, thereby pushing up its market share while at the same time managing to improve its margins. Pre-tax profits increased by nearly 30%, to just over £12 million, making Crosfield a major contributor to the Group's profitability.

DE LA RUE SYSTEMS

was again a dull spot, with profit at about the same level as last year.

SOUTH AMERICAN OPERATIONS

had an excellent year in spite of the decline in the value of the Colombian Peso and heavy inflation in Brazil.

OPERATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

again produced mixed results but there are some promising new products in the pipeline.

FULL YEAR RESULTS

	Year to 31 March 1986	1985
	£000	£000
TURNOVER		
Security	182,205*	223,008
Crosfield Electronics	127,647	113,992
	309,852	337,000
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	49,359	46,434
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE (After Taxation and Minority Interests)	32,163	30,046
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (After Extraordinary Items)	36,236	24,933
Trading Margin	14.0%	12.6%
Earnings per Ordinary share	84.4p	78.9p
Proposed Final Dividend (net)	24.75p	21.75p

*Excludes Security Express Ltd., sold 4 June 1985.

The figures for the year to 31 March 1986 are audited from the Group's full accounts for that period, which have received an unqualified auditors' opinion and will be filed with the Registrar of Companies after the Annual General Meeting.

Copies of the Preliminary Report and Chairman's Statement are available from The Secretary, De La Rue House, Burlington Gardens, London W1A 1DL.

Enterprise charities plan £6m merger

By Teresa Park

A new organization made business sense, young people is to be this month through the of two charities.

The Scheme for South East Fairbridge Society will offer soft loans to entrepreneurs up to £10,000.

The combined new charity will be a merger of the two charities. The fund-raising campaign will be launched after the merger.

As was formed in 1984, the charity has raised £366,000 in the last three years.

It makes up to £10,000 available on easy terms for new businesses which are then made available on easy terms for new businesses.

The merger with the Fairbridge Society, which provides a place for young people in care, will be a major step in the development of the charity.

The charity is a registered charity and is a member of the National Council for Voluntary Organisations.

The charity is a registered charity and is a member of the National Council for Voluntary Organisations.

WHAT YOU INVEST	THE VALUE OF YOUR FIRST CERTIFICATE AFTER 4 YEARS	YOUR TAX-FREE PROFIT
12 MONTHLY PAYMENTS		
12x£20 = £240	£343	£103
12x£50 = £600	£858	£258
12x£100 = £1200	£1717	£517
12x£200 = £2400	£3434	£1034

SIMPLE MATHS FOR THE VERY CLEVER.

How clever do you have to be to make your money work harder for you?
Clever enough to know that Yearly Plan does just that.

The simple maths on the board show how easy to make monthly payments can grow into large lump sums. And that's only the return on your first year's payments. You can then let your plan carry on and each year's payments will earn their own fixed and guaranteed tax-free return.

HOW IT WORKS

Save between £20 and £200 a month by standing order, and after 12 months we will send you a Yearly Plan Certificate.

Hold your certificate for a further four years and you'll earn the maximum guaranteed rate of return. All tax-free.

Then if you want to let your certificates go on growing, they will earn an attractive variable rate - also tax-free.

CURRENT RATE

The rate currently on offer is 8.19% pa tax-free over the five years.

The rate you will be offered is the rate current on the day we receive your application. It's then fixed and guaranteed over five years, whatever happens to interest rates elsewhere.

If you don't want to accept the rate offered, just cancel your standing order. It's that simple.

CARRYING ON

You needn't stop your payments after 12 months. We will write and tell you the guaranteed return on your next certificate. The plan will simply continue automatically if you want to carry on.

You can take your money out at any time, but you will get the best rate of return if you keep each certificate for a full 4 years.

INVEST HERE AND NOW

Complete the application form and standing order and send them both by first class post to:

The Savings Certificate Office, Yearly Plan Section, Durham, DH99 1NS. Do not send any money.

Remember with Yearly Plan you can get the benefit of tax-free returns at guaranteed rates without having to invest a lump sum. Now, isn't that clever?

PROSPECTUS 10TH JULY 1985

DESCRIPTION AND TAX RELIEF: 1. National Savings Yearly Plan is a savings certificate issued by the Director of Savings on behalf of the Treasury under the National Loans Act 1968. Under the Scheme an agreement is made to make 12 monthly payments leading to the issue of a certificate. The agreement also provides for the certificate to be offered in instalments under subsequent agreements, not exceeding 12 months each. Certificates are issued by making the first payment and without making a further application but only if at least 7 payments are made under the agreement. The certificate is then issued and the first payment is made. The certificate is then issued and the first payment is made. The certificate is then issued and the first payment is made.

DEFINITIONS: 2. In this prospectus, "applicant" means any person who has applied for a certificate. "holder" means the person who has received the certificate. "certificate" means the certificate issued by the Director of Savings. "standing order" means the standing order made by the applicant to the Director of Savings. "payments" means the payments made by the applicant to the Director of Savings. "interest" means the interest earned on the certificate. "tax-free" means that the interest earned on the certificate is free of tax.

ELIGIBILITY: 3. A Yearly Plan agreement may be applied for by any individual who has reached the age of 17 years and is not under a legal disability. It may also be applied for by a person who is not an individual but who is a body corporate or a partnership. It may also be applied for by a person who is not an individual but who is a body corporate or a partnership.

APPLICATION: 4. An applicant must complete an application form. The application form must be sent to the Director of Savings. The application form must be sent to the Director of Savings. The application form must be sent to the Director of Savings.

INTEREST RATES NOTIFICATION AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE: 5. The interest rates applicable to a certificate are notified to the applicant in the form of a notification. The notification must be sent to the applicant. The notification must be sent to the applicant.

PAYMENTS: 6. Payments may be made only by a standing order made payable to the Director of Savings. Payments may be made only by a standing order made payable to the Director of Savings. Payments may be made only by a standing order made payable to the Director of Savings.

LIMITS: 7. The maximum monthly payment under the Scheme is £200. The maximum total payment under the Scheme is £2400. The maximum total payment under the Scheme is £2400.

SUBSEQUENT AGREEMENTS: 10. Provisions that allow further payments to be made under an immediately preceding agreement leading to the issue of a certificate. The provisions that allow further payments to be made under an immediately preceding agreement leading to the issue of a certificate.

INTEREST ON PAYMENTS UP TO CERTIFICATE DATE: 11. Monthly payments made up to the certificate date will earn interest at the rate of 8.19% per annum. Monthly payments made up to the certificate date will earn interest at the rate of 8.19% per annum.

INTEREST ON CERTIFICATE: 12. A certificate showing the certificate value and the interest earned on the certificate. The certificate value and the interest earned on the certificate.

EXTENSION TERMS: 20. From the 4th anniversary of the certificate date, the certificate may be extended for a further 4 years. The certificate may be extended for a further 4 years.

CHANGES TO THE PROSPECTUS: 21. The Treasury may, on giving notice, amend the prospectus. The Treasury may, on giving notice, amend the prospectus.

YEARLY PLAN APPLICATION
THE SAVINGS CERTIFICATE OFFICE, YEARLY PLAN SECTION, DURHAM DH99 1NS.

1 Name and Address of Applicant (CAPITAL LETTERS PLEASE)

Surname: Mr/Ms/Miss
All surnames: _____
Address: _____
Date of Birth: _____ Postcode: _____
Day: _____ Month: _____ Year: _____

2 I will arrange monthly payments of: £ _____ (minimum £20, maximum £200, in multiples of 10)

3 Other Payments to Yearly Plan: if payments are already being made in Yearly Plan on behalf of the above, please give the Yearly Plan numbers: _____

4 I accept the terms of the Prospectus dated 10 July 1985.

Signature of Applicant: _____ Date: _____ Telephone: _____

Yearly Plan Standing Order Mandate
Please pay to the Bank of England for the credit of National Savings

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on the _____ of each month until further notice in writing, the sum of £ _____

Please enter full Name and Address of Bank: _____ Name of account to be debited: _____
Account Number: _____ Bank Branch Sorting Code: _____

Signature(s) of Account Holder(s): _____ Date: _____

NATIONAL SAVINGS YEARLY PLAN



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Portfolio Gold

From your portfolio card check your eight share price movements. Add them up to give you your overall total. Check this against the daily dividend figure published on this page. If it matches you have won outright or a share of the total daily prize money stated. If you are a winner follow the claim procedure on the back of your card. You must always have your card available when claiming.

No.	Company	Group	Gain or Loss
1	Ashtech (Heavy)	Chemicals	
2	Br. Bond	Chemicals	
3	Leah	Chemicals	
4	East	Chemicals	
5	Int. Signal & Control	Electronics	
6	Grain	Drugs	
7	Carrs Milling	Drugs	
8	Taylor Woodrow	Drugs	
9	Deftand Stamp	Drugs	
10	Deak	Drugs	
11	Cott Bank Wales	Drugs	
12	David & Newman	Drugs	
13	Davies & Met. A	Drugs	
14	Dolby	Drugs	
15	Martha & Spencer	Drugs	
16	Rothchild (J) Ltd	Drugs	
17	Rockware	Drugs	
18	Top Top Drug	Drugs	
19	SGP	Drugs	
20	Magnesium Bronze	Drugs	
21	Imp Chem Ind	Drugs	
22	Allied Colloids	Drugs	
23	Scot & New	Drugs	
24	Reynolds	Drugs	
25	Smith (WH) A	Drugs	
26	MK Elect	Drugs	
27	Dow (George)	Drugs	
28	Faber (Albert)	Drugs	
29	Heaven-Stuart	Drugs	
30	Dahlberg	Drugs	
31	Barratt Devs	Drugs	
32	Dowling & Mills	Drugs	
33	Wilson (Connolly)	Drugs	
34	Gleeson (MJ)	Drugs	
35	Bethven	Drugs	
36	Gerrard Nat	Drugs	
37	Hilldown Hides	Drugs	
38	Electronics	Drugs	
39	Cable & Wireless	Drugs	
40	Budrys	Drugs	
41	Haywood Williams	Drugs	
42	NEI	Drugs	
43	Martinson Thompson	Drugs	
44	Atwoods	Drugs	

Please be sure to take account of any minus signs

Weekly Dividend						
Please make a note of your daily totals for the weekly dividend of £8.00 in Saturday's newspaper.						
MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	Weekly Total

BRITISH FUNDS			
1986	High	Low	Stock

SHORTS (Under Five Years)			
1986	High	Low	Stock

FIVE TO FIFTEEN YEARS			
1986	High	Low	Stock

OVER FIFTEEN YEARS			
1986	High	Low	Stock

UNDATED			
1986	High	Low	Stock

INDEX-LINKED			
1986	High	Low	Stock

BANKS DISCOUNT HP			
1986	High	Low	Stock

ELECTRICALS			
1986	High	Low	Stock

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

Shares rally

ACCOUNT DAYS: Dealings began on Monday. Dealings end June 13. Contango day June 16. Settlement day June 23.

Forward bargains are permitted on two previous business days.

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

BREWERIES

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

BUILDINGS AND ROADS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

FINANCE AND LAND

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

FOODS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

CHEMICALS, PLASTICS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

CINEMAS AND TV

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

DRAPERY AND STORES

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

INDUSTRIALS A-D

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

ELECTRICALS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

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OVERSEAS TRADERS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

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1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

PROPERTY

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

SHIPPING

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SHOES AND LEATHER

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TEXTILES

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TOBACCO

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INSURANCE

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MINING

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MOTORS AND AIRCRAFT

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

NEWSPAPERS AND PUBLISHERS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

OIL

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Portfolio Gold

DAILY DIVIDEND
£4.000

Claims required for
+26 points

Claimants should ring 0254-53272

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

OVERSEAS TRADERS

1986	High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Open	Close	Settle

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PROPERTY

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SHIPPING

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Portfolio Gold... DIVIDEND £4.000... aims required for +26 points... should ring 0254 4000

Law Report June 4 1986

Editing prosecution statements

Practice Direction (Crime Evidence by Written Statements)

New directions about evidence by written statements were given by Lord Lane, Lord Chief Justice, sitting in the Queen's Bench Divisional Court with Mr Justice Mcowan and Mr Justice Rose on June 3.

THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE said that the following Practice Direction replaced *Written Statements* (1980) 1 WLR 1862.

His Lordship continued: "Where the prosecution proposes to tender written statements in evidence under either section 102 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 or section 9 of the Criminal Justice Act 1967 it will frequently be not only proper, but also necessary for the orderly presentation of the evidence, for certain statements to be edited."

"This will occur either because a witness has made more than one statement, or because the statements contain material which is irrelevant, prejudicial or otherwise inadmissible."

"Editing of statements should be in all circumstances done by a Crown Prosecutor (or by a legal representative, if any, of the prosecution) if the case is not being conducted by the Crown Prosecution Service and not by a police officer."

"3. Composite Statements. A composite statement giving the combined effect of two or more statements referred to in paragraph 1 above, must be prepared in

compliance with the requirements of section 102 of the 1980 Act or section 9 of the 1967 Act as appropriate and must then be signed by the witness.

"4. Editing Single Statements. There are two acceptable methods of editing single statements:

"(a) By marking copies of the statement in a way which indicates the passages on which the prosecution will not rely. This merely indicates that the prosecution will not seek to adduce the evidence so marked. The original signed statement to be tendered to the court is not marked in any way.

"(b) The marking on the copy statement is done by lightly striking out the passages to be edited so that what appears beneath can still be read, or by bracketing, or by a combination of both. It is not permissible to produce a photocopy with the deleted material obliterated, since this would be contrary to the requirement that the defence and the court should be served with a copy of the signed original statement.

"Whenever the striking out/bracketing method is used, it will assist if the following words appear at the foot of the frontispiece or index to any bundle of copy statements to be tendered: 'The prosecution does not propose to adduce evidence of those passages of the attached copy statements which have been struck out and/or bracketed. (Nor will it seek to do so at the trial unless a Notice of Further Evidence is served).'

"5. In most cases where a single statement is to be edited,

the striking out/bracketing method will be the more appropriate, but the taking of a fresh statement is preferable in the following circumstances:

"(a) When a police (or other investigating) officer's statement contains details of interviews with more suspects than are eventually charged, a fresh statement should be prepared and signed omitting all details of interview with those not charged except, in so far as it is relevant, for the bald fact that a certain named person was interviewed at a particular time, date and place.

"(b) When a suspect is interviewed in the presence of others, who are eventually made the subject of committal charges, a fresh statement should be prepared and signed omitting all details of interview with those not charged except, in so far as it is relevant, for the bald fact that a certain named person was interviewed at a particular time, date and place.

"(c) A fresh statement should normally be prepared and signed if the only part of the original on which the prosecution is relying is only a small proportion of the whole although it remains desirable to use the alternative method if there is reason to believe that the defence might themselves wish to rely, in mitigation or for any other purpose, on at least some of those parts which the

prosecution do not propose to adduce.

"(d) When the passages contain material which the prosecution is entitled to withhold from disclosure to the defence.

"6. Prosecutors should also be aware that, where statements are to be tendered under section 9 of the 1967 Act in the course of summary proceedings, there will be a greater need to prepare fresh statements excluding inadmissible or prejudicial material rather than using the striking out or bracketing method.

"7. None of the above principles applies, in respect of committal proceedings, to documents which are exhibited (including statements under caution and signed contemporaneous notes). Nor do they apply to statements by a defendant which are recorded in the witness statements of interviewing police officers, except in the circumstances referred to in paragraph 5(b) above.

"All this material should remain in its original state in the committal bundles, any editing being left to prosecuting counsel at the crown court (after discussion with defence counsel, and, if appropriate, the trial judge).

"8. Whenever a fresh statement is taken from a witness, a copy of the earlier, unedited statement(s) of that witness will be given to the defence in accordance with the Attorney General's guidelines (*Practice Note (Criminal Evidence: Unedited Material)* (1982) 1 All ER 734) on the disclosure of unedited material unless there are grounds under paragraph 6 of the guidelines for withholding such disclosure."

Council's duty to accommodate gypsies

West Glamorgan County Council v Rafferty and Others. Regina v Secretary of State for Wales and Another. Ex parte Gihoney.

Before Lord Justice Slade, Lord Justice Ralph Gibson and Sir John Megaw. Judgment given May 22.

It was the duty of a county council under section 9 of the Caravan Sites Act 1968, so far as it was necessary, to provide adequate accommodation for gypsies residing in or resorting to its area, by exercising its power under section 24 of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 and acquiring land for that purpose.

The council's decision simply to evict by itself suggested the failure to consider the consequences of eviction, both on the gypsies themselves and on others and a failure to consider the county council's own power to alleviate those consequences.

The Court of Appeal, in a reserved judgment, dismissed the appeal of West Glamorgan County Council against the order of Mr Justice Peter Pain, dated December 19, 1985, whereby it was ordered that the order of possession of land and premises at the Bryn Ferry Industrial Estate, Neath, made by Mr Justice Tudor Price on December 2, 1985, against Mr Edmund Rafferty and others and persons unknown, pursuant to Order 113 of the Rules of the Supreme Court, should be set aside, and (b) the order of Mr Justice Kennedy dated April 28, 1986, whereby, on an application of Mr James Gihoney, it was ordered that the decision of the county council to take proceedings for possession of the land should be quashed; and it was declared that the council was not entitled in law to seek possession of the land until such time as it made some reasonable

alternative provisions for the accommodation of gypsies.

Mr Michael Barnes, QC and Mr Philip Price for the county council. Mr D. Marshall Evans and Mr D.S. Geary for the gypsies.

LORD JUSTICE RALPH GIBSON said that in July 1985, after being evicted from a site within the Swansea City Council area, gypsies moved to Bryn Ferry Industrial Estate at Neath. The land at Bryn Ferry was formerly a steel works. It extended to 170 acres and there were dismantled steelworks on it. The process of redevelopment was in its early stages.

The purpose of the county council had been to procure redevelopment of the area for industrial purposes so as to assist in the creation of employment while removing the blight of redundant plant and buildings.

No part of the site was ever proposed as permanent or temporary accommodation for gypsies.

The effect of the unregulated presence of the gypsies had been to cause serious damage to neighbouring occupiers and to cause difficulty to the Welsh Development Agency in persuading firms to acquire new industrial premises in the area. The agency owned adjoining land.

On September 16, 1985, the decision was taken by the county council to take proceedings to evict the gypsies from the site. That decision was based, on the choice of priorities on a matter of social policy within the control of an elected council.

There were factors on both sides of the question: some against and some for the policy of eviction.

Those against the eviction included: 1. The county council had failed over 15 years to carry out its

statutory duty so to use its powers under section 24 of the 1960 Act as to provide adequate accommodation for gypsies resorting to or residing in the area.

2. There was accordingly no site within West Glamorgan to which the gypsies, if evicted, could lawfully go.

3. It was probable that the presence as trespassers on the land of the county council of a large number of those to be evicted was caused by the breach of duty of the county council.

4. Eviction would cause substantial hardship to a substantial number of families resorting to the sites provided in other areas or by trespassing elsewhere within West Glamorgan.

5. There would be hardship on those who would receive the displaced families.

6. Both forms of hardship were within the mischief at which the statutory duty was directed.

The factors in favour of eviction were: 1. Part of the land affected by works of reclamation was at present unlawfully occupied by gypsies and reclamation was part of the process of redevelopment which was aimed at the creation of employment.

2. The presence of the gypsies on the site was causing nuisance and probably some damage to neighbouring occupiers and there had been complaints of the offensive attitude and behaviour of some gypsies camped on the site.

3. The gypsies at the Bryn Ferry site were there as trespassers and knew that they had no right to be there.

4. It was a bad example to the whole community that trespassers should be seen to be tolerated or immune from eviction for any prolonged period of time.

Bearing in mind those factors the only reasonable conclusion would be against eviction, if eviction was to be carried out with no provision for alternative accommodation.

Further, it was not shown that it was necessary, for the purposes relied on by the county council, to evict at once all the families from all the sites.

The evidence indicated that it was practicable to contain the gypsies within a selected part of the whole site by erecting a fence from defined parts of it and by permitting all or some of the caravans then on the site to remain on or move to the selected part.

Immediate eviction from the whole of the site of all the families camped on it would not terminate the evil of damage and nuisance caused by some of the gypsies unlawfully camped but would merely shift it to others within the area or to the land of the county council in another place.

It was probable that the presence of many of the gypsies on the site as trespassers was caused directly by the long continued breach of duty of the county council.

The badness of the example, if trespassers were seen to be immune, was not any worse than that provided to the community if the county council was seen, while in clear breach of its statutory duty to provide accommodation for the gypsies in the area, to be evicting them from a site without provision of any alternative accommodation.

It was within the powers of the county council to change the status of the gypsies from that of trespassers into that of temporarily tolerated trespassers or to regulate the license of some defined and temporary site.

Sir John Megaw and Lord Justice Slade gave concurring judgments.

Solicitors: Sherwood & Co for Mr Michael Rush, Swansea; Parkers, St Helens.

Regarding the effect of Community law, Mr Pannick accepted the proposition of law put in *Roberts v Tate & Lyle Food and Distribution Ltd* (1983) 1 CR 521, 530 where the law of the EEC was clear the English statute should be construed so as to conform with Community law.

But he argued, in the present case, that Community law was not clear and did not establish that one should look at all the contractual terms of a woman compared with a man.

Mr James pointed to the preamble to the Equal Pay Act and observed that the Act was intended to give a woman equal treatment as regarded her conditions looked at overall.

He submitted that when the Act was amended by the 1983 Regulations to include equal value, it had to be looked at in the light of article 119 which involved considerations other than wages or salary.

The appeal tribunal considered that although Mr Pannick's argument was based on the terms of section 1(2) were equally capable of bearing the meaning ascribed to them by Mr James.

Article 119 had to be applied and it was necessary to look at the overall package.

An industrial tribunal was quite capable of carrying out the necessary inquiry. The appeal would be dismissed.

Solicitors: Brian Thompson & Partners, Manchester; Davis Campbell & Co, Liverpool.

Woman's equal work does not imply equal pay

Hayward v Cammell Laird Shipbuilders Ltd. Before Mr Justice Popplewell. Mr J. A. Popplewell and Mr H. Robinson. Judgment given May 19.

The employers of a female dock labourer in a shipyard whose work had been held to be of equal value to that of male colleagues, did not necessarily have to pay her the same basic wage or overtime rates but could, in order to show that she was treated as a whole, her terms and conditions of employment were not less favourable.

The Employment Appeal Tribunal dismissed an appeal by Miss Julie Hayward from a decision of a Liverpool industrial tribunal last September, that for the purposes of implementing an award of equal pay for work of equal value, the terms and conditions of employment were not less favourable.

Section 1(2) provides: "(a) where a woman is employed on work which is, in terms of the demands made on her, of equal value to that of a man in the same employment - (b) if (apart from the equality clause) any term of the woman's contract is, or becomes, less favourable to the woman than a term of similar kind in the contract under which that man is employed, that term of the woman's contract shall be treated as so modified as not to be less favourable."

Mr David Pannick, for the applicant, Mr Charles James for the employers.

MR JUSTICE POPPLEWELL said that the industrial tribunal had already determined that the applicant was employed on work of equal value to the companions named in the report of an independent expert.

It had been accepted that she was not paid the same basic wage or overtime rates as the men.

The employers' argument was that they did not have to pay her the same basic wage or overtime

because considered as a whole her terms and conditions were not less favourable.

The applicant contended that she was entitled to point to specific terms in her contract which were less favourable than the comparators' terms and to have them amended.

The application of national law said that the language of the 1970 Act as amended was unambiguous and that where any term was less favourable to the woman than a term of a similar kind under which that man was employed, that should be treated as modified so as not to be less favourable.

He said that there was no mention of any package and that the other terms of the contract were irrelevant.

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Mr James pointed to the preamble to the Equal Pay Act and observed that the Act was intended to give a woman equal treatment as regarded her conditions looked at overall.

He submitted that when the Act was amended by the 1983 Regulations to include equal value, it had to be looked at in the light of article 119 which involved considerations other than wages or salary.

The appeal tribunal considered that although Mr Pannick's argument was based on the terms of section 1(2) were equally capable of bearing the meaning ascribed to them by Mr James.

Article 119 had to be applied and it was necessary to look at the overall package.

An industrial tribunal was quite capable of carrying out the necessary inquiry. The appeal would be dismissed.

Solicitors: Brian Thompson & Partners, Manchester; Davis Campbell & Co, Liverpool.

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Solicitors: Brian Thompson & Partners, Manchester; Davis Campbell & Co, Liverpool.

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SECRETARY PART TIME

The Royal Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce (RSA) seeks an experienced secretary to join the office of the Society's Secretary and Deputy Secretary. High level secretarial skills and ability to work on own initiative are essential.

The post is likely to be four days per week at the Society's house near Charing Cross. Salary £7,120 for four days. Luncheon vouchers (£16 monthly) and interest free season ticket loan.

Apply in writing to: James Richardson, RSA, John Adam Street, London WC2N 6EZ.

SENIOR SECRETARY/ASSISTANT

Efficient, experienced senior secretary/assistant required for Sales Promotion Manager in medical publishing marketing department.

The successful candidate will have excellent organisational skills and accurate audio typing; experience of word processing (or the ability to acquire this) would be an advantage.

In addition to secretarial support the job entails organising promotion campaigns and liaison with suppliers and customers: it will, therefore, appeal to someone looking for a challenging new job which allows them to use initiative and experience to the full.

Salary £8,000+, 4 weeks holiday, LV's, pension scheme, medical insurance. Applications with C.V. to: Paul Chrystal Wolfe Medical Publications Ltd 3 Conway Street London W1P 6HE

EXCEPTIONAL SECRETARY/PA

A busy, young practice of Architects and Quantity Surveyors require a versatile and talented secretary with a willingness to undertake FR on behalf of the practice.

There are unlimited opportunities to grow with the job and the practice. Specially enthusiastic candidates seeking a salary of £8,500 p.a. should apply to: A & Q Partnership Architects and Quantity Surveyors 388 St John Street London EC1V 4NN Telephone: 01-833 2471/2

SECRETARY/TRANSLATOR FOR LEADING INTERNATIONAL ARCHITECTS, LONDON W1

Shorthand Secretary with German, and if possible Spanish, to work as part of a busy creative team on interesting projects to be built in Germany and Spain. A flexible, cheerful person who enjoys a stimulating atmosphere and has the ability to work with top level clients is required. Minimum salary £10,000 pa

AMSA (specialist rec cons) 01-734 0532

SEC/PA c £10,000

We are an Old Bond Street based exclusive perfume company who require a lively, bright sec/PA to work under pressure in our small busy and friendly office. The job will be varied and interesting, good typing skills essential. Word processing experience not essential, will train. Some personal work will be involved. Please ring Amanda on 01-493 2474 for details

RECEPTIONIST

With sound typing and organisational skills for busy reception area suit college leaver/2nd Salary £5,000 01-638 5286

INTERVIEWER

Good standard of education, ideally with previous financial experience. Preferred age mid 20s. Salary negotiable.

SENIOR SECRETARY

Busy firm of chartered accountants located in the West End requires an accomplished secretary (pa to work closely with one senior partner and one other partner).

Accurate shorthand and audio, skills essential as is the ability to perform pa duties. Previous experience gained in similar post within a recognised professional body would be an advantage.

It is unlikely that applicants under 25 yrs of age will have acquired the ability, experience and confidence required for this important post. Salary £10,000 PA, 4 weeks paid leave annually, 35 hour working week, own office. Tel Mr S.R. Lamb 01-637 4121. (NO AGENCIES)

GRADUATE ADMINISTRATOR £10,250

A major international service organisation based in Central London requires a bright, alert graduate with formal work experience who is capable of understanding logistical planning in a fast moving people orientated environment. This position will appeal to those who are analytical thinkers, are good communicators and who like the pace and pressure. Age 23-30 years. Excellent benefits and working conditions.

01-437 1014 MacBlain NASH & Associates Recruitment Consultants 130 Regent Street, London W1

INTERVIEWER

EARLY 20's £10,000 BASIC Recent City or WE exp preferred for new post in small private and well established City Secretarial Agency. Become one of three happy staff. No individual targets. Little supervision. Phone Mrs Ann Warrington on 01-588 9851 for appointment

ANN WARRINGTON SECRETARIAL CAREERS

HALCYON DAYS ENAMELS

Overseas marketing of beautiful collectors' items in a busy, happy office. We are seeking an accurate typist who enjoys communicating by telephone, and can operate telex and VDU or is willing to learn. You would be joining a happy team of four female non-smokers working in extremely elegant surroundings. Excellent salary and prospects. Please write with full details to: The Export Director, Halcyon Days, 105 New Bond Street, London W1Y 9LG.

STOCKBROKING

Well educated numerate assistant required for small but busy Stockbrokers office in the City. Basic book-keeping and typing are essential. This varied position offers many benefits including prospectus of Stock Exchange membership and free annual air ticket. Please reply to Box 193, The Times, Advertisement Department, Virginia Street, London, E1 9DD.

LA CRÈME DE LA CRÈME

Senior Secretaries' one-day courses on 'Management Thinking for Secretaries' are designed to make secretaries more aware of the management function and their own role within it.

Some typical comments by PAs and secretaries who attended: 'A very professional and worthwhile day.' 'The course confirmed I was thinking along the right lines.' 'I became much

more aware of time management and the art of delegation.'

'It was a real eye opener.'

The course will be repeated on June 10 and July 19. The fee of £175 + £26.25 VAT includes morning coffee, lunch and afternoon tea.

To make sure of a place on either of these dates ring Elizabeth Moon today on 01-499 0092.

My luck changed, Fiona, from the moment I was introduced to Senior Secretaries.



Senior Secretaries

WEST END • CITY • KNIGHTSBRIDGE • BRUSSELS

HOTEL £10,500 plus benefits

The Managing Director of a small and exclusive hotel is looking for a well educated PA with poise, tact and discretion. You will work in a very pleasant surroundings near Green Park. Skills 90/80. Age 25-40. Free lunch.

Telephone 01-499 0092

Senior Secretaries

SECRETARY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT Package c.£14,000

Based EC2, this successful secretary will work with two Directors dealing with Trust and Pension fund investments. You will be well presented, be a true professional, and will possess skills minimum 100/60. Some experience in WF is desirable, however, cross training is offered. This is a superb job for a super secretary.

Telephone 01-606 1611

Senior Secretaries

PA INTERNATIONAL BANK EC2 c.£13,000 + Package

As right hand to the high powered Senior Director of this major bank you will need an initiative and a professional approach in order to provide first class support. This is a demanding position dealing with the London Money Market requiring previous senior level experience in a fast moving environment. Your knowledge of the City and its financial administration will be used to the fullest. Skills 100/85 and WP experience. Age 26-32.

Telephone 01-606 1611

Senior Secretaries

POTENTIAL SENIOR SECRETARIES

You are reading this page and wondering whether your qualifications match the Senior Secretaries' profile. If you have good secretarial skills, enthusiasm and a willingness to learn in order to develop your own abilities, you already have the qualities required. You just need the opportunity to achieve your full potential. Working in the City offers you that opportunity and the financial rewards can't be better. We look forward to meeting you to discuss your career progression. Call us on 01-606 1611 quoting 'potential' for an early appointment at 5/6 Trump Street, London EC2.

Senior Secretaries

OLD FASHIONED VALUES UP-TO-DATE SKILLS

We can offer the cream of London's temporary secretaries to those organisations who require the traditional skills of the top PA Secretary with an ability to back today's technology.

TEMPORARIES

With good shorthand and typing skills, a sound commercial background and a wide range of experience, London will be your oyster. Its business, fun and financial rewards will all be yours.

TEMPORARIES

Become a temporary secretary with us and take a permanent step into the best of both worlds.

West End: 01-499 0092
City: 01-606 1611
Knightsbridge: 01-588 4422

Senior Secretaries

FIRST CLASS ORGANISER? OPPORTUNITY IN INTERNATIONAL BANKING

Credit Suisse First Boston is one of the world's leading international investment banks. Continued expansion of the capital markets has led to this exceptional opportunity for an ambitious, career-minded PA.

Preferably fluent in Italian, with impeccable shorthand/typing skills, you should have first class organisational skills and be keen to become totally involved in your work. Experience in banking would be advantageous, but a background in a commercial company with international links would also be relevant.

Excellent salary together with generous banking benefits (including free season tickets) will be offered to someone with the skills and flair we seek.

Please write with full C.V. to:
Sue Freeman, Personnel Department,
Credit Suisse First Boston Ltd,
22 Bishopsgate, LONDON EC2.

CSFB

JUST REWARDS

£5.60p.h. (Shand) £6.20p.h. (WP)

Our senior level team is constantly in demand in central London. We are extremely busy and are looking for first class secretaries to join the team which has established an excellent reputation over the years.

You should have speeds of 100/60, 2 years' Director level secretarial experience in London and proficient WP skills, particularly on Wang and Multimate.

Our skilled temps are all paid the same hourly rates and there are always permanent opportunities to explore.

Make tempting a rewarding experience by working at the level you deserve where you will be positively appreciated.

Please telephone us now for an immediate appointment:

01-434 4512 (West End) 01-588 3535 (City)

Crone Corkill

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

RIGHT HAND TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE

c.£14,000 + Banking Package

The young Chief Executive who heads up the merchant banking arm of a leading international bank seeks a first class Director-level PA to provide him with total support.

Working in the powerhouse of the bank, your flair for administration and the ability to take pressure in your stride will prove essential. If you are aged 35-40, with "A" levels, impeccable secretarial skills (100 sh min), backed up by the tact and diplomacy gained through several years senior-level City experience, please call 588 3535.

Crone Corkill

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

Venture Capital £11,000

A professional Secretary with excellent skills and sound admin. ability is needed to work as part of a four person team. If you're flexible, personable, non-smoking, well-presented, happy to work in a small, luxurious office in Mayfair, then call us today.

GRADUATE APPOINTMENTS
7 PRINCES STREET, W.1. 01-629 7262

Personal PA £10,000+++

International businesswoman of high regard requires a first class Secretary/PA to assist in all aspects of her business and personal life. You will need senior PA experience, 100/60 WP, clean driving licence, impeccable presentation, enjoy working on your own and be available now!

GRADUATE APPOINTMENTS
7 PRINCES STREET, W.1. 01-629 7262

SENIOR SECRETARY

C.£11,000 AGE: 24+

Expanding Lloyd's Members Agents require a Secretary to operate their microcomputer based word processing, database and spreadsheet systems, and to be a competent and keen member of a small but progressive team.

You must be educated to 'O' level standard including Maths, be interested in figures, have a good understanding of computers, and be prepared to work without supervision. Maturity, positive thinking and professional presentation are essential qualities.

Applications please, with full C.V. to Helen Freedy at 246 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4BP or ring 01-377 1900. (No Agencies).

Crone Corkill

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

Burnley and Pendle Transport Company Limited Company Secretary and Finance Director

Salary Negotiable (From £16,000)

The Board of Directors wish to appoint a Company Secretary/Finance Director.

The successful applicant must have direct experience of financial management in a commercial organisation and will additionally be required to act as Company Secretary. Key requirements are the financial and managerial skills necessary to ensure the Company which will commence operations at the end of October 1986 to trade on a profitable basis. A knowledge of the transport industry would be an advantage.

The salary is negotiable from £16,000 plus appropriate pension arrangements.

The Company will be operating in excess of 80 public service vehicles, will employ over 200 staff and generate a turnover of approximately £2.2 million.

Applications in your own style giving complete curriculum vitae including details of current post, salary and age, together with the names of two professional referees should be submitted to Mr B. White, Secretary, Burnley and Pendle Transport Company Limited, Town Hall, Burnley, Lancs. BB11 1JA by Friday, 20th June, 1986.

Any telephone enquiries about the post should be directed to Mr A. Wright (Telephone 0282 50111 Extension 221).

HOT NEWS!

DEMANDING BUT FUN! £11,000

An exceptionally hardworking and determined person required to work in a busy Secretarial position as the Chief Executive's PA. Audio Typing is a plus!

Ref: 551/220011

DIRECTOR LEVEL £10,500

Excellent shorthand, Audio Typing and WP essential to handle the high calibre work necessary for a Director. All this and more is needed to meet the demands of this hectic job.

Ref: 551/21010

CONFIDENT & ORGANISED? £8,500-£9,500

If so and you have a good grasp of figures, enjoy tackling and processing data then this job will certainly be a challenge. Typing speed of 50WPM essential, as well as the desire to become involved.

Ref: 551/21021

PROFESSIONALISM! £9,500

A sense of humour is a prerequisite for this Senior Secretarial position. Good presentation is also an advantage since client contact and an efficient telephone liaison is part of your every day. Applicants must have 2 years experience at senior level.

Ref: 551/22007

CLOSE TO THE MONEY! £8,000-£9,000

Sorting out other people's pay in Personnel will be your main concern. The ability to input data and prepare stats is essential. A large lively Company suitable for someone with an 'O' level education.

Ref: 551/22009

TEMPS! TEMPS! TEMPS!

Lots of great TEMP assignments too... either short or long term to suit your needs. The highest rates in town for skilled SECRETARIES, SHORT-HAND, AUDIO, COPY TYPISTS and WP.

Phone or call in now and talk to one of our caring professionals at any of the following branches:

10/25 Oxford St. W1 Tel: 437 9090
131/133 Cannon St. EC4 Tel: 535 8315
185 Victoria St. SW1 Tel: 533 3845
22 Wrenwood St. EC2 Tel: 535 3846

Challoners

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

MEDIA • FINANCE • ADVERTISING • SALES • PERSONNEL

PR City £10,000

This City financial public relations company is seeking a bright spark to act as a linchpin in this team of consultants.

You will take an active part in the handling of client accounts and co-ordinating press conferences. To cope with this you will need excellent secretarial skills and most important a flexible attitude to enable you to enjoy this hectic environment. Skills: 90/60 Age: 30-35

Reception c.£8,500

Our client knows the value of a good Receptionist. As a key member of staff you will greet clients, operate the switchboard and handle a variety of admin duties. The office is a luxurious and the hours varied. Excellent presentation is a must. 45 wpm typing. Age: 30+.

HAZELL STATION

8 Golden Square, London W1
Tel: 01-439 6021

MEDIA • FINANCE • ADVERTISING • SALES • PERSONNEL

DESIGNERS - £10,500

Accomplished designer working from his stunning home in South Kensington needs a versatile person to assist him. Initially handling 2 major projects. Duties will vary from secretarial and administrative to research and client contact. Skills of 90/60, relevant experience and a friendly personality essential. Age 25-35. Please ring 434 4512.

Crone Corkill

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

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URGENT! £12,000 + Mart Subs

Supportive and intelligent senior secretary required by the MD of a finance orientated company in W1.

Good shorthand, audio and admin skills needed plus the ability to supervise his personal bank accounts, credit cards etc. Age 30-35. 30 wpm typing.

Call 377 6600

West End 499 7001

Secretaries Plus

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

MEDIA • FINANCE • ADVERTISING • SALES • PERSONNEL

PUBLISHING PA £10,000

Are you personable, pleasant and well-spoken? This international Publishing Co. is looking for a PA with good skills to organise meetings and conferences and deal with a wide range of clients. Must provide full C.V. support to MD and ops will under pressure.

CITY: 01-481 2345
WEST END: 01-938 2188

abbatt

BLOOM IN JUNE £10,000

Large Finance Company seek a lively outgoing PA Sec to take on new responsibilities. It offers a great mixture of admin and educational background, the company will offer you excellent prospects and plenty of scope. Super job for the right person.

CITY: 01-481 2345
WEST END: 01-938 2188

abbatt

TEMP INTO INTERNATIONAL BANKING W1 - c.£12,000

Our client is looking for a senior level executive PA with fluent French (plus French shorthand) and good WP experience, preferably on ABB. You should be well presented, capable, enjoy using your initiative and be prepared to work long hours. If you also have skills of 100/60 and are available to temp immediately please call us now on:

01-434 4512 (West End) 01-588 3535 (City)

Crone Corkill

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

MARKETING PA £10,000

Top PA required to provide full secretarial and administrative back-up to the Director of Marketing. Lots of organisation, planning meetings and lunches, liaising with clients and ready running the show for the dynamic young, South office - excellent benefits and perks.

CITY: 01-481 2345
WEST END: 01-938 2188

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ALL - ROUNDER £9,000 ++

Exciting opportunity has arisen in the prestigious offices of the International Development Co. for a Secretary/Bookkeeper/Administrator/PA. The position offers considerable scope for a responsible individual to get involved. Age is no bar to success.

CITY: 01-481 2345
WEST END: 01-938 2188

abbatt

RECEPTION IN PROPERTY

£8,800

Beautiful reception, part-time flats and other commercial properties are dealt with by the team of receptionists. The successful candidate will greet all the prospective clients and use their skills to confirm bookings and arrange viewings. Deal with the incoming enquiries and arrange viewings of properties.

If you would enjoy working in the world of real estate then pick up the phone and call JUDY LEWIS on 446 5767.

The People People

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

RECRUITMENT MANAGER

c.£15,000 + Commission + Profit Share + Car

Positive ideas about how a successful recruitment consultancy should be run?

Yes? Then we should be talking. We are a young and flourishing recruitment consultancy, well established and keen to implement our ambitious plans.

We need someone with drive and personality to head up a new secretarial recruitment division based near Oxford Circus.

You will need relevant experience, a good sense of humour and plenty of energy; we will provide the right mixture of freedom, guidance and support to help promote a successful and enjoyable environment.

Let's hear your ideas: telephone MILES RICHARDS or PETER HATHERLEY on 01-581 4296 (24 hours) or 01-581 0412 or 01-581 3881 evenings and weekends.

All applications will be treated in the strictest confidence.

FUTURES

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

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PROPERTY W1 £10,000-£15,000

A young professional entrepreneur is urgently looking for a lively young secretary who has good office experience to work in his gorgeous new offices in W1. You will answer the telephone, supervise reception and as his assistant manage a busy and dynamic office. You will also attend meetings so must have an excellent education, presentation and manner. Age 21-34, 100/60.

CORPORATE FINANCE £13,500 + Mortgage

Join a young expanding team of 3 people in a prestigious American firm in the City. Very hard working and lively. The right candidate will have an opportunity to develop her organisational skills. Overtime paid. Lovely atmosphere. 50% secretarial. Age c.22. 100/60.

Please call us for an interview until 6.30pm.

THE WORK SHOP

Fluent Spanish

£10,000

This is a young, fast-moving company in advertising and specialist publishing (in-flight magazines etc.). Your role, as PA to their super MD, is both varied and absorbing. He will seek to involve you across all aspects, looking after things in his absence and working closely with him on his return. Bright and mature in approach, you will also need good shorthand and typing plus spoken Spanish. Please call 01-409 1232.

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TEMPORARY HELP

MEDIA • FINANCE • ADVERTISING • SALES • PERSONNEL

PA SECRETARY EC3

Required for Lloyds reinsurance brokers working as a PA for two or our Senior Directors. This position would ideally suit a well educated person, pleasant personality and typing speeds of 100/60. Some knowledge of insurance would be helpful. Salary negotiable according to age and experience plus fringe benefits.

Please Lynn Mentry. 01-493 1483 (No agencies)

Profile

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY

Required to play an active part in a busy young team with three Secretaries in a rapidly expanding Public Relations Company in South London. Salary £8,000 pa.

Please apply with C.V. to:

Stella Chubb, Profile Public Relations Ltd, 15-20, Newmarket Rd, London SW4 3JG

PA IN PERSONNEL £11,500

The Personnel Director of leading financial institution needs an initiative and able Secretary/PA. Develop customer rapport and arrange conferences and seminars as you accompany him on his travels throughout the UK. For all confidential correspondence excellent skills (100/60) are required. Age 25-35, clean driving licence.

Please call 408 1431.

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

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PA IN PERSONNEL £11,500

The Personnel Director of leading financial institution needs an initiative and able Secretary/PA. Develop customer rapport and arrange conferences and seminars as you accompany him on his travels throughout the UK. For all confidential correspondence excellent skills (100/60) are required. Age 25-35, clean driving licence.

Please call 408 1431.

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

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FIRST PAST THE POST

Lead the field as one of our lively enthusiastic young temps and take our interesting and varied assignments in your stride. If you have skills of 80/100 sh or audio, 50+ typ and good WP, head for the Hobstones winners enclosure. Ring us now:

437 6032

HOBSTONES

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

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DRAKE PERSONNEL

BONJOUR - £9,000

Do you speak fluent French? Would you like to use your language skills in a dynamic environment? Then this is the position for you. An Executive Secretary to the Managing Director, you will be assisting him with all his correspondence, reports, letters and memos, with overseas travelling, and with the preparation of his diary. You will be responsible for the management of his personal and professional affairs. You will be required to speak French fluently and to have a good knowledge of the French language and culture. You will be required to have a good knowledge of the French language and culture. You will be required to have a good knowledge of the French language and culture.

Call 01-629 9323

DIRECTORS' SECRETARIES

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

ER 50

1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

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BIG RACE RUNNERS

3.30 EVER READY DERBY STAKES (3-Y-O colts & fillies: £239,260: 1m 4f) (17 runners)

301	1-11 ALLEZ MILORD (USA) (D) (Tom Rolfe - Why Me Lord (J Brody) G Harwood 9 0	Y Saint-Martin 15
302	101-12 AROKAR (FR) (D) (or br Alcarad - Aroca) (K Al-Said) J De Chevigny (F) 9 0	Y Saint-Martin 15
304	324-332 BOLD ARRANGEMENT (ch Persian Bold - Arrangement) (A Richards) C Brittain 9 0	G Stables 6
305	11-11 DANCING BRAVE (USA) (Lynchard - Navajo Brave) (K Abdulla) G Harwood 9 0	G Stables 6
306	111-21 FARAWAY DANCER (USA) (br Far North - Prove Us Royal) (P Burns) H Cecil 9 0	W Ryan 16
307	11-10 FIORAVANTI (USA) (br Northern Dancer - Pissata) (Sheikh Mohammed) D O'Brien (W) 9 0	C Roche 9
308	0111-11 FLASH OF STEEL (D) (Kris - Spark of Fire) (B Firestone) D Wood (W) 9 0	M Kivner 5
309	210 JAREER (USA) (D) Northern Dancer - Fabulous Jane) (Mokkum) M Stoute 9 0	B Rouse 4
310	211-311 MASHKOUR (USA) (ch Irish River - Santa Rosa) (Prince A Salmán) H Cecil 9 0	S Cautley 3
311	100-412 MR JOHN (ch Northfields - Ashton Amber) (J Michael) L Brown (W) 9 0	T Ives 2
312	143-131 NISNAS (D) (Tap On Wood - Suamerte) (F Salmán) P Cole 9 0	P Waldron 11
313	12-12 NOMROOD (USA) (D) Alleged - Sweet Habit) (F Salmán) P Cole 9 0	T Quinn 12
314	2-11 SHAHRASTANI (USA) (ch Nijinsky - Shademah) (H H Agn Khan) M Stoute 9 0	W R Swinburn 10
315	111-043 SHARROOD (USA) (D) (Caro - Angel Island) (Sheikh Mohammed) W Harn 9 0	W Carson 1
316	23-123 SIKK (ch Kris - Belle Viking) (Capt M Lenné) C Brittain 9 0	P Robinson 17
317	01-1 THEN AGAIN (D) (Jazzeiro - New Light) (R Shannon) L Cumani 9 0	G Stables 6
318	12 WISE COUNSELLOR (USA) (D) (Alleged - Quarrel) (S Nijinsky) V C Gifford 9 0	P Eddery 7

114 Dancing Brave, 4 Shahrastani, 11-2 Allez Milord, 12 Bold Arrangement, Mashkour, 14 Jareer, Wise Counsellor, 16 Arokar, 20 Nomrood, 25 Flash of Steel, 33 Sharrood, Faraway Dancer, Fioravanti, 40 Nisnas, Sikk, 60 Mr John.

1986: Slip Anchor 9 0 B Cautley 3-4 Fav H Cecil 14 run.

Form for the 17 contenders

FORM: ALLEZ MILORD opened his season by (3-6) beating All Heale (8-7) a head at Newmarket, last time (8-12) took Goodwood listed event by 5L from Badarab (8-12) (1m 4f, £18,334, soft, May 21, 8 run). AROKAR (9-12) 1L, exophthalmic Group 2 (2m 2f, £26,525, firm, May 18, 8 run). DANCING BRAVE (9-0) impressive 3L, 2,000 Guineas winner from Green Desert (8-0) in a slow run race, SHARROOD (9-0) 1 1/2L, and a head away 4th (8, £10,745, good, May 18, 15 run). Earlier DANCING BRAVE (9-7) beat FARAWAY DANCER (8-7) 1L at Newmarket with MASHKOUR (8-7) 1 1/2L, back in 3rd and SHARROOD (8-7) behind having been hampered (8, £15,400, soft, Apr 17, 11 run). FARAWAY DANCER (8-12) has since beaten Top Guest (8-12) 3L at Chester (1m 4f, £4,857, good, May 14, 8 run). In the Lingfield Derby Trial (1m 4f, £4,857, good, May 14, 8 run). FLASH OF STEEL (9-0) 3/4L, Irish 2,000 Guineas, SHARROOD (9-0) 4L, back 3rd and the hitherto unbeaten FIORAVANTI (9-0) 4L, away 5th of 6 (8, £25,736, heavy, May 17). JAREER (9-0) easy 5L, Yarmouth (7) winner from Northern Anecdote (9-0) prior to finishing last and last in Derby, NISNAS (9-0) beat Verdict (9-0) 1 1/2L at Lingfield (1m 4f, £25,452, good, May 8, 6 run). SHAHRASTANI (9-0) beat NOMROOD (9-0) 1 1/2L, in York's Dante Stakes, SIKK (9-0) 1L, away 3rd of 7 (1m 2f, £30,454, soft, May 14). In 1986 NOMROOD (9-0) 1 1/2L, and 3L, behind Bachelorette (9-0) and BOLD ARRANGEMENT (9-0) in Doncaster Futurity, but awarded 2nd place after Bold Arrangement had been disqualified. BOLD ARRANGEMENT (9-0) 2 1/4L, runner-up to Ferdinand (9-0) in Kentucky Derby on latest outing (9-0) 2, £42,814, fast, May 3, 16 run. In Irish Derby, NISNAS (9-0) beat Verdict (9-0) 1 1/2L, at Portlaoine (1m 2f, £20,784, good, May 23, 6 run). WISE COUNSELLOR (8-11) head 2nd to Toca Madera (9-0) at Leopardstown (1m 2f, £28,000, good, May 10, 9 run).

Selection: DANCING BRAVE, each-way: NOMROOD.

Arokar to star in French collection

By Mandarin
(Michael Phillips)

The open nature of this year's Derby - from which the Chantilly-bound Bakharoff was the only defector at the overnight stage - takes me back 10 years to 1976, which was the last time the race was won by a colt trained in France. That was Empery, whose preparation for our premier classic took in the Prix Lupin at Longchamp where he finished a close third to Youth and Arctic Tern.

Now, by sheer coincidence I think that it could be the turn of another Gallic challenger, AROKAR to strike a blow for French racing and breeding. Like Empery his route to Epsom also took in the Prix Lupin. And, like Empery, he was also beaten in it, but from disgraced in going down by a length to the French 2,000 Guineas winner, Fast Topaz.

Yves Saint-Martin, his jockey, is on record as saying that he might have won had he known Arokar better. With two pacemakers in the field Arokar's Lupin was a real race. Not surprisingly it was run in a cracking good time, the fourth best since the War.

The way that Arokar stuck to his task in the straight that day suggested to me that he will be in his element today racing over an extra furlong and a half. And when you analyse his pedigree that should not be surprising. His sire, Akarad, won the group one Grand Prix de St-Cloud over mile and a half after finishing second in the French Derby, while his maternal grandsire, Silver Shark, was able to win the Prix Eugene Adam over 10 furlongs at St-Cloud in 1966 after earlier showing high-class form over distances ranging from five furlongs to nine furlongs.

So it is my contention that Arokar's pedigree is a perfect blend of speed and stamina which will not look out of place in the history of today's great race.

While conceding that at Epsom horses ridden and trained by Frenchmen seldom appeal to the English betting public as a whole, I still feel that Saint-Martin is able to deliver the goods if he has the right horse under him. And in this instance the man who won the Derby on Relko and the Oaks on Monade and Pawnee could easily find Arokar the ideal conveyance.

Yesterday it was clear that my selection had travelled well from France and that he had settled in nicely in his new surroundings when he was seen out exercising on the Downs. He looked beautifully balanced as he strode down the hill round Tattenham Corner and he quickened up



Dancing Brave shows the overwhelming power that has taken him to four brilliant victories in four races

nicely to pass his lead horse in the last 200 yards.

Tim Bulwer-Long, who is Sayyid Kais Al-Said's racing manager told me that both the colt's trainer, Jacques de Chevigny, and Saint-Martin feel that they have the colt spot on and that Arokar might well have come on by as much as 3lb since the Lupin. Their attention to detail has been such that in addition to all their own food they have also brought from Chantilly their own blacksmith. The last time the man in question was here on a similar mission was when he accompanied Sir Bird for Etienne Pollet in 1965. Who knows? French lightning might just strike again in the same place.

Looking at the race as a whole I think that there are only two avenues open. You are either for Dancing Brave or you are not. It remains my contention that the 2,000 Guineas winner is basically the most gifted member of this 17-strong field. So if you fancy him to do as well over a mile and a half as he has done over a mile already you must stand by him and look no further.

If, on the other hand, like me, you happen to think that his pedigree is suspect and that like many good milers before him (Shadeed, Lo-

mond, Tap On Wood, Wollow, Blushing Groom, and Nonchalant to name but six) he will run out of steam long before the end you have to look elsewhere.

All credit, though, to the man in the hot seat for sticking to his guns and preferring him to Guy Harwood's other runner, Allez Milord, who has at least won over the Derby distance. For what it is worth I think that holes can be picked in Allez Milord's form.

Michael Stoute, who is now one of five trainers to be doubly represented in today's field, put his finger on the pulse during the weekend when he said that his first string, Shahrastani, is probably the best bet to finish in the first three, although unfortunately his is not an each-way price.

Hailed prematurely in some circles as the next Shergar, Shahrastani showed that his comment was wide of the mark at York last month when he won the Mecca-Dante Stakes in workman-like fashion. Shergar was brilliant on his day. To my way of thinking Nomrood and Sikk finished too close to Shahrastani at York to get excited.

Jareer, Stoute's other runner, who is arguably the

best pedigree of all. True to it, he is clearly a fast top of the ground horse, but unfortunately his trainer has been unable to give him a race this season. In spite of that I expect to see him run really well.

In his first attempt to improve Wharcombe's already great classic record, Paul Cole is saddling Nisnas in addition to Nomrood. While wishing to take nothing away from Nomrood, who is after all the preferred choice of Cole's stable jockey, Richard Quinn, I still expect a prominent showing from the second string, Nisnas, who undoubtedly did well to beat Henry Cecil's highly-rated colt, Verd Antique, over a mile and a half at Lingfield last month.

With Verd-Antique temporarily on the sidelines, Cecil is now fielding Faraway Dancer and Mashkour, who finished second and third, respectively, behind Dancing Brave in the Craven.

In an attempt to give Warren Place his second taste of success in as many years I expect Steve Cautley to be on Faraway Dancer, that is until the colt, in question, bruised a foot and then developed a rash last week. He has recovered but the champion jockey has still picked

through Brides Street Lady given Bollen Emily a few pounds in hand of Perion now. Open though it is with 18 standing their ground, the Silver Seal Handicap still looks a good opportunity for Master Line, who trotted up by five lengths in a similar race at Sandown.

At much the same time Chalmers is expected to win the Enderdale Water Maiden Stakes at Carlisle. A few days later, I expect to see Fish n' Chips Cumani, who sent Fish n' Chips north from Newmarket to the Cumbrian track to win the same race 12 months ago.

At Ripon this evening all eyes will be on Storm Ideal, who whether he can become Michael Dickinson's first winner for

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FOOTBALL: MEXICO WARNED OVER POOR QUALITY OF SERVICE IN TRANSMISSIONS

European TV companies may seek Cup rights refund

From John Carlin, Mexico City

In the midst of what they call "the biggest disaster in the history of sports broadcasting", the European television companies warned FIFA officials here yesterday that immediate measures must be taken to improve the "catastrophic" World Cup service provided so far by Mexican TV.

The chief representative in Mexico of the European Broadcasting Union (EBU), Jarle Høysæter, of Norway, said the TV companies would seek a refund on the 49 million Swiss francs they paid FIFA for the World Cup rights.



unless they made good on their contract and delivered what they promised in terms of quality transmissions.

"It is not easy to work here. It is difficult. We are paying a lot of money and it is all going to hell," Høysæter said. Høysæter, speaking on behalf of western and eastern European TV organizations, did not rule out a boycott of World Cup coverage but thought it unlikely at the moment.

The central problem has been sound transmission. The

second day of the World Cup was described by EBU officials as "a catastrophe". For the Spain v Brazil and France v Canada games, only three organizations in Europe were able to broadcast live commentary straight from the stadium.

The Brazilian TV company, Bandeirantes, were still floundering yesterday morning. They approached the Brazilian government in the middle of the match on Sunday, asking them to pressure the Mexican government to take action. "Brazil will support the EBU in every complaint," an indignant Bandeirantes producer said.

The Canadian Broadcasting Corporation said the confusion was such that they were receiving West German television commentary during Canada's 1-0 defeat by France. Eventually, distraught at the abysmal transmission they were providing of their country's finest hour in football, Canadian commentators had to report the game via an ordinary telephone line.

The Mexican TV company, Televisa, a vast private consortium, has been singled out as the guilty party.

The head of the World Cup organizing committee, Guillermo Cañedo, has joyfully declared this would be "the Communications World Cup". Cañedo happens also to be a vice-president both of Televisa and of FIFA.

Paraguay pair fit

Mexico City (Reuters) — Paraguay's two key men, Julio Cesar Romero and Roberto Cabanas, have been pronounced fit for their country's opening game against Iraq today.

Both had niggling leg injuries but came through a rigorous training session at the Aztec Stadium, Cabanas, a forward, and Romero, a skilful midfielder, have an almost telepathic understanding and are vital to the plans of the Paraguayan coach, Cayetano Re.

Re, who played in Paraguay's last appearance in the finals in 1958, said his team would be going for goals against Iraq. However, his job of building the team has been hindered by the number of exiles in his squad but he believes that his mainly young and talented side could



Close encounter: Larrieu, of Morocco, keeps Bunuel, of Poland, at bay in the tall grass at the Universitario stadium during the goalless draw in Monterrey (Photograph: Ian Stewart)

Entertainment takes a back seat in the bid for points

From Stuart Jones
Football Correspondent
Monterrey

The Press conference after the first goalless draw of the World Cup finals began with an acrid note on Monday. A Frenchman, who could afford to dispense with the need for diplomacy, asked Jose Faria, the manager of Morocco, if he thought it was fair that people should have paid money to watch that game.

Faria, a chain-smoking Brazilian, smiled. "We want to make the game beautiful," he said. "But you can't do that all the time and particularly when you are making your entrance in a tournament such as this. Sometimes you have to close the game up for your own protection."

He told the Frenchman that if he wanted "a beautiful game", he should have gone to see Hungary earlier in the day. He implied that there is a high price to be paid for a lack of caution since the Magyars collapsed astonishingly against the Soviet Union, lost 6-0 and will now do well to reach the second round.

Poland had more reason to be

dissatisfied with a largely lifeless performance. The Moroccan said their European opponents seemed to be out of breath after only half an hour, although both sides found that running through the tall grass of the

António Macra, Spain's central defender, is out of the World Cup through injury after playing in one match. The 6ft 3in Real Madrid player hurt his right knee in a 1-0 defeat by Brazil on Sunday, and the injury has been complicated by internal bleeding, the team doctor, Jorge Guillén, said.

The manager, Miguel Muñoz, said yesterday: "It is sad to lose a player of Macra's quality. This is a setback both for me and the team."

Universitario Stadium was more stirring than the relatively

modest heat.

Only after Urban had replaced Dziakowski did the Poles look as though they were attacking with a sharp hammer. It was Urban who stretched Ezaki, Morocco's goalkeeper, who has conceded only one goal in nine

matches in the competition so far, and closed by hitting a post. Antoni Piechowiak, their manager, was not downhearted. "It is always hard to start off by playing the little team," he said. "They were more used to the conditions and many of my side were playing in the finals for the first time. It was obvious they felt the pressure."

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Ferguson has distilled right blend

From David Miller, Mexico City

Every manager is, to an extent, at the mercy of his players. A few, such as Billy Bingham, occasionally convert water into drops of wine. Sometimes, like Ally MacLeod, they turn wine into water.

Today's match between Scotland and Denmark is as much a test of Alex Ferguson as of his Scottish players.

An amiable, approachable man, he has brought Scotland to the brink of the competition in a rational mood and without the hollow euphoria of 1978. Euphoria would scarcely be possible, of course, when queuing up to meet Denmark.

Today's match, between Scotland and Denmark is as much a test of Alex Ferguson as of his Scottish players.

His squad face the impressive Danes at Neza, a dilapidated, hugely over-populated suburb of Mexico City, with fewer selection doubts than most of the 24 nations in the tournament.

But still with the dilemma of which formation to use to counter Sepp Piontek's 3-5-2. Up to Ferguson's decision will help determine the outcome.

In the first half of last week's friendly in Los Angeles Miller played as sweeper behind two markers, Gough and McLeish, also in a 3-5-2 formation, but looked less than comfortable, and the Scots reverted to 4-4-2 in the second half, with Malpas returning from midfield to left back. The balance was better.



MEXICO 86

pressure down the flanks. Scotland are not without talent; it is how they use it that will count. Miller and McLeish may be experienced, and underestimated, some say, having dealt with Bayern and Real Madrid. Today will tell, for sure.

Ferguson said yesterday that he was expecting Souness and Strachan, two of his most experienced players, to "impose themselves". Souness certainly did that at Wembley recently, as England will recall, yet Souness, whose pace may be fading, could be fully stretched by the mobility of Lerby and the rest, from whom Molby is missing because of fatigue.

Strachan's speed could unhinge the Danes but the altitude is predictably having alarming effects, as was evidenced when Argentina sagged with empty legs in the

last 20 minutes against South Korea. The men who may well be critical for Scotland are Aitken and Nicol.

The burly Aitken, like Mullery for England in 1970, has the character to rise above the intimidating conditions while Nicol has suddenly come to the fore in his midfield role. "I believe we can win and the players have got to believe they can, too," Ferguson has said. Nicol and Aitkin will.

But what about Nicholas? Here is another doubt: This is the moment for Nicholas to reproduce his training form of the past month and show that his bubbling skills did not evaporate when he left Celtic. For him it is particularly a test of character as well as class: he could make Denmark's sweeper, Morten Olsen, feel his 35 years.

It is expected that Ferguson will partner Nicholas with Archibald, his former Aberdeen player, as he did last week in Los Angeles. Few Scotsmen are fully aware of the extent of Archibald's selfless work over two seasons for Barcelona; and his shrewd positional running could help create the space for Nicholas. As yet, it is an unproven combination.

The Danes, who will probably have Jesper Olsen, so unfaithfully treated at Old Trafford, on the left of midfield, quite openly regard this as the easiest of three first-round matches. I suspect the Scots are going to have some difficulty proving them wrong; but they can do it if they are not too impatient.

Three beers for the Danes in their 'group of death'

Sepp Piontek, Denmark's West German manager, describes his team as "the South Americans of Europe" and promises that they will play their attractive, attacking style of football against Scotland today. He says his players will not approach the game any differently because of the altitude and heat.

"We are a strong, technical side and we like to go forward," he says. "That's the way we will play. We had 10 days' training in Colombia and the players had no great difficulty getting used to the thin air and altitude. That's no longer a problem for us."

Denmark delighted the game's followers with their refreshingly open style at the European championship in France two years ago when they reached the semi-finals.

Piontek, who has earned much credit for transforming

Football party

Madrid (Reuter) — Campaigning for Spain's general election on June 22 steps dead these days in the face of an opponent no political party dares challenge — football. Daily 8 to 10pm television broadcasts of World Cup games from Mexico have upset the schedule of political rallies usually held precisely during that time. But a centre and a left wing party are using Spain's passion for football in their favour. They are setting up giant television screens at their rallies to offer supporters coverage of games.

Denmark into a major soccer power, says his players' flair and ball skills come from the peculiarities of the Danish mentality. "The Danes are the South Americans of Europe,"

he says. "They are quite different from Swedes or Norwegians, much more like people in Latin countries."

"The people are very fun-loving and happy-go-lucky. My players are prepared to work but they also want to make sure they will have a nice time and get some amusement out of it."

"When we have a match I have to tell them that if they do their best they can have three beers. It sounds funny but that's how it is. My team just loves to be all happy together."

Denmark are in a group that has been called the "group of death". As well as Scotland, it includes West Germany and Uruguay. Piontek picks out Uruguay as the best-prepared and most difficult of Denmark's three opponents but stresses that his team fear no opposition.

Maradona takes a count of 10

Mexico City (Reuter) — Diego Maradona stamped his class on the World Cup as Argentina opened their programme with a 3-1 victory over South Korea in the Olimpico stadium in Mexico City on Monday. Maradona set up all of his team's goals — scored by Jorge Valdano (two) and Oscar Ruggeri — despite being repeatedly fouled by Korean defenders.

"We did not think South Korea would be that tough but we still won, although it was not easy," Maradona, who can expect another tough ride when Argentina face Italy in their next match, said.

Maradona was sent off after losing his temper against Brazil during the last World Cup and the manager, Carlos Bilardo, was delighted with his self-control this time.

Maradona was fouled 10 times. He may well have wondered what had happened to the directive given to referees to "let the ball-players play". The Koreans soon discovered that they could hark him down and draw only mild censure from the Spanish official, Victoriano Sanchez.

In the first half Maradona was fouled seven times. He took better care of himself after the interval, having established Argentina's winning position. It remains to be seen whether he can retain his composure against less threatening opponents than South Korea.

ARGENTINA: N Piontek; N Clausen, J L Brown, O Ruggeri, O Garre, R Gatti, S Balista, J Maradona, J Burnchage, P Pasculli, J Valdano.

SOUTH KOREA: Oh Yun-Kyo; Park Kyung-taek, Huh Jung-Moo, Cho Min-Kook, Jung Yong-Hwan, Kim Yong-Se, Kim Pyung-Suk, Park Chang-Sun, Kim Jeong-Sung, Cha Bum-Kyun, Choi Soon-Ho. Referee: V Sanchez (Spain).



Heads down: Zoltan, of Hungary (right), leans into the challenge as the Russian, Yaremchuk, moves in for the ball

French pay tribute to stylish Russians

After watching the Russians destroy Hungary 6-0 in their opening match in Tspano on Monday night, France, their next opponents in Group C, were quick to applaud what looks to be an exceptional team. Maxime Bossis, the French team's central defender, conceded: "The Russians are impressive, that's for sure. Collectively and individually they played an extraordinary match."

Nonetheless Bossis, playing in his third World Cup final, added a note of caution, stressing it remained to be seen "if they are exceptional or if their first opponents weren't good". He knows, however, that his side's meeting with the Russians next Thursday in Leon is sure to be tough. "They're a team who seem the best in the tournament on one match," he said.

Bossis was most impressed by the speed of the Russians and their ability to strike as soon as they found a little space. "The heat and the altitude did not seem to trouble them. We will have to be physically on top form."

Despite the drubbing the Hungarians took, Bossis hasn't written them off. They conceded two goals in the first four minutes and could not get back into the match. But Bossis added: "You cannot judge them on that. You did not see them because they could not free themselves."

Another Frenchman to take up the cry was the midfield player, Luis Fernandez, who drew attention to the Russians' physical attributes and their efficient style of play. "It will be a difficult match, but don't think we are afraid of them because they won 6-0," he said. France would have to ensure they gave them less space than Hungary did. "For us it will be a good test to play against them because they're a good team."

"You can begin a competition very strongly and you can have a difficult start but you can progress," he said, contrasting the Russian victory with France's shaky opening — a 1-0 win over Canada the previous day.

There is little doubt the Russians brought the tournament to life with their exhilarating performance. After a drab two days, their attacking extravaganza was most welcome. So complete was their demolition of Hungary that they could even afford to miss a penalty. Gyorgy Mezey, manager of the outclassed Hungarians, said: "The first two goals were like a blow to the head. After that it was very hard to come back. The team just didn't work."

Obviously, Russia accomplished their stunning victory without three of their established stars, Oleg Blokhin, Alexander Chirvadze and Oleg Protasov, who are recovering from illness or injury. Nine members of the successful Dynamo Kiev side took part in the game, including the substitute, Vadim Yevtushenko, who missed the penalty.

HUNGARY: P Dixie; S Balista, A Roth (sub: G Bursca), J Kardos, I Garaba, J Kiprich, A Nagy, L Dabai, P Zoltan (sub: L Dabai), M Esterhazy, G Bogacz.

USSR: R Desayev; V Besonov, A Denysenko, Yaremchuk, P Yakovlenko (sub: V Yevtushenko), A Zavarov, O Kuznetsov, N Lashov, I Belanov (sub: Sergei Rodionov), S Alekhnov, V Raitz. Referee: L Agnolin (Italy).

World Cup diary Dressing down for Scotland

Scotland have failed to make a favourable first impression with the World Cup hosts Mexico. The Scots, who have been accused of many things in the past, have been criticized in the Mexican Press over their dress sense.

After Scotland's arrival at Mexico City's international airport, the party were accused of looking "untidy and unkempt". One of the local daily newspapers described the officials as looking the part but the players reportedly arrived "with their shirts outside their trousers".

A couple of players were even accused of appearing to fall asleep during the obligatory Press interview at the airport. It is nothing new to the Scots to receive adverse publicity. In Argentina eight years ago some newspaper reports claimed that their breakfast diet consisted of whisky.

● Mexico City, ravaged by last year's earthquake, has turned to football and the World Cup to help ease the

pain of that disaster. Before the host nation have even kicked the ball in earnest, it seems that the entire population of the city is determined to celebrate with a vengeance.

The Mexican capital, which already has the world's worst traffic problem, has a new enemy — the football fan. Car horns blare incessantly throughout the night, almost drowning out the seemingly endless chants and singing.

● There is no doubt about who is the most controversial figure in Mexico at the moment — the Australian referee, Christopher Brambridge. His decision to disallow a goal for Spain against Brazil provoked heated dispute throughout the country. Even newspaper editors entered into the controversy.

The unfortunate referee had one significant disadvantage not experienced by the rest of the world. He was unable to study the video evidence which showed the ball had crossed the line.

Several newspapers were

calling for the use of instant video replays to assist the referee in such cases. But the FIFA representative at the match, Thomas Wharton, said: "There's nothing that can be done. FIFA have no reason to look into the matter as the referee's decision is final. And anyway, television is far from infallible."

● Britain could still see the World Cup winners next season even if England, Ireland and Scotland fail to triumph in Mexico. The English and Scottish Football Associations have agreed a date for their Rous Cup meeting in 1987 and have not yet abandoned the idea of inviting a major world power to make it a three-team competition.

"It is still in our minds to include a top team from overseas and obviously if Brazil or Uruguay won the World Cup they would be very attractive opposition," Ted Croker, the FA secretary, said.

Next season's match between Scotland and England will be played on the Saturday following the FA Cup Final.

Dortmund escape relegation

Düsseldorf (Reuter) — Borussia Dortmund beat the promotion candidates, Fortuna Cologne, 8-0 to save their place in the West German first division nearly five weeks after the 1985-86 season ended.

Their decisive performance in the third play-off match delighted Borussia supporters in the 50,000 crowd who have fretted through a see-saw series in which the second division side took a 2-0 lead before a 3-1 Dortmund comeback.

To add to the suspense, the decider was postponed for a

week when Fortuna reported 13 players unfit for the scheduled May 23 showdown due to injury and illness.

● Besiktas won the Turkish first division title on goal average when they beat Trabzonspor 1-0. The runners-up, Galatasaray, led by the West German coach, Jupp Derwall, defeated Saryyer 1-0 in Istanbul with a penalty goal from Rasit and completed the season undefeated.

● Real Madrid officials have admitted that the problem of gatecrashers has got out of control at the club's home

ground, where an estimated 15,000 persons saw the last match against Inter Milan free of charge. Supporters without tickets or with bogus tickets occupied thousands of seats paid for by others. Another favourite ruse is fake passes.

Last January police discovered that thousands of counterfeit referees' identification cards had been printed up and used to get into stadiums free of charge. Then there are the ushers, some of whom are suspected not merely of letting in friends but also of accepting money from ticketless spectators.

SPORT IN BRIEF

QPR sign Brazil

Queen's Park Rangers yesterday signed Alan Brazil from Coventry City for £175,000, the forward's second move in six months. The former Scottish international, who will be 27 this month, joined Coventry just over four months ago from Manchester United and has now been on the books of five clubs in just over three years at a total cost of £1,675,000.

Brazil began his career with Ipswich. He joined Tottenham in March 1983 for £450,000, but was unable to claim a regular first-team place, and after 3 League games moved to Old Trafford for £750,000 in June 1984. He scored only eight goals for Manchester United, and then went to Coventry, valued at £300,000 in an exchange deal involving Terry Gibson. He scored just twice there.

Golden shot

Malcolm Cooper, the Olympic and European shooting champion, was in winning form at the Swiss International Week in Zurich when he won the gold medal in each of the first three 300 metres events.

RESULTS: 300m, 3x20: 1, M Cooper (GB), 675pts; 2, P Dufaux (Switz), 673; 3, G Westerland (Fin), 672. 300m, 60 shots throw: 1, Cooper, 587; 2, H Jansson (Swe), 586; 3, G Andrade (USA), 585. Team: 1, Sweden, 1,774; 2, Switzerland, 1,773; 3, Britain, 1,772. 300m, 3x40: 1, Cooper, 1,168; 2, N Surney (Switz), 1,166; 3, Dufaux, 1,160.

Coe in charge

Sebastian Coe, of Haringey, races over 800 metres when he heads a British contingent competing in an international meeting in Madrid tonight. The European indoor 200 metres champion, Linford Christie (Thames Valley); runs in both sprints, while the Olympic 10,000 metres bronze medal winner, Mike McLeod (Elswick), competes in the 3,000 metres. Gary Oakes (Haringey) has his first race of the season in the 400 metres hurdles.

Club for sale

Middlesbrough Football Club has been put on sale on the open market. Offers above £1 million are invited for Ayresome Park and the club's assets, though these do not include a £1.2 million sports centre. The Football League have warned that the club will not be readmitted if it goes into liquidation and forms a new company.

Half strength

The British Lions amateur Rugby League team have been hit by injuries and a 48-hour virus as they prepare for the second match on their Australian tour. The Lions take on Alice today in Alice Springs, with only half a squad to choose from. Only Sean Currier is able to make his second appearance, having played at full back in the 18-11 defeat by Western Australia.

TEAM: D Tate (Dewsbury), S Currier (Widnes), M Harrison (Warrington), S Critchley (Fuller), F Humphries (Warrington), M Meadows (Manchester), P Messenger (Whitehaven). Replacements: G Rose (Leeds), K Nason (Doncaster), K Fairbank (Hull), L Owen (Leigh).

Paragon doubt

Paragon, the record-breaking pre-race favourite in the Carlsberg two-handed transatlantic race, looks an unlikely starter when the 3,000 mile event gets under way from Plymouth on Sunday (Barry Pickthall writes). Mike Whipp, the owner and skipper of this 60ft Thomson-designed trimaran, was in Paris yesterday negotiating to sell the boat, but he will compete only if that deal falls through.

New manager

John McGrath became Preston North End football club's sixteenth manager since the war yesterday. McGrath, who steered Port Vale to promotion three years ago, was forced to quit his last job at Chester for family reasons.

Witching hour is watching hour

At the end of the day, it's all about going to bed. At least, it is at the end of most days. But while the World Cup is on, at the end of the day it's time to watch even more football. You watch "the mystery men of South Korea" play Argentina at a civilized home, promise yourself an early night, but then you find some strange, unearthly force taking hold of you and forcing you back to the television, this time to watch "the dark horses from Africa" as Morocco play Poland.

Well, you say, it's the underdogs, huh? This might just be one of the great matches of history you are about to see. Can't miss that. Glorious, naive, reckless adventures in pursuit of a hopeless cause as they fling themselves on to the guns of the mighty. Glory or extinction: the absolute certainty of goals. Surely, for that, it is worth forfeiting an hour or two of the old dreamless. It is the ghost of Pak Doo Ik, that wonderful North Korean from the 1966 World Cup, that keeps you awake.

But once again we are cheated. These days it is not the underdogs that are naive. It is we. These days underdogs are as cynical, as methodical, as organized and as wary as any Italian team.

They go into the World Cup flushed with a glorious ambition of stopping the opposition from playing. These Koreans packed their defence and kicked Maradona. Only when all was lost did they start to play like proper underdogs, and that was when they scored a very pleasant little goal.

But it was a match at the end of the day that was more truly disappointing. The "unknown men of North Africa" had the skills, to score a remarkable win — but the peg on which they hung their dreams was a 0-0 draw. They got it. They lacked the courage to attack in numbers; they kept precautionary borders back in defence — and lost a matchless opportunity.

The teams are all terrified of losing. I don't know why they don't make a prior arrangement to settle for a 0-0 draw, and then forget about playing. Perhaps they do. Now, I suppose, they are talking about "the night African football came of age." I am not a great fan of maturity. I prefer my minnows naive, reckless and glorious. At the end of the day, the minnows sleep — but the ghost of Pak Doo Ik will be rattling its chains in their dreams.

Work-rate drops in Bolivia

La Paz (Reuter) — The Bolivian Labour Ministry yesterday warned employers that they were not allowed to give people time off work to watch World Cup matches on television.

The ministry statement followed a decision by many banks, shops and public offices in La Paz to allow employees to work through lunch and leave early to watch games. The city centre was almost deserted on Monday afternoon when the matches were broadcast from Mexico and many shops and offices closed.

● BUENOS AIRES (Reuter) — Argentine reporters criticized the national side's disappointing second-half display in their 3-1 victory over the outsiders, South Korea, on Monday. "It was not a showing that would leave one with great expectations," Ernesto Mujica, of the La Nacion newspaper, said. "It could even be said that the play of the Argentines in the last minutes could be called deplorable."

Results

Monday

Group C (at Tspano)

USSR 6-0 Hungary
USSR 3-0 Poland
USSR 1-0 Argentina

Group A (at Mexico City)

USSR 1-0 Argentina
USSR 1-0 Poland
USSR 1-0 Hungary

Group B (at Monterrey)

USSR 1-0 Argentina
USSR 1-0 Poland
USSR 1-0 Hungary

Today's games

Group B: Paraguay v Iraq (Bomberos, Tores, 7pm).

Group E: West Germany v Uruguay (Correioes, Querens, 7pm).

Group F: Scotland v Denmark (Riga, Neostanislavov, 11pm).

At last the Wessex Roof — a permanent answer to leaking flat roofs

To anyone who has been afflicted with the problem of moisture penetration associated with flat roofs, it must have seemed that there was never going to be an answer to this continual problem. Well, at last, the problem is solved. A nationally based company with branches from Scotland to the Channel Islands now offers a product which will put an end to leaking flat roofs, once and for all. The Glass Fibre system is based on the latest resin and glass fibre techniques, which are especially suited for flat roofs, and its worth has been tried and tested in practical demonstrations all over the country. This product is fitted by our experts and can be used on any flat roof, from the size of a small garage or home extension to commercial and industrial properties.

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